## MID-DAY TOOTHBRUSHING

- **POLICY:** Staff will assist children with brushing their teeth after lunch, snack, or the time that works best for staff. Toothbrushes will be stored in a hygienic manner. Permission will be obtained from parents/guardians for children to participate in midday toothbrushing.
- PURPOSE:To protect the health of the children, including their dental health.To prevent dental caries and disease.To teach children the importance of dental care.

## PROCEDURE:

- 1. Contact CCHP for training and resources on implementing midday toothbrushing at your childcare site.
- 2. On enrollment, parents should sign a Midday Toothbrushing Permission Form, which will be kept in the child's health file.
- 3. Toothbrushing for infants should begin at the eruption of the first tooth.
- 4. Each child will have an individual toothbrush that is never shared with others.
- 5. Children's toothbrushes should not touch each other while stored. Toothpaste should be stored out of children's reach to avoid accidental ingestion.
- 6. Toothbrushes should be replaced every 3 months, or sooner if the brush becomes contaminated (e.g. falls on the floor), or the bristles appear frayed or damaged.
- 7. Toothpaste should contain fluoride, per the <u>American Academy of Pediatric Dentistry</u> <u>Recommendation</u> and <u>American Academy of Pediatrics Fluoride Recommendation</u>. Abundant research has established that fluoride in toothpaste (in the amounts specified above) has been found to be very **safe** for children and highly effective at preventing dental cavities.
- 8. Use a rice-grain-size smear of toothpaste for children younger than 3 years old. Use a pea-size amount of toothpaste for children ages 3 years and older.
- 9. Teach children to spit when they are developmentally ready. Otherwise, swallowing a small amount of toothpaste will not be harmful. If more than the above recommended amount of toothpaste is swallowed, contact the Poison Control Center for guidance.