FY24 Street & Sidewalk Maintenance Standards Annual Report





Prepared by

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER
CITY PERFORMANCE DIVISION

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About the Controller's Office

The Controller is the chief financial officer and auditor for the City and County of San Francisco. We produce regular reports on the City's financial condition, economic condition, and the performance of City government. We are also responsible for key aspects of the City's financial operations — from processing payroll for City employees to processing and monitoring the City's budget.

Our team includes financial, tech, accounting, analytical and other professionals who work hard to secure the City's financial integrity and promote efficient, effective, and accountable government. We strive to be a model for good government and to make the City a better place to live and work.

About the City Performance Division

The City Performance team is part of the City Services Auditor (CSA) within the Controller's Office. CSA's mandate, shared with the Audits Division, is to monitor and improve the overall performance and efficiency of City Government. The team works with City departments across a range of subject areas, including transportation, public health, human services, homelessness, capital planning, and public safety.

City Performance Goals:

- Support departments in making transparent, data-driven decisions in policy development and operational management.
- Guide departments in aligning programming with resources for greater efficiency and impact.

Provide departments with the tools they need to innovate, test, and learn.

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Key Findings

The following report details results from Street and Sidewalk Maintenance Standards, which are objective evaluations of the cleanliness and condition of San Francisco's streets and sidewalks. The City Charter requires the Controller's Office (CON) to develop and evaluate these maintenance standards and report out on the City's condition under the standards. The current standards were developed by CON in 2018 with input from the San Francisco Department of Public Works (Public Works), and evaluate litter, dumping, graffiti, feces, as well as other health hazards and sidewalk issues.

This report covers the results of over 2,600 in-person evaluations over twelve months of data collection between July 2023 and June 2024, as well as comparing results to those in prior years. The report begins with a discussion of key findings from high-salience cleanliness issues, then compares findings in neighborhoods across the city. This is followed with additional detailed analysis of the standards. The last section of the report compares results from 311 service requests to CON's evaluations of the Street and Sidewalk Maintenance Standards.

The table below shows the main results of evaluations of the standards and the following section provides additional analysis. For more detailed information on the Maintenance Standards and data collection see the program Reference Manual and Appendices.

St	andard .	July 2023-June 2024	Change from January–June 2023	
	idewalk itter	2.55 average on a 1-5 scale. Between a few traces of litter to more than a few traces but no accumulation.	Slight decrease in average levels.	9
Si	treet Litter	2.40 average on a 1-5 scale. Between a few traces of litter to more than a few traces but no accumulation.	Slight decrease in average levels.	9
D	umping	27% of evaluated routes have at least one large dumped item.	Slight decrease in average.	9
G	raffiti	18 instances of graffiti per evaluated route on average.	No changes in average counts.	(2)
Fe	eces	30% of evaluated routes have at least one instance of feces.	Increase in average.	2

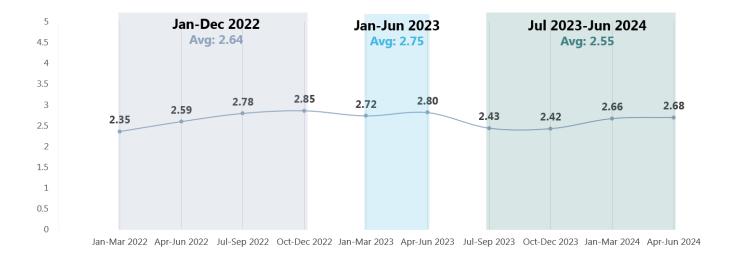
SIDEWALK LITTER CITYWIDE DECREASED SLIGHTLY FROM THE PRIOR YEAR

Sidewalk litter decreased slightly citywide between January-June 2023 and July 2023-June 2024, but levels increased some in the last six months of that period. On the five-point scale used to measure litter, average sidewalk litter levels remain between a "few traces of litter" (Litter level = 2) to "More than a few traces" (Litter level = 3). The visual below shows this stability over time.

Most evaluated sidewalk segments have some litter. It's rarer to see a sidewalk either completely free of litter or with significant accumulation. This trend holds true over time and across neighborhoods.

Litter level	Litter description
1	None: the sidewalk is free of litter
2	A few traces: the sidewalk is predominantly free of litter except for a few small traces
3	More than a few traces but no accumulation: there are no piles of litter, and there are large gaps between pieces of litter
4	Distributed litter with some accumulation: there may either be large gaps between piles of litter or small gaps between pieces of litter
5	Widespread litter with significant accumulation

Average sidewalk litter levels citywide, 2022-2024



STREET LITTER FOLLOWED THE SAME PATTERN AS SIDEWALK LITTER

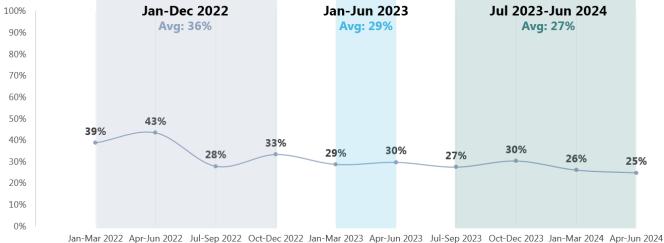
The standards define litter on streets in the same format as sidewalk litter. Street litter trends are similar to those of sidewalk litter. Street litter levels are slightly lower on average which makes sense given pedestrians spend more time on sidewalks, and street litter is likely either dropped out of vehicles or blown in from other areas. Between July 2023-June 2024, street litter averaged 2.40, down from 2.61 in the prior period.

¹ Note that all averages and percent of routes for a given standard are all weighted in July 2023-June 2024 to control for changes in the sampling methodology at the neighborhood level.

DUMPING DID NOT CHANGE SIGNIFICANTLY CITYWIDE

The standards define dumping as the number of items larger than litter present on an evaluated route. Citywide, dumping has remained relatively stable over the data collection period, with a decrease between January-December 2022 and January-June 2023. Between July 2023-June 2024, 27 percent of routes had at least one dumped item, mostly unchanged from levels between January-June 2023 (29 percent).

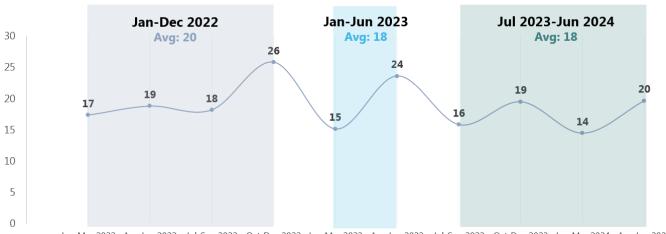
Percent of routes with dumping citywide, 2022-2024



GRAFFITI FLUCTUATED WITHIN PERIODS BUT IS STABLE OVER TIME

Graffiti includes text, symbols, and images marked on buildings, sidewalks, street pavement, trees, and other areas visible to the public. The likelihood of seeing some graffiti on a city street or sidewalk has remained high. Between July 2023-June 2024, 86 percent of evaluated routes had graffiti, with an observed average of 18 instances of graffiti on evaluated routes across the city. The average was the same between January-June 2023, slightly down from 20 between January-December 2022.

Average graffiti count per route evaluated citywide, 2022-2024



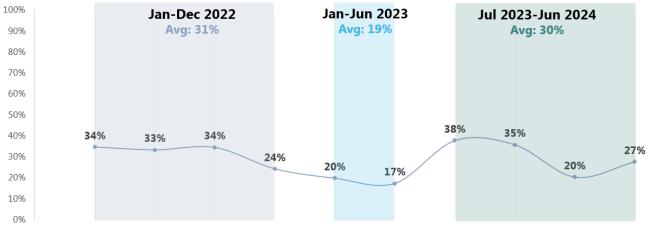
Jan-Mar 2022 Apr-Jun 2022 Jul-Sep 2022 Oct-Dec 2022 Jan-Mar 2023 Apr-Jun 2023 Jul-Sep 2023 Oct-Dec 2023 Jan-Mar 2024 Apr-Jun 2024

FECES LEVELS INCREASED FROM JANUARY-JUNE 2023 TO JULY 2023-JUNE 2024

The standards count instances of feces on an evaluated route and reported measures include both the percent of routes with at least one instance of feces, and feces levels—the average count of instances of feces on a route.

Feces levels remained high between July 2023-June 2024; 30 percent of routes evaluated had feces present. Feces decreased from January-December 2022 to January-June 2023, but average observed instances increased sharply between July 2023-December 2023. Feces levels varied significantly between July 2023-June 2024, but the citywide average over that period remained higher than in prior periods. This was true both for the percent of routes with at least one instance of feces and for average feces levels.

Percent of routes with feces citywide, 2022-2024



Jan-Mar 2022 Apr-Jun 2022 Jul-Sep 2022 Oct-Dec 2022 Jan-Mar 2023 Apr-Jun 2023 Jul-Sep 2023 Oct-Dec 2023 Jan-Mar 2024 Apr-Jun 2024

Neighborhood Findings

Lowest value

The following section details major trends across neighborhoods between July 2023-June 2024 and looks back at any changes over time. During this period of data collection, the number of evaluations increased and the sampling method changed to improve reliability of reporting at the neighborhood level (see Appendix 2 for more detail). For more detailed neighborhood maps visit https://www.sf.gov/data/street-and-sidewalk-maintenance-standards.

NEIGHBORHOOD TRENDS BETWEEN JULY 2023-JUNE 2024

Between July 2023-June 2024 West of Twin Peaks and Noe Valley/Glen Park/Twin Peaks generally showed the least cleanliness issues while the Mission and the Tenderloin showed the most.

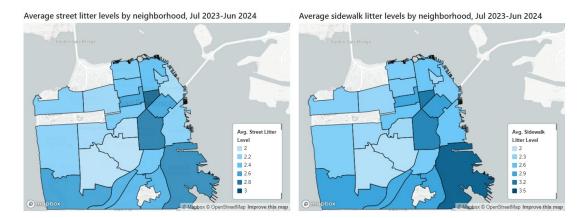
Neighborhood	Street litter level	Sidewalk litter level	Average graffiti count	% Routes with feces	% Routes with dumping
West of Twin Peaks	2.02	2.05	3.1	16.6%	8.4%
Noe Valley, Glen Park, Twin Peaks	2.03	2.06	5.1	15.5%	18.7%
Castro/Upper Market	2.06	2.19	12.2	47.5%	26.6%
Chinatown	2.22	2.19	33.6	15.2%	31.7%
South of Market	2.60	2.93	59.3	60.9%	38.4%
Bayview Hunters Point	2.74	3.34	5.7	38.2%	34.5%
Mission	2.79	3.10	79.5	46.4%	55.5%
Tenderloin	2.91	3.20	71.0	53.6%	37.7%
Legend:					

Neighborhoods in the south of the city and downtown had the most litter between July 2023-June 2024.

Median value

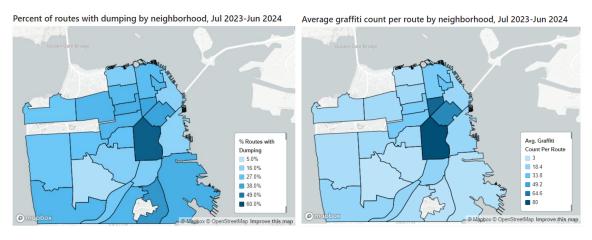
Highest value

- The Tenderloin, the Mission, and Bayview Hunters Point had the highest **street and sidewalk litter** levels compared to other neighborhoods between July 2023-June 2024. These were the only three neighborhoods to reach an average sidewalk litter rating of "More than a few traces" (Litter level = 3).
- West of Twin Peaks and Noe Valley/Glen Park/Twin Peaks had the lowest amounts of street litter between July 2023-June 2024 (2.0 rating) and the lowest amounts of sidewalk litter (2.1 rating) in the city, followed closely by the Castro/Upper Market and Chinatown (2.2 rating).



Neighborhoods with the most street and sidewalk litter generally had the most cleanliness issues in other categories.

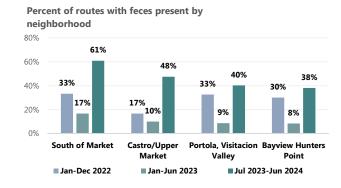
- South of Market had the highest average feces count per route at 2.18 instances of feces per route, followed closely by the Tenderloin at 1.91 instances of graffiti per route. Chinatown had the lowest percentage of routes with feces at 15 percent of routes containing feces, followed closely by Noe Valley/Glen Park/Twin Peaks and West of Twin Peaks at 16 percent and 17 percent respectively.
- The Mission had the highest percentage of dumping present on evaluated routes, with 56 percent
 of evaluated routes containing at least one large, dumped item. West of Twin Peaks had the lowest
 percentage of dumping present on evaluated routes at eight percent.
- The Mission and the Tenderloin had the highest **average graffiti count** at 79 and 71 instances of graffiti per route, respectively. South of Market had the third highest average graffiti count at 59 instances of graffiti per route. West of Twin Peaks had the lowest average graffiti count at three instances of graffiti per route.



NEIGHBORHOOD TRENDS OVER TIME

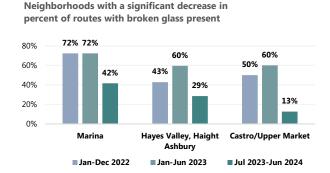
Neighborhood-level trends generally match citywide trends in most issue areas.

The percent of evaluated routes with at least one instance of **feces increased** significantly in some neighborhoods, increasing by 30 percentage points or more from January 2023-June 2023 to July 2023-June 2024 in South of Market, the Castro/Upper Market, Portola/Visitacion Valley, and Bayview Hunters Point neighborhoods. Note that South of Market had a smaller number of evaluations in the first two periods (18 routes evaluated).



• Maintenance standards define sidewalk clearance obstructions where the sidewalk does not have a passable space of at least four feet wide and eight feet tall. Evaluations capture any time there is at least one obstructed area on a route. **Sidewalk clearance issues decreased** in every neighborhood

by an average of 30 percentage points from January 2023-June 2023 to July 2023-June 2024. Previously, sidewalk clearance issues increased in every neighborhood by an average of 21 percentage points from January-December 2022) to January 2023-June 2023. In most neighborhoods, sidewalk clearance issues were at their lowest between July 2023-June 2024 compared to both previous periods.



The percent of evaluated routes containing broken glass decreased in most neighborhoods, decreasing by 30 percentage points or more from January 2023-June 2023 to July 2023-June 2024 in the Castro/Upper Market, Hayes Valley/Haight Ashbury, and the Marina neighborhoods.

Dumping and graffiti trends varied the most from neighborhood to neighborhood.

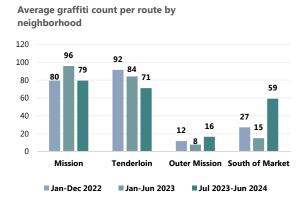
• Dumping remained stable in most neighborhoods but several neighborhoods saw more variation compared to previous periods. The Oceanview/Merced/Ingleside & Lakeshore area had the highest increase in percentage of evaluated routes containing dumping, from eight percent between January-June 2023 to 31 percent between July 2023-June 2024. Castro/Upper Market had the highest decrease in percentage of evaluated routes

Percent of Routes with Dumping Present, Neighborhoods with Over 10 Percentage Points Change in Last Period

Neighborhood	Jan-Jun 2023	Jul 2023- Jun 2024	Percentage Point Change
Castro/Upper Market	47%	27%	-20%
Outer Richmond, Seacliff	40%	25%	-15%
Marina	34%	20%	-15%
West of Twin Peaks	22%	8%	-13%
Mission Bay, Potrero Hill	6%	16%	10%
South of Market	28%	38%	11%
Chinatown	13%	32%	18%
Oceanview/Merced/ Ingleside, Lakeshore	8%	31%	23%

containing dumping, from 47 percent between January-June 2023 to 27 percent between July 2023-June 2024.

• Graffiti increased in half of neighborhoods and decreased in the other half. The most significant decreases in graffiti counts occurred in the Mission and the Tenderloin. The most significant increases in graffiti counts occurred in South of Market and the Outer Mission. Please note that the Tenderloin had a smaller number of evaluations in the first two periods (10 routes evaluated).



Additional Findings

The following section contains more detailed findings on standards, including those addressed in the Key Findings section and on some additional standards like sidewalk clearance, broken glass, pavement condition, and other health hazards.

In some places there is context added from an additional small-scale study performed in 2024. The purpose and details of the study are below, and relevant findings are added in yellow boxes throughout this section.

MAINTENANCE OF CLEANLINESS STUDY

From January-June 2024, the Controller's Office collaborated with Public Works to conduct the Maintenance of Cleanliness Study, an exploratory analysis of one of its street and sidewalk cleaning programs, CleanCorridorsSF, which focuses on deep, comprehensive cleaning of busy commercial corridors. This analysis focused on how long streets and sidewalks stay clean after cleaning, a resource concern for the department. The purpose of the study was to provide Public Works with focused data and analysis that could be useful for operations and internal decision-making, not a program evaluation.

Key analysis questions included:

- Do deep cleaning services impact the cleanliness of included streets and sidewalks in the short term?
- How long do improvements in cleanliness last?

To address these questions, the evaluation team analyzed data collected from five CleanCorridorsSF locations in different neighborhoods. The study collected data the day before cleaning, a few hours after cleaning, the day after cleaning, and a week after cleaning in the following locations:

- Columbus from Washington to Lombard in North Beach
- 24th from Valencia to Potrero in the Mission
- Haight from Divisadero to Laguna in Haight Ashbury
- 16th from Noe to Guerrero and Church and Sanchez from Market to 17th in Upper Market
- Mission from Geneva to Sickles in Excelsior

We include initial findings from the study in yellow boxes throughout this section of the report where they provide helpful context to the main evaluation results.

Maintenance of Cleanliness Study Litter Findings

Findings from this small study may attest to the difficulty in decreasing litter levels on the City's streets and sidewalks.

Even after comprehensive cleaning efforts in distinct neighborhoods, the results were mixed:

- Sidewalk litter decreased in most corridors following the cleaning, except for Haight Street.
- Sidewalk litter did not return to the initial levels, even a week later, in the Mission St and 16th/Church/Sanchez corridors.
- Street litter bounced back to the initial rating just the day after cleaning in the Columbus Ave corridor.
- Street litter also returned to the initial rating a week after cleaning in the 24th St corridor.

ADDITIONAL LITTER FINDINGS

Over half of evaluated routes between July 2023-June 2024 had only "a few traces" of litter.

Because we measure litter on routes on a five-point scale, providing only average levels doesn't show the full range of resident experience.

Sidewalks with either very significant litter or zero litter might be very high salience for a resident but they are rare across the city. The percent of sidewalks with accumulated litter remained the same in the two most recent periods of data collection. Decreases in routes with more than a few traces of litter and

Litter level 2 "a few traces"



Litter level 3 "more than a few traces"

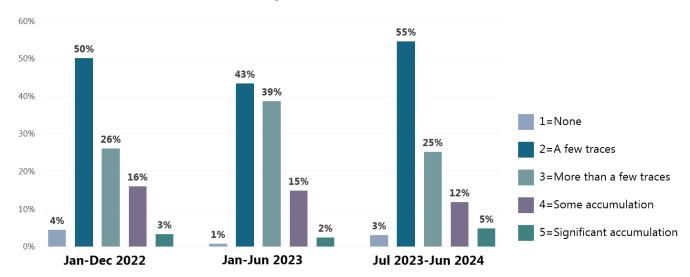


data collection. Images from the Street and Sidewalk Maintenance Standards Reference Manual. Note routes with more that the green color coding indicates sidewalk litter.

increases in the level just below drove improvements in litter between July 2023-June 2024. As shown in the picture above, sidewalks rated between a two and a three might look something like this, with more than a few traces of litter, but no accumulation.

The graphic below shows the distribution of sidewalk litter and how it changed over the three data collection periods in 2022 and 2024.

Distribution of sidewalk litter levels citywide, 2022-2024

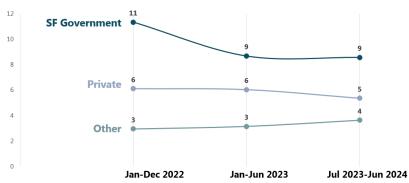


GRAFFITI

Graffiti levels on all property remained stable citywide.

In general, the City is responsible for removing graffiti from City property. Residents, business owners or building owners are responsible for graffiti on their properties, while other entities (such as BART or PG&E) are responsible for maintaining their properties. The standards separate graffiti on these three locations into separate measures,

Average counts of graffiti by property type per route evaluated citywide, 2022-2024



as well as capturing total graffiti across all property types.

Average instances of graffiti observed on City property remained the same between July 2023-June 2024 after decreasing slightly between January-December 2022 and January-June 2023. Graffiti on the other two types of property remained the same across all three periods of evaluations.



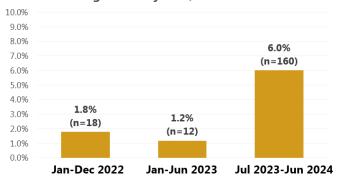
Graffiti on a sidewalk on the Mission and Valencia CleanCorridor a week after cleaning.

Maintenance of Cleanliness Study Graffiti Findings

- Graffiti on city-owned property decreased across all corridors evaluated (18 percent – 49 percent decrease).
- In three of five corridors evaluated, graffiti did not return to pre-cleaning counts even a week later.
- Graffiti on private property was largely unaffected by the CleanCorridors cleanings, even though most of the corridors cleaned are eligible for Public Works' <u>Graffiti Abatement Opt-in Program</u>.
- Decreases in private graffiti in the day/week following the clean corridors cleanings may be attributed to other cleaning efforts, such as Community Benefit District cleaning.

The standards also define the presence of graffiti containing offensive language on a route. The proportion of routes with offensive graffiti was very low in the first two periods of data collection but spiked over the last year.

Percent of routes with at least one instance of offensive graffiti citywide, 2022-2024



DUMPING

Very large dumped items or grouped trash bags are rarely observed.

Because dumping is a major citywide and neighborhood concern and requires considerable resources both by the City and by Recology to remove, the standards were modified to capture more nuanced information. Removing larger items sometimes requires special equipment and teams from Public Works. To see how common it was for larger items to be dumped, the Controller's Office included a question about the size of dumped items. It was rare for items larger than eight feet in diameter to be found on the street or sidewalk. Larger items appeared on about one percent of evaluated routes.

To better distinguish between trash bags that may have been intended for scheduled pick-ups and cleaning efforts and illegal dumping, we added a question to identify grouped trash bags. Evaluators observed these grouped bags on less than one percent of routes.

Maintenance of Cleanliness Study Dumping Findings

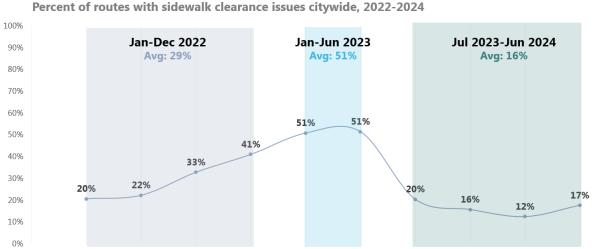
- In corridors with significant dumping (Columbus Avenue and Haight Street), large, abandoned items decreased after cleaning.
- On Haight Street, it took a week for large, abandoned item counts to return to pre-cleaning numbers.
- On Columbus Avenue, large, abandoned items did not return to pre-cleaning counts even a week later.

SIDEWALK CLEARANCE

Sidewalk clearance issues increased over the first two periods of data collection and dropped rapidly and remained stable between July 2023-June 2024.

The standards define sidewalk clearance obstructions when the sidewalk is blocked either by temporary objects like a fallen tree branch or an improperly parked scooter or by permanent objects such as utility boxes. Sidewalk clearance is obstructed if it is reduced to less than four feet wide and eight feet tall at any point for any reason. Obstructions to the sidewalk can impede safe passage for pedestrians and people with disabilities.

Sidewalk clearance obstructions increased steadily over the 18 months between January 2022 and June 2023 before dropping sharply in the last period. The percent of routes with sidewalk clearance issues dropped by over 30 percentage points between January-June 2023 and July 2023-June 2024. Between July 2023-June



Jan-Mar 2022 Apr-Jun 2022 Jul-Sept 2022 Oct-Dec 2022 Jan-Mar 2023 Apr-Jun 2023 Jul-Sep 2023 Oct-Dec 2023 Jan-Mar 2024 Apr-Jun 2024

2024, 16 percent of sidewalks were obstructed.

These changes do not appear to be caused by seasonality. Since sidewalk clearance issues may be caused by items like downed branches or trees, we might expect clearance issues to be cyclical over a year, but we saw a steady increase for a year and a half and then a sharp drop. We did observe the highest rate of clearance issues during the winter and spring of 2023, which were marked by a series of severe winter storms with heavy rainfall and strong winds. Over that period, 21 percent of issues were identified as some type of tree, shrub, or other greenery, more than twice as high as during other times.

Top reasons for sidewalk clearance obstructions over time

Construction-related obstructions have been the most common reasons for sidewalk clearance issues across time periods. From January 2022 to June 2023, construction obstructions increased by 23 percentage points-rising from 21 percent of obstruction issues in January-December 2022 to 43 percent in January-June 2023. The rate of construction issues blocking sidewalks decreased by 34 percentage points, down to 10 percent between July 2023 and June 2024.



Trees, shrubs, or other greenery are the second most common obstruction issue. The percent of evaluated routes observed with greenery obstructions increased by 20 percentage points from January-December 2022 to January-June 2023, up from 18 percent to 37 percent. Between July 2023-June 2024, these obstructions decreased 34 percentage points and trees and other greenery comprised only three percent of sidewalk clearance issues citywide over that time period. This finding supports the trends noted above with the severe storms in the winter and spring of 2023.



Following trees, mobile objects like scooters, bicycles, and carts are the third most common reason for sidewalk clearance issues. Compared to construction and trees and other greenery, there is less variation in this category across time.

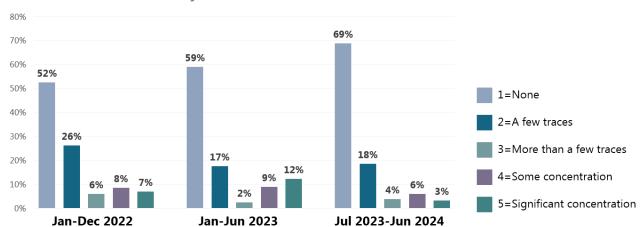
BROKEN GLASS

The Street and Sidewalk Maintenance Standards define a five-point scale measuring the distribution of broken glass on a route. Measuring the distribution of glass helps distinguish areas with a high concentration, like a broken car window or bottle from a section of street or sidewalk with a small scattering of glass.

- Broken glass levels averaged 1.50 between July 2023-June 2024, down from the earlier two periods, (2.01 in January-June 2023 and 1.89 in January-December 2022, respectively).
- Over half of evaluated routes were free

Broken glass level	Glass description
1	None: the street and sidewalk are free of broken glass
2	A few traces: the street and sidewalk are predominantly free of broken glass except for a few small traces
3	More than a few traces but no concentration: there are no piles or lines of glass, and there are large gaps between pieces of glass
4	Glass is concentrated in a single line or spot: there may be small gaps between pieces of glass
5	Glass is concentrated in multiple lines or spots: if an area of broken glass is greater than 6 feet in diameter, consider it to be multiple spots

- of broken glass and more than 70 percent of glass distribution levels were "None" or "A few traces" in every period.
- Between January 2022 and June 2023, 15 to 20 percent of evaluated routes had some concentration
 of glass (potentially broken bottles or car windows). This dropped to nine percent between July 2023June 2024.



Glass distribution levels citywide, 2022-2024

HEALTH HAZARDS

In addition to counting instances of feces, the standards define other health hazards, capturing a count of syringes, dead animals, and used condoms.

Syringes remain very rare across time periods. Less than one percent of routes had syringes in the first period of data collection and observations have decreased since. We observed syringes on 0.5 percent of routes between July 2023-June 2024.

Used condoms and dead animals are also extremely rare on observed routes.

Continuing high average feces levels are described in Key Findings. Challenges in lowering feces levels were observed in the Maintenance of Cleanliness Study as well.

Maintenance of Cleanliness Feces Findings

Even after deep cleaning, lowering feces levels remains challenging:

- Feces levels remained mostly unchanged directly after cleaning in four of five CleanCorridor sites.
- Feces decreased directly after cleaning only in the Mission Street corridor and returned to original levels quickly.
- In the Haight Street and 16th/Church/Sanchez corridors, feces remained high the day of cleaning and decreased the next day, likely unattributed to the CleanCorridors cleaning.
- It's possible that the cleanings either had no impact on feces levels, or that the increase happened too quickly to be captured by evaluations the same afternoon as a cleaning.

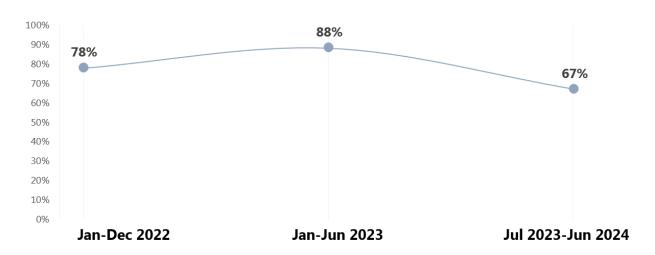
PAVEMENT CONDITION

More than two thirds of routes citywide have some pavement defect in every period.

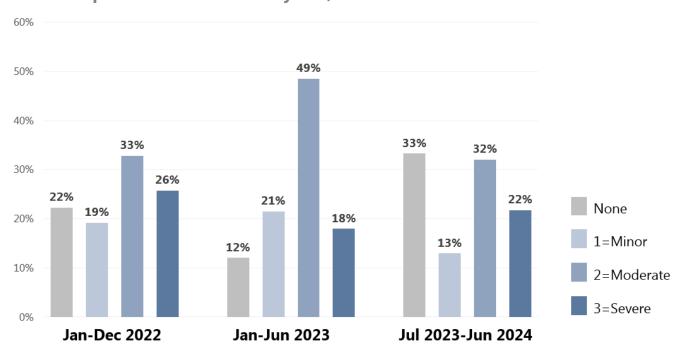
The pavement condition of the City's sidewalks is important for ease of passage as well as the City's broader infrastructure. Standards define sidewalk defects as missing or sunken pavement or cracks, chips, and voids, and include both those marked for repair and those not yet marked. Evaluators rate the severity of defects at each route in three categories-minor, moderate, and severe.

Defect level	Pavement defect description
1	Minor: Cracks, chips, and voids up to one inch and no raised/sunken/uneven pavement with a vertical displacement greater than 0.5 inches.
2	Moderate: Cracks, chips, and voids larger than 1 inch exist but they are generally isolated and no raised/sunken/uneven pavement with a vertical displacement greater than one inch.
3	Severe: Large areas of missing or deteriorated pavement with widespread spalling. Raised/sunken/uneven pavement exists with a vertical displacement greater than one inch.

Percent of evaluated routes with any sidewalk pavement defects citywide, 2022-2024



Moderate to severe pavement defects appear in more than half of evaluated routes in every period, but the percent of evaluated routes without any pavement issues increased between July 2023-June 2024. The severe pavement defect levels fluctuated some over time, but have remained more stable than moderate defects, which spiked in January-June 2023. We do not have clear evidence, but it's possible this is related to particularly poor weather conditions in those months.



Sidewalk pavement defect levels citywide, 2022-2024

TRASH RECEPTACLES

We measure overflowing trash receptacles on routes, including both City trash cans and privately maintained receptacles like those sometimes managed by Community Benefit Districts. Between July 2023-June 2024, 23 percent of evaluated routes had at least one trash receptacle present.

- Overflowing trash receptacles are rare across periodsbetween 0.8 to 2 percent of all evaluated routes.
- Among routes with a trash receptacle, nine percent had an overflowing trash bin in 2022. This decreased to four and five percent, respectively, in the next two periods.

When trash bins are present, how often are they overflowing?

9% in 2022

4% in 2023

5% in 2024



TRANSIT SHELTERS

When transit shelters are present on evaluated routes, we observe frequent cleanliness issues. Transit shelters are generally maintained by SFMTA rather than by Public Works.

- The percent of routes with transit shelters that had cleanliness issues was over 80 percent in every period. It decreased slightly between July 2023-June 2024 to 83 percent, down from 87 and 89 percent in the first two periods.
- The most common cleanliness issues observed at transit shelters were feces, graffiti, and improperly parked scooters or bicycles.

Comparing Standards to 311 Resident Service Requests

311 SERVICE REQUESTS

The <u>311 Customer Service Center</u> provides support to the City's residents for a variety of non-emergency requests—from street and sidewalk cleaning to parking enforcement. Service requests are available as a public dataset. Because of the size and availability of the dataset, they are frequently used by the public for research or reporting and by cities for operations or decision making. However, because 311 data is entirely based on resident and visitor reports, the data are subject to bias if people in certain neighborhoods are more or

311 service request categories	Standards categories
Street and sidewalk cleaning requests (excluding dumping and human or animal waste)	Street and sidewalk litter
Dumping	Dumping
Graffiti	Graffiti
Human or animal waste	Feces
Blocked street or sidewalk	Sidewalk obstruction

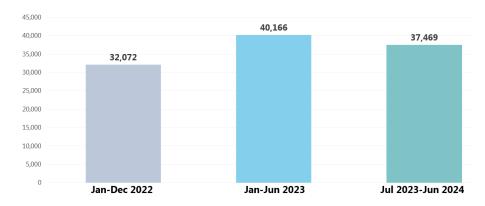
less likely to report, or if specific issues are always reported while others are not.

Several service request categories in 311 mirror issues in the Street and Sidewalk Maintenance Standards, as shown in the table here (see Appendix 6 for more detail). Although the 311 service request categories do not map exactly to the street and sidewalk standards, they are closely related and provide insight into whether and how San Francisco resident and visitor reports differ from the Controller's Office's randomly selected observational data.

We examine relevant 311 service request trends over the same timeframe as standards evaluations to compare trends over time at a citywide level and across neighborhoods. For each 311 service request category we calculate an average monthly number of requests per mile of street to compare neighborhoods of different sizes.

The graph below shows the monthly average total 311 requests related to street and sidewalk issues for each standards evaluation time period. The table shows the overall totals for these 311 requests. Monthly requests increased between January-June 2023 before decreasing slightly between July 2023-June 2024.

311 requests for street and sidewalk related issues, monthly average totals citywide, 2022-2024



Time period	311 Street & sidewalk issue request totals
January-December 2022	384,863
January-June 2023	240,994
July 2023-June 2024	449,629

311 REQUESTS MATCH SOME BUT NOT ALL STANDARDS TRENDS

Cleaning requests make up a large and increasing proportion of all street and sidewalk related requests. After street and sidewalk cleaning, dumping and graffiti requests are the next largest categories.

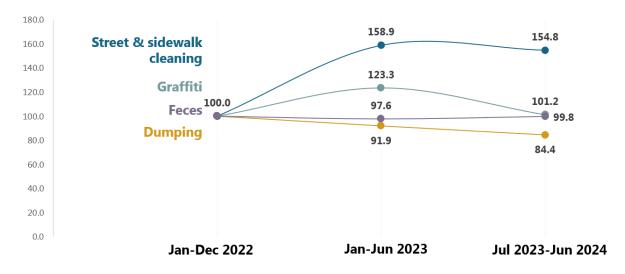
To visualize these changes across service categories, we created an index value, setting January-December 2022 equal to 100, and using the monthly average values to observe changes in the later

Proportion of cleaning requests by service category and standards	
time period	

311 Request category	January- December 2022	January-June 2023	July 2023- June 2024
Street & sidewalk cleaning	39%	50%	52%
Dumping	28%	21%	20%
Graffiti	20%	20%	18%
Feces	9%	7%	8%

two time periods. In the visual below, we can see this increase in street and sidewalk cleaning requests, while requests for feces and dumping changed very little over time.

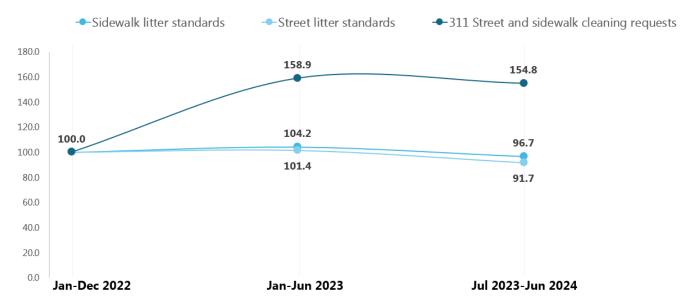
Index change values in average monthly 311 street and sidewalk condition service requests citywide: Street and sidewalk cleaning, Graffiti, Feces, Dumping, 2022-2024



Street and sidewalk cleaning requests have been increasing since 2022 while observed litter levels decreased slightly.

Among the four service categories we focus on, we see the largest difference between 311 requests and citywide standards findings for street and sidewalk cleaning. Although litter levels have remained relatively stable year over year in the standards evaluations, monthly average requests for street and sidewalk cleaning increased by 59 percent from the first to second period, and decreased by less than three percent between July 2023-June 2024. Comparing the litter levels from standards evaluations, we see a slight decrease that looks quite different from the steeper, upward trend in requests.

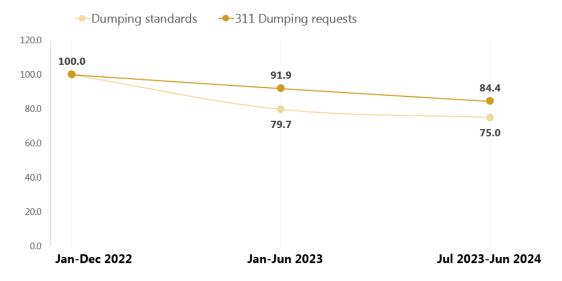
Index change values in 311 street and sidewalk cleaning requests, and citywide standards averages for sidewalk litter and street litter, 2022-2024



The steady downward trend in requests related to large, dumped items tracks with stable trends in standards evaluations.

Monthly average requests for large, dumped items decreased consistently over time. Monthly average dumping requests decreased at the same rate of eight percent between January-December 2022 to January-June 2023, and then from January-June 2023 to between July 2023-June 2024. Dumping in street and sidewalk standards evaluations has shown a similar, stable to slightly decreasing trend over time.

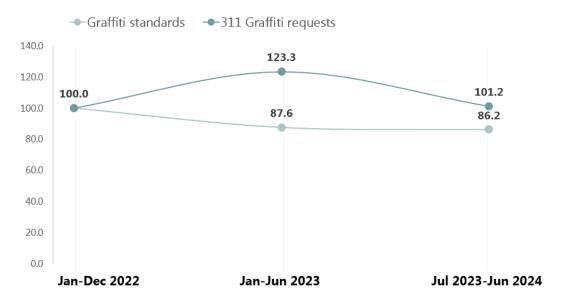
Index change values in 311 dumping requests and citywide standards averages for dumping, 2022-2024



Graffiti requests reflect more variance in contrast to the stable trends in graffiti over time.

311 service requests related to graffiti are more variable over time. They increased by 23 percent from January-December 2022 to January-June 2023, and decreased by 18 percent in 2024. In contrast, in the standards evaluations average instances of graffiti decreased from January-December 2022 to January-June 2023 by 12 percent and remained relatively unchanged after that.

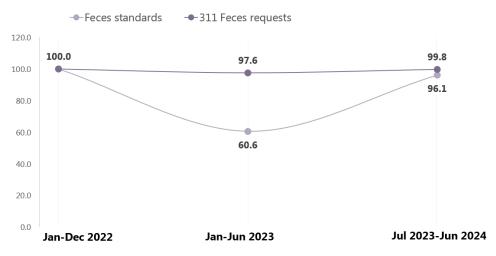
Index change values in 311 graffiti requests and citywide standards averages for graffiti, 2022-2024



Feces-related requests are unchanged despite rising observed human or animal waste in standards.

Service requests related to human or animal waste are much more stable over time than the frequency observed in standards evaluations.





NEIGHBORHOOD FINDINGS IN SERVICE REQUESTS

The following section compares trends in 311 service requests across neighborhoods to trends observed in standards evaluations between July 2023-June 2024. We use average monthly number of requests per mile of street to identify neighborhoods with high or low volumes of requests to see if relative patterns are similar to those in standards evaluations. For more detailed 311 neighborhood maps visit https://www.sf.gov/data/311-service-requests-neighborhood.

The maps below show relative severity across the city and the tables list the five neighborhoods with the most 311 requests and highest observed severity from the standards.

- The Tenderloin and the Mission both appear in the top five neighborhoods for severity in all issue areas, and in both 311 requests and standards evaluations.
- Other neighborhoods appear much more frequently in 311 requests than the evaluated severity of
 issues would predict. The grouped neighborhood of Russian Hill, Nob Hill, and North Beach appears
 in three of four issue areas despite low-to-average evaluated litter levels, dumping, graffiti, and feces.
- Other neighborhoods like Chinatown, Hayes Valley and Haight Ashbury, and South of Market show
 up relatively frequently in one or both of the measures, suggesting that they are not perfectly
 aligned on all issues, but there aren't large differences in patterns between service requests and
 evaluated standards.

Street and sidewalk cleaning

Two out of five neighborhoods with the highest litter levels in standards evaluations, align with neighborhoods with higher monthly average requests for this issue: the Tenderloin and the Mission.

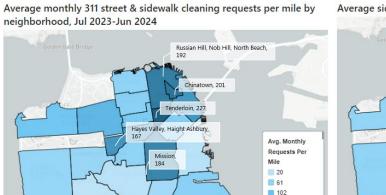
Comparing monthly average 311 cleaning requests to average sidewalk litter levels shows that some neighborhoods with some of the most severe litter issues, like the Bayview and South of Market, are not necessarily the same as neighborhoods reporting cleanliness issues.

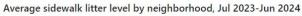
Neighborhoods with highest average 311 cleaning requests and standards evaluations, Jul 2023-Jun 2024

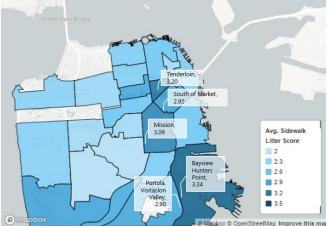
Ranking	Monthly average 311 cleaning requests	Standards: sidewalk litter level
1	Tenderloin (227)	Bayview Hunters Point (3.34)
2	Chinatown (201)	Tenderloin (3.20)
3	Russian Hill, Nob Hill, North Beach (192)	Mission (3.09)
4	Mission (184)	South of Market (2.92)
5	Hayes Valley, Haight Ashbury (167)	Portola, Visitacion Valley (2.90)

These 311 requests align with

neighborhood-level standards evaluation findings for the Tenderloin and the Mission, which had higher street and sidewalk litter levels. However, Chinatown had relatively lower litter levels between July 2023-June 2024, closer to a value of two (a few traces of litter), suggesting residents there submit more 311 requests at a given litter level than in other neighborhoods.







Note that the five neighborhoods with the highest average 311 cleaning requests and standards evaluations are labeled here.

143

184

225

Dumping

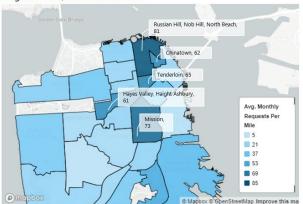
The Tenderloin ranked third for both 311 service requests and dumping levels. Although Russian Hill, Nob Hill, and North Beach has relatively lower levels of dumping present (29 percent between July 2023-June 2024) compared to the other neighborhoods shown here, it has the highest monthly average requests. In contrast, Western Addition has lower average requests at 20 per month, but shows higher dumping levels in standards evaluations. Chinatown submits more 311 dumping requests, and also has higher dumping levels at 32 percent. Similarly,

Neighborhoods with highest average 311 dumping requests and standards evaluations, Jul 2023-Jun 2024

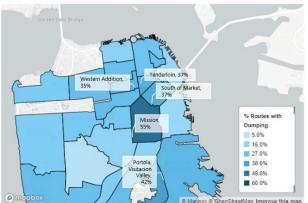
Ranking	Monthly average 311 dumping requests	Standards: dumping present
1	Russian Hill, Nob Hill, North Beach (81)	Mission (55%)
2	Mission (73)	Portola, Visitacion Valley (42%)
3	Tenderloin (65)	Tenderloin (37%)
4	Chinatown (62)	South of Market (37%)
5	Hayes Valley, Haight Ashbury (61)	Western Addition (35%)

Portola, Visitacion Valley had a relatively higher level of average requests at 50 per month between July 2023-June 2024 and ranks second in dumping levels in standards evaluations.

Average monthly 311 dumping abatement requests per mile by neighborhood, Jul 2023-Jun 2024



Average percent of routes with dumping by neighborhood, Jul 2023-Jun 2024



Note that the five neighborhoods with the highest average 311 dumping abatement requests and standards evaluations are labeled here.

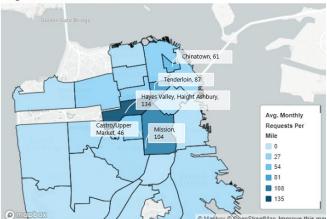
Graffiti

In standards evaluations, graffiti trends across neighborhoods and between time periods fluctuated, but showed stability over longer time periods. 311 graffiti requests mostly align with observed levels in standards evaluations. There is variation in these rankings, but four out of five rankings had a matching neighborhood, with the exception of the Castro/Upper Market and South of Market.

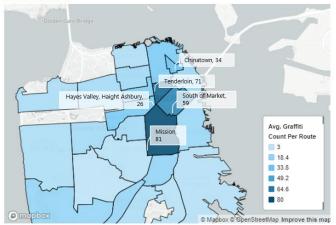
Neighborhoods with highest average 311 graffiti requests and standards evaluations, Jul 2023-Jun 2024

Ranking	Monthly average 311 graffiti requests	Standards: average graffiti count
1	Hayes Valley, Haight Ashbury (134)	Mission (81)
2	Mission (104)	Tenderloin (71)
3	Tenderloin (87)	South of Market (59)
4	Chinatown (61)	Chinatown (34)
5	Castro/Upper Market (46)	Hayes Valley, Haight Ashbury (26)

Average monthly 311 graffiti abatement requests per mile by neighborhood, Jul 2023-Jun 2024



Average graffiti count per route evaluated by neighborhood, Jul 2023-Jun 2024



Note that the five neighborhoods with the highest average 311 graffiti abatement requests and standards evaluations are labeled here.

Although Hayes Valley, Haight Ashbury has high graffiti levels in both 311 service requests and standards evaluations, it is comparatively much higher in service requests. It has the highest monthly average graffiti service requests per mile at 134, and graffiti related requests comprised 34 percent of all service requests here between July 2023-June 2024. In the maintenance standards, on average there were 26 counts of graffiti per route evaluated in this neighborhood, much smaller in comparison to the Mission and the Tenderloin (81 and 71 average instances per route evaluated between July 2023-June 2024).

The Castro/Upper Market had 12 average counts of graffiti per route evaluated between July 2023-June 2024, although its ranked fifth in graffiti request volume. South of Market also was on the higher end of 311 requests, averaging 30 per month.

Feces

Neighborhoods with the highest feces-related monthly average 311 requests per mile also tend to have high observed levels in standards evaluations.

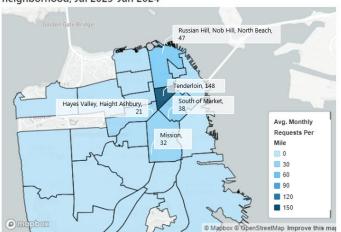
The neighborhood with the highest monthly average request per mile was the Tenderloin with 148 requests between July 2023-June 2024. The volume of requests coming from the Tenderloin is three times larger than the next highest rate of requests. In standards evaluations, the Tenderloin ranked third, with feces observed on 53 percent of evaluated routes.

Neighborhoods with highest average 311 feces requests and standards evaluations, Jul 2023-Jun 2024

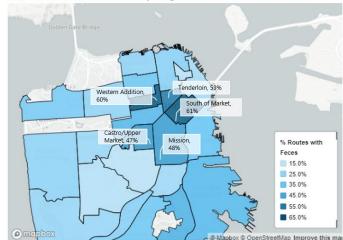
Ranking	Monthly average 311 feces requests	Standards: feces present
1	Tenderloin (148)	South of Market (61%)
2	Russian Hill, Nob Hill, North Beach (47)	Western Addition (60%)
3	South of Market (38)	Tenderloin (53%)
4	Mission (32)	Mission (48%)
5	Hayes Valley, Haight Ashbury (21)	Castro/Upper Market (47%)

South of Market, the Mission and Hayes Valley, Haight Ashbury had higher monthly average requests and relatively high evaluated feces levels. In contrast, Russian Hill, Nob Hill, and North Beach follow similar patterns to those in dumping. There are relatively low feces levels present (27 percent) compared to their higher monthly average 311 requests. Fifteen neighborhoods had average monthly 311 requests per mile below 10 between July 2023-June 2024. These geographic trends may reflect that this issue is particularly concentrated in a few neighborhoods.

Average monthly 311 feces abatement requests per mile by neighborhood, Jul 2023-Jun 2024



Percent of routes with feces by neighborhood, Jul 2023-Jun 2024



Note that the five neighborhoods with the highest average 311 feces abatement requests and standards evaluations are labeled here.

Appendices

APPENDIX 1: ABOUT THE PROGRAM

About Street and Sidewalk Standards

San Francisco's Charter requires the Controller's Office (CON) to work with San Francisco Public Works (Public Works) to develop and implement street and sidewalk maintenance standards and report out on the City's condition under the standards. CON's City Performance group manages the collection of cleanliness data from evaluations of a representative sample of San Francisco's streets and sidewalks. These standards evaluations collect data on a number of characteristics, including: street litter, sidewalk litter, larger dumped items, graffiti, feces (we don't differentiate between human or canine), and several other markers of cleanliness or street conditions. The 2024_Maintenance_Standards provide detailed descriptions of these features.

Generally, Public Works (SFPW) and other City agencies maintain public streets and City property on or along the sidewalk while private property owners are responsible for keeping sidewalks and curbs in front of their property clean and maintained. For more detail on maintenance responsibilities, see Appendix D of the 2022 Annual Report.



Who cleans San Francisco's streets?

APPENDIX 2: DATA COLLECTION & SAMPLING METHODOLOGY

Sampling Methodology

San Francisco has approximately 930 miles of streets, around three-quarters of which are residential and one-quarter of which are commercial or mixed use. The Street and Sidewalk Maintenance Standards evaluations include over 2,500 randomly selected street segments between July 2023-June 2024. The sample represents all the streets and sidewalks across the City and County of San Francisco.

In July 2023, we modified our sampling methodology and routes evaluated to improve our ability to report at a neighborhood level. The representative sample is selected randomly from the total population of San Francisco street segments, stratifying by type of street (residential or commercial and mixed use) and neighborhood groups. Each street segment is approximately one block. The July 2023-June 2024 sample is made up of 1,730 evaluations in residential areas and 932 evaluations in commercial or mixed-use areas.

To assess differences across geographic areas of San Francisco, we stratified the sample by a set of grouped neighborhoods. The program budget does not allow for large enough samples in every neighborhood (defined by these <u>Analysis Neighborhoods</u>) so smaller neighborhoods are grouped geographically into sets of two or three. We oversample in some neighborhoods to get a large enough sample without raising program costs. We then weight all outcomes across neighborhoods to control for this.

Sample	Purpose	Routes
Representative sample	Routes randomly sampled by neighborhood, evaluated one time each between July 2023-June 2024.	2,662
	Allows for annual reporting on analysis neighborhoods with some grouping of small ones.	
	Allows for six-month reporting on citywide averages.	
Change over time pilot	Commercial or mixed-use routes manually chosen from above sample to represent different types of streets and areas, evaluated once a month.	214
	Pilot check of level of variance in route evaluations separate from any overall trends.	
	Helps answer how reliable any individual evaluation is.	
Maintenance of Cleanliness Study	A small sample of routes to perform a small study of Clean Corridors program. These are high traffic, commercial areas where Public Works conducts comprehensive street and sidewalk cleaning.	22
	This data could show how long it takes for streets and sidewalks to become dirty again after cleaning, providing Public Works with information to support proactive cleaning efforts.	
Total routes		2,898

Sampling in 2022

In January-December 2022, we evaluated approximately 1,000 randomly selected street segments that represented all the streets and sidewalks across the City and County of San Francisco. These street segments were evaluated once over the course of the year. Between January and June of 2023, these same street

segments were evaluated a second time, making up the second period of data in this report. For additional details, see <u>Appendix B of the 2022 Annual Report</u>.

APPENDIX 3: STANDARDS & ANALYSIS MEASURES

See the updated <u>Street and Sidewalk Maintenance Standards Reference Manual</u> for more detailed data collection information and descriptions of the categories below. Note that all averages and percent of routes for a given standard are all weighted in July 2023-June 2024 to control for changes in the sampling methodology at the neighborhood level.

What is evaluated?

Loose litter present in a street or gutter.	
	Average of street litter distribution level on a 5-point scale.
Loose litter present on the sidewalk.	Average of sidewalk litter distribution levels on a 5-point scale.
The number of overflowing trash receptacles.	Count and percent of evaluated routes with trash receptacles present.
	For routes with at least one trash receptacle present, percent with an overflowing receptacle.
Sidewalk obstructed so that horizontal clearance is less than 4 feet wide or vertical clearance is less	Percent of routes with sidewalk clearance issues.
than 8 feet tall.	Reasons for sidewalk obstructions, such as construction, foliage, scooters, etc.
General condition of the sidewalk pavement.	Average of pavement condition distribution levels on a 3-point scale.
Large, abandoned items and large debris along the street or sidewalk.	Percent of evaluated routes with at least one dumped item.
Illicit text, symbols and images marked on buildings, sidewalks, street pavement, trees, and other stationary assets.	Average of counts of graffiti per route by property type: SF government, private, other. Count and percent of routes with offensive graffiti.
Broken glass present in the street, on the sidewalk, or immediately adjacent to the sidewalk.	Average of broken glass distribution levels on a 5-point scale.
	Average counts of broken glass per evaluated route.
	Percent of routes with any broken glass.
Feces observed along the street and sidewalk.	Percent of evaluated routes with at least one
	Sidewalk obstructed so that horizontal clearance is less than 4 feet wide or vertical clearance is less than 8 feet tall. General condition of the sidewalk pavement. Large, abandoned items and large debris along the street or sidewalk. Illicit text, symbols and images marked on buildings, sidewalks, street pavement, trees, and other stationary assets. Broken glass present in the street, on the sidewalk, or immediately adjacent to the sidewalk.

		instance of feces. Average feces count per evaluated route.
Syringes	Syringes observed along the street and sidewalk.	Percent of evaluated routes with at least one syringe.
Condoms	Used and opened condoms present on the street and sidewalk.	Percent of evaluated routes with at least one condom.
Dead Animals	Dead animals present on the street or sidewalk.	Percent of evaluated routes with at least one dead animal.
Odors	Presence of any strong, unpleasant, or offensive odor.	Percent of evaluated routes with odors.
Transit Shelters	The physical structure and space within and immediately adjacent to transit shelters.	Count and percent of evaluated routes with transit shelters present.
		For routes with at least one transit shelter present, percent of transit shelters with cleanliness issues.
		Reasons for transit shelter cleanliness issues.

APPENDIX 4: STATISTICAL CHECKS AND CONSIDERATIONS

Reliability check

Changing the sampling methodology, and therefore the majority of specific routes selected, could introduce random variation in our results if the sampled routes between July 2023-June 2024 had different characteristics than those in earlier periods. Two hundred and fourteen routes were, by chance, evaluated in all three periods of data collection. To confirm our results are reliable, we verified that these routes generally showed the same trends as the full samples. While this is not a comprehensive check, it suggests that changes we see are unlikely to be caused by the change in routes.

Neighborhood data considerations

As noted in Appendix 2, to account for <u>SF Analysis Neighborhoods</u> with small sample sizes, we grouped some of them together based on location:

- Noe Valley, Glen Park, Twin Peaks
- Hayes Valley, Haight Ashbury
- Presidio Heights, Lone Mountain/USF, Inner Richmond
- Japantown, Pacific Heights
- Oceanview/Merced/Ingleside, Lakeshore
- Mission Bay, Potrero Hill
- Russian Hill, Nob Hill, North Beach
- Outer Richmond, Seacliff
- Portola, Visitacion Valley

Even with these neighborhood groupings, some neighborhoods did not have sample sizes large enough to be statistically significant in prior standards evaluations periods where the overall representative sample was smaller and we did not oversample small neighborhoods. As a result, there are a number of neighborhoods where we are not reliably able to report on changes over time, including likely areas of interest such as the **Tenderloin**, **Chinatown**, and **South of Market** neighborhoods in this report. We specifically noted the small sample sizes where applicable.

Neighborhoods with less than 20 evaluations in first two evaluation periods:

Neighborhood	Jan-Jun 2022	Jan-Jun 2023	Jul 2023-Jun 2024
	evaluation count	evaluation count	evaluation count
Tenderloin	10	10	51
Chinatown	15	15	56
South of Market	18	18	80

APPENDIX 5: MAINTENANCE OF CLEANLINESS STUDY METHODOLOGY

Background

Public Works manages several street and sidewalk cleaning programs, including programs focused on deep, comprehensive cleaning of busy commercial corridors, such as <u>CleanCorridorsSF</u>. Cleaning efforts require significant resources every week in designated neighborhood commercial areas. The overall goal of the CleanCorridorsSF program is to provide full-service cleaning and improve street conditions, and to incentivize businesses and property owners to maintain that same standard. However, after cleaning, Public Works does not know how long streets and sidewalks actually stay clean-whether this may be a few hours, days, or weeks. A better understanding of how long streets and sidewalks stay clean after deep cleaning will provide useful information to Public Works operational teams.

Study description

The purpose of this study was to conduct a preliminary, exploratory analysis of how long streets and sidewalks stayed clean after cleaning, using the example of the CleanCorridorsSF program. This study was not an evaluation of the effectiveness of the CleanCorridorsSF program specifically. Rather, City Performance analyzed the data collected to provide initial analyses of how long streets and sidewalks remained clean in general. Through the contracted evaluator Corey, Canapary, and Galanis (CC&G), City Performance gathered this information before cleaning took place, and several times after cleaning took place.

This study was meant to provide Public Works with focused data and analysis that could be useful for operational purposes and internal decision-making. It was not meant to provide a statistical or definitive answer, but to begin to build useful evidence.

The primary goal of this analysis was to assess the cleanliness conditions over time of one of Public Works' deep cleaning services, a targeted one-time full-service cleaning to heavily transited areas. Initial key analysis questions included:

- Do deep cleaning services impact the cleanliness of included streets and sidewalks in the short term?
- How long do improvements in cleanliness last?

The evaluations were conducted in the neighborhoods and routes listed in the table below.

Corridors cleaned	Route evaluated
Columbus from Washington to Lombard (1/25 Columbus Ave)	BROADWAY BETWEEN STOCKTON ST AND POWELL ST COLUMBUS AVE BETWEEN WASHINGTON ST AND JACKSON ST STOCKTON ST BETWEEN GREEN ST AND UNION ST COLUMBUS AVE BETWEEN GREEN ST AND UNION ST (control route) COLUMBUS AVE BETWEEN MASON ST AND LOMBARD ST (control route) COLUMBUS AVE BETWEEN TAYLOR ST AND FRANCISCO ST (control route)
24th from Valencia to Potrero (3/7 24 th St)	24 TH ST BETWEEN FLORIDA ST AND HARRISON ST 24 TH ST BETWEEN FOLSOM ST AND SOUTH VAN NESS AVE 24 TH ST BETWEEN MISSION ST AND VALENCIA ST 24 TH ST BETWEEN PORTRERO AVE AND YORK ST
Haight from Divisadero to Laguna	96621: HAIGHT ST BETWEEN SCOTT ST AND DIVISADERO ST

(4/25 Haight St)	2758: HAIGHT ST BETWEEN STEINER ST AND PIERCE ST 2769: HAIGHT ST BETWEEN WEBSTER ST AND FILLMORE ST
	6898: HAIGHT ST BETWEEN LAGUNA ST AND BUCHANAN ST
16th from Noe to Guerrero and Church and Sanchez from Market to 17 th (5/16 16 th /Church/Sanchez)	16th STREET BETWEEN NOE AND SANCHEZ SANCHEZ ST BETWEEN MARKET AND 16TH CHURCH ST BETWEEN MARKET AND 15TH 16TH ST BETWEEN DOLORES AND GUERRERO
Mission from Geneva to Sickles (6/6 Mission St)	6543: MISSION ST BETWEEN GENEVA AVE AND ROLPH ST 9746: MISSION ST BETWEEN MOUNT VERNON AVE AND CONCORD ST 2165: MISSION ST BETWEEN FOOTE AVE AND NAGLEE AVE 1862: MISSION ST BETWEEN MORSE ST AND FARRAGUT AVE

Data collection design

The first set of evaluations was used to test the usefulness of data collected and included evaluations of non-CleanCorridor streets. After that first evaluation, the sampling and evaluation was revised to include before and after comparisons of CleanCorridor streets only to allow for more observations, and City Performance also revised the evaluation instrument based on feedback from Public Works and CC&G, modifying the format of the litter questions and allowing for optional photos to be uploaded.

Evaluation Frequency

- Each block within an evaluation group was evaluated the same number of times.
- Evaluations took place within daylight hours and weekdays.
- Based on reassessment after the initial rounds of data collection, the evaluation time frames remained the same (4 time intervals for Day Before, Day Of, Day After, and Week After).

Scope

Each evaluation group comprised approximately four to six routes, which were evaluated four times each, for a total of 16-18 evaluations. Clean Corridors cleanings took place on Thursdays at any time between 8:00am-1:30pm. Evaluations took place anytime between 2:00pm-5:00pm on the same day. Considering that the exact cleaning time was not recorded, the gap between cleanings and evaluations could range from **0.5 hours to nine hours**. If provided the exact cleaning times, we can factor them into this analysis. Timing of other evaluations by type were as follows:

Day Before: 8:00am-12:40pm
Day After: 8:00am-11:00am
Week After: 2:00pm-5:00pm

APPENDIX 6: 311 ANALYSIS METHODOLOGY

This analysis focused on looking at trends in a few 311 service categories that relate to high-salience issues, like litter, dumping, graffiti, and feces.

We examined the 311 service categories in the table below to see how frequently reported issues compare with a few standards evaluations categories at the Citywide and neighborhood level. We examine relevant 311 trends over the same timeframe as our standards evaluations to compare trends over time at a citywide level and across neighborhoods.

To more accurately compare time periods, we look at the monthly average requests in the service categories of interest. This helps us compare the two, 12-month time periods (January-December 2022 and July 2023-June 2024), and the one six-month period from January-June 2023.

To compare neighborhoods over time and normalize across larger and smaller neighborhoods, we calculate the route length (in miles) for evaluated routes in each neighborhood. Then, we examine the monthly average requests per mile in each neighborhood. This measure provides a sense of how frequently types of issues arise on a monthly basis per mile.

311 Service Request Categories	Description	Measures we report
Street and sidewalk cleaning	Street and sidewalk cleaning requests exclude dumping and feces in this analysis. The latter two categories are more detailed request types under the larger street and sidewalk cleaning request category.	Street and sidewalk cleaning requests (counts and percent): this measure captures the number of street and sidewalk cleaning requests during the standards evaluation periods, excluding dumping and feces requests. We also calculate street and sidewalk cleaning requests as a percentage of the total requests per evaluation period. Monthly average requests per evaluation period to compare time periods.
		Monthly average requests per mile to compare neighborhoods. This is calculated by dividing the monthly average requests in a given neighborhood by the total number of miles in the neighborhood.

Index change values: From these monthly average requests, we created index change values by setting the first time period, 2022, equal to 100. This index change variable allows us to see how different from 100 the following two periods were, based on their respective monthly average values.

We use the same index values for the citywide standards evaluations data for related features, like average sidewalk and

Dumping abatement

311 captures detailed information on dumped items as part of the larger street and sidewalk cleaning request category. For this analysis, we identified larger dumped items (mattresses, furniture, bulky items, and refrigerators) to create a single 311 dumping variable. We excluded this variable for larger dumped items from street and sidewalk cleaning requests.

street litter, so that we can make more direct comparisons with the 311 requests.

Dumping abatement requests (counts and percent): We created a broader variable for dumping requests that grouped more detailed requests for mattresses, furniture, refrigerators, and bulky items.

Monthly average requests per evaluation period

Monthly average requests per mile

Index change values: We created an index value for the monthly average requests, and for the dumping present variable from the citywide standards evaluations. This allows us to make more direct comparisons with the 311 dumping requests.

Graffiti abatement

311 graffiti abatement requests are most similar to the Citywide standards evaluations definitions and include graffiti on both public and private property.

Graffiti abatement requests (counts and percent)

Monthly average requests per evaluation period

Monthly average requests per mile

Index change values: We created an index value for the monthly average requests, and for the graffiti average variable from the citywide standards evaluations. This allows us to make more direct comparisons with the 311 graffiti requests.

Human or animal waste abatement

For the feces category, 311 has slightly different definitions. 311 categorizes these types of requests as 'human or animal waste or urine," whereas the standards evaluations exclude urine. Similar to dumping, we excluded more detailed street and sidewalk cleaning requests specifically for human or animal waste so that the street and sidewalk cleaning category would not double count requests already captured in the separate feces variable we created for this analysis.

Feces abatement requests (counts and percent)

Monthly average requests per evaluation period

Monthly average requests per mile

Index change values: We created an index value for the monthly average requests, and for the feces average variable from the citywide standards evaluations. This allows us to make more direct comparisons with the

311 feces requests.

Sidewalk Clearance

We also examined the frequency of blocked street or sidewalks. Note that the standards evaluations focus only on sidewalks that are blocked, whereas 311 requests respond to obstructions on either the street or the sidewalk.

Because street and sidewalk obstructions made up a very smaller percentage of cleaning requests, we omitted more detailed comparisons from this analysis. Sidewalk obstruction requests (counts and percent)

Monthly average requests per evaluation period

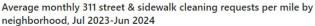
Monthly average requests per mile

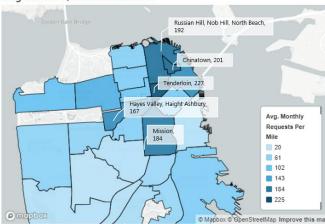
Index change values: We created an index value for the monthly average requests to track changes over time. Because of the small number of requests, we did not create a comparison index value for sidewalk obstructions from the citywide standards evaluations.

Mapping 311 requests by neighborhood

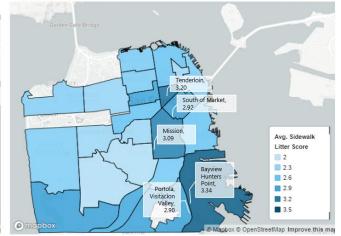
To see how 311 request categories compared with the neighborhood-level standards evaluations results for related issues, we created choropleth maps to show the relative severity across the city. See example map below for street and sidewalk cleaning requests and the average sidewalk litter levels per route from the standards.

In addition to street and sidewalk cleaning, we also created maps for dumping, graffiti, and feces. Given the low frequency of street and sidewalk obstructions, we did not create maps for this category.





Average sidewalk litter level by neighborhood, Jul 2023-Jun 2024



Note that the five neighborhoods with the highest average 311 cleaning requests and standards evaluations are labeled here.