

ACCESSIBLE SERVICES + Curb Management SFMTA

Accessible Curb in San Francisco

Forest Barnes

Accessible Services Transportation Planner

Tracy Minicucci

Curb Management Transportation Planner

Overview

- 1. SFMTA Curb Management Strategy
- 2. Accessible Parking in San Francisco
- Siting and Designing Blue Zones
- 4. Public Right-of-Way Accessibility Guidelines (PROWAG) + Design Considerations
- Noticing and Communicating Blue Zones
- Tracking Blue Zones How do we know where Blue Zones are
- 7. Blue Zone Analysis
- 8. SFMTA Digital Curb
- 9. Resources
- 10. Discussion and Questions

Curb Management Strategy

- 1. Why SF needs to proactively manage the curb
- 2. How to increase access, safety and efficiency of curb
- 3. Recommendations: Design, process improvements, using data to drive curb layout





SFMTA CURB Management Strategy

Curb Hierarchy: functions

	Low-Density Residential	Mid- to High-Density Residential	Neighborhood Commercial	Downtown	Major Attractor	0000 0000 Industrial/Production, Distribution & Repair
→ HIGH						
	Îů	Îů	Îů	Tů	Tů	
	P	P				P
Ť	4		4	巢	-	Îů
→ MOI		4	P	P	P	4





Recommendations for increasing access and safety

- Prioritize access for more people (Paratransit) with passenger loading zones
- Move flag stops to the curb [already in process]
- Enforce sidewalk parking at all times rather than by complaint only as part of Parking Control Officer's daily duties
- Prioritize enforcement of double-parking
- Proactively implement AB413 (daylighting law)





Tools for increasing access SEMTA and safety

- Framework and recommendations from the Strategy help us plan better
- Better data will help us fill gaps in the system and increase access
- Better data will make the system easier for the user
- **How to apply for on-street Blue Zones:** https://www.sfmta.com/online-color-curb-application





Color Curb Program (2)

- Historically application based; Color Curb Hearings happen monthly, are open to the public, and agendas are driven by requests. See <u>schedule of meetings</u>.
- Anyone can apply for passenger loading, commercial loading,
 short term parking or on-street blue zones that serve many users
- Work with our Enforcement Division closely





Color Curb Program

- Partner with Accessible Services to make sure our siting is compliant
- Partner with Accessible Services on corridor level planning for accessible loading or parking. Use Paratransit trip data for planning.
- Begin PROWAG implementation as alterations and new development occur



Accessible Parking in San Francisco

What is Accessible Parking?

• A blue zone, follows specific accessibility rules



What is Accessible Parking? (2)

- SFMTA has been thinking about how to expand accessible parking in the city since at least 2013
 - RPP for caregivers program
 - Rec and Park has blue zones as well
- City owned lots and garages
- Parking is free on on-street spaces
 - Music concourse garage in GGP free for 15-minute loading for all
 - Free parking in blue zones for those with Disabled Placards
- Blue Zones are operational 24 hours a day/7 days a week
- Time limits don't apply (except street sweeping). 72-hour limit does apply as well

Siting and Designing Blue Zones



Siting and Designing Blue Zones (2)

- Before the SFMTA, SFPD and other city agencies sited blue zones
- Now we follow PROWAG: Public Right-of-Way Accessibility Guidelines
- We site blue zones as part of projects and from <u>blue zones requests</u>
- PROWAG are Federal Rules from the Access Board that include guidelines like access to a curb cut, no obstructions blocking the door on the side, signage, dimensions
- SFMTA considers accessibility and curb space in the context of parking, paratransit loading, taxi loading, Muni stops, and van accessible spaces

Loading Considerations: Side Loading Vans



Loading Considerations: Side Loading Vans (2)

- Side loading vans typically unload on passenger side
 - Wheelchair users can access front seat to drive the vehicle, or can ride as a passenger
 - Reason we place blue zones be placed on the passenger side of the street on one-way streets
 - Perpendicular spaces can share an access aisle if a vehicle can back into a space
 - Typically the ramp is 52in 55in long
 - Middle 50% of the parking space must be free of obstructions to allow ramp to deploy

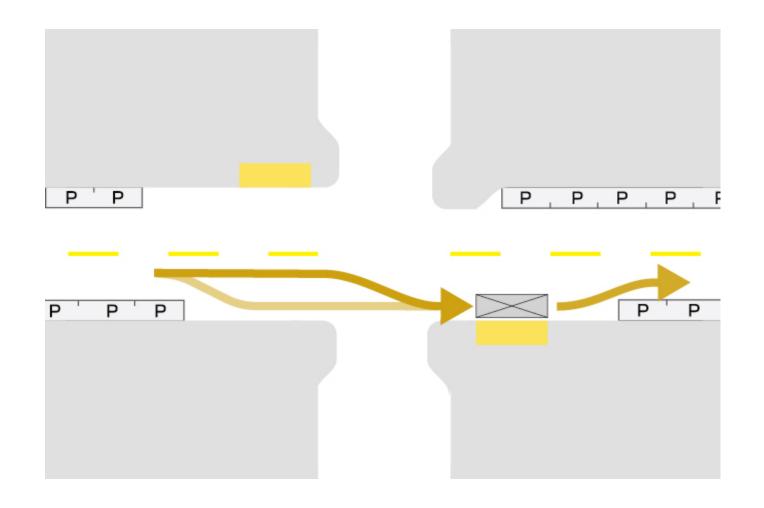
Loading Considerations: Rear Loading Vans



Loading Considerations: Rear Loading Vans (2)

- San Francisco ramp taxis are rear loading, as well as some personally owned wheelchair accessible vans
 - For most rear loading vans, the wheelchair user is not the driver
 - Van ramps are usually 4-5ft long
 - We try to site blue zones on the "farside" of an intersection to provide access to a curb ramp.
 Does not conflict with "daylighting" law

Loading Considerations: Far Side of Intersection



SFMTA Paratransit Loading Considerations



SFMTA Paratransit Loading Considerations (2)

- Paratransit Vans need 8 feet of width to deploy ramps and unload passengers
- We use Paratransit pick-up and dropoff data to inform where we site our loading zones



PROWAG and Design Considerations

PROWAG

- PROWAG includes guidelines on accessible parking and loading
- Determines:
 - How many spaces to add
 - The design of those spaces
- Alterations and new development are what trigger PROWAG. We update the curb as new projects come along.
- We are not going to re-do every street in the City at once

PROWAG Blue Zone Rules

PROWAG R310

- Parallel on-street parking spaces shall connect to pedestrian access routes.
- The center 50 percent of the length of the sidewalk, or other surface, adjacent to an accessible parallel parking space shall be free of obstructions
- Parallel on-street parking spaces shall be identified by signs displaying the International Symbol of Accessibility complying with R411.

Source: PROWAG

How Many Blue Zones

- City-wide goal (and legal requirement) that 4% of all metered spaces are blue zones
- Currently 2.13% of metered spaces blue zones
- Added whenever there is an alteration from a streets project or through blue zone requests

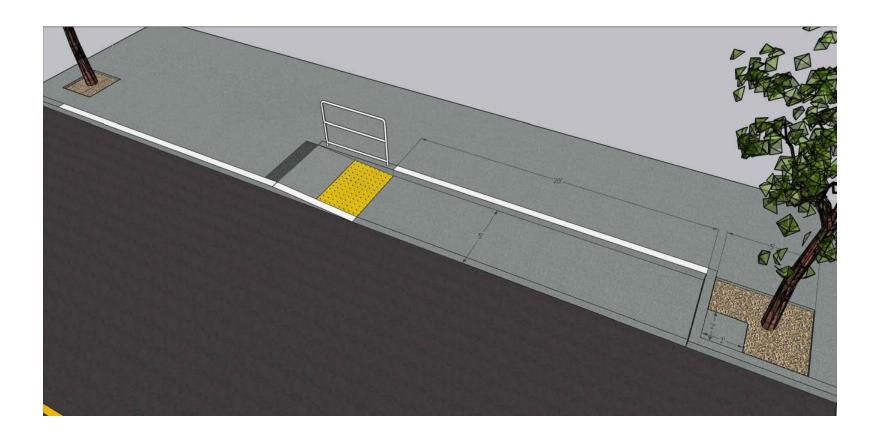
Total Number of Metered or	Minimum Required Number of
Designated Parking Spaces	Accessible Parking Spaces
1 to 25	1
26 to 50	2
51 to 75	3
76 to 100	4
101 to 150	5
151 to 200	6
201 and over	4 percent of total

Source: PROWAG Table R211

Policy for Relocating Blue Zones

- It is a long-standing SFMTA policy target to have blue zones be 4% or more of metered spaces
- If we have to move a blue zone, we work to find a replacement site nearby and at minimum meet our requirements under PROWAG

Accessible Passenger Loading Zones





Noticing and Communicating Blue Zones

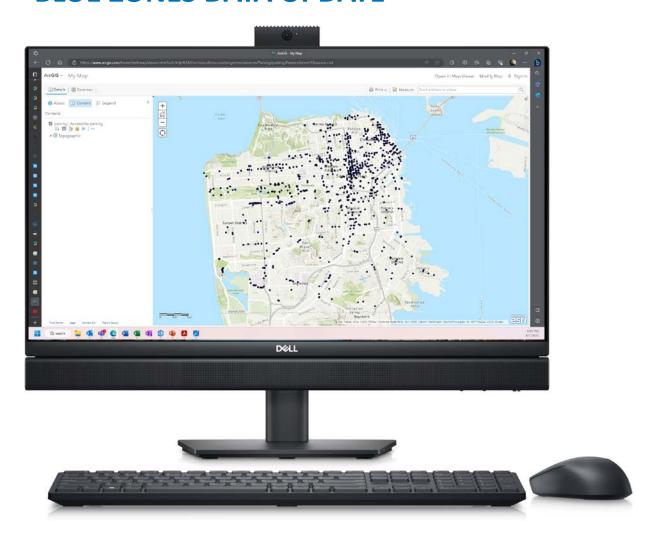
Noticing Curb Changes

- The City is required by law to post localized notices of public hearings for curb changes
- Notices are posted on at least two utility poles for at least 10 days before the hearing
- The notices are also posted on the SFMTA website



How do we know where blue zones are?

BLUE ZONES DATA UPDATE



BLUE ZONES DATA UPDATE (2)

Project Objectives

- 1. Create the most accurate possible database of blue zone locations in the city
- 2. Update blue zone map and GIS layer on MTA website
- 3. Perform analyses on updated data to understand where more blue zones are needed
- 4. Improve process for collecting blue zone location info and develop protocol for keeping it up to date
- 5. Stretch goal: understand how this data can fit into "digital curb" strategy
- 6. Stretch goal: make data more accessible and useful for customers (i.e. easier to access online, integrated in Google Maps?)

EXAMPLES OF BLUE ZONES ENTRIES REMOVED FROM DATASET

1599 Haight St.

Haight & Clayton, Bus Stop



38 8th St.

8th between Mission & Market, Bike Lane



1 Minna St.

Minna & 1st, New Construction







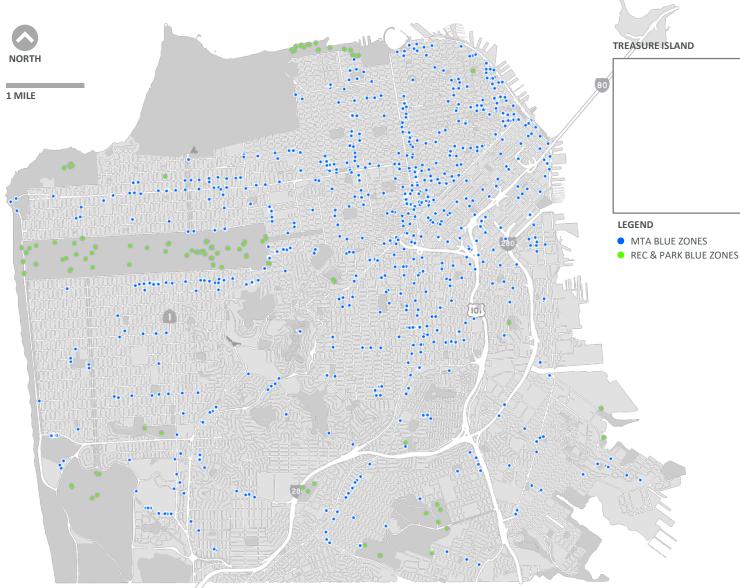


Source: Google Street View



Blue Zone Analysis

UPDATED BLUE ZONES OVERVIEW



Summary

- 796 MTA Blue Zones
- 241 Rec & Park Blue Zones
- Data should be published later this year

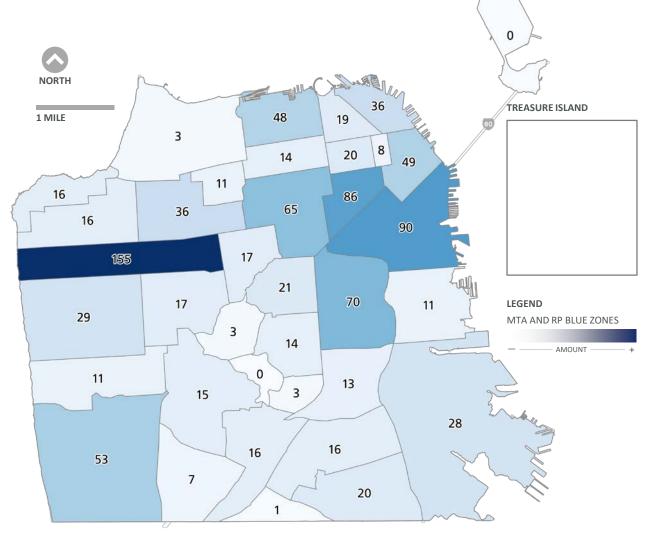
Rec & Park Blue Zones courtesy of Brian Stokle

BLUE ZONES HEATMAP TREASURE ISLAND **NORTH** 1 MILE LEGEND MTA BLUE ZONES

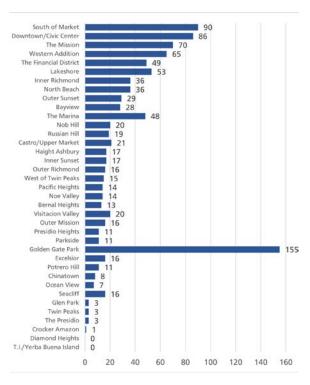
Observations

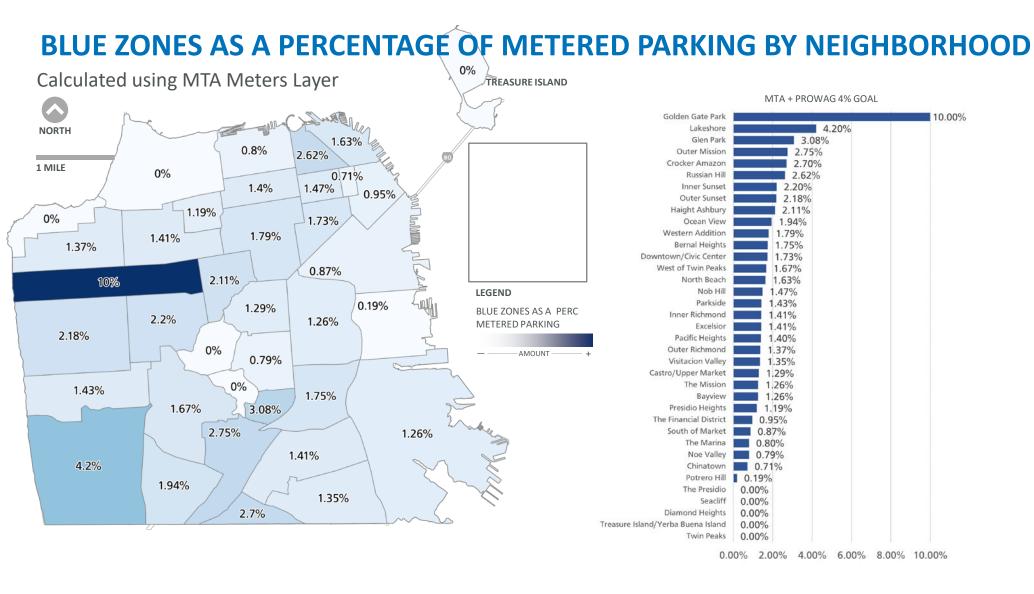
- Blue Zones are most strongly concentrated downtown
- 2. Blue Zones are least prominent in southern and western half of the city due to residential use and less metered parking
- Blue zones sited in front of trip generators

MTA + RP BLUE ZONES BY NEIGHBORHOOD

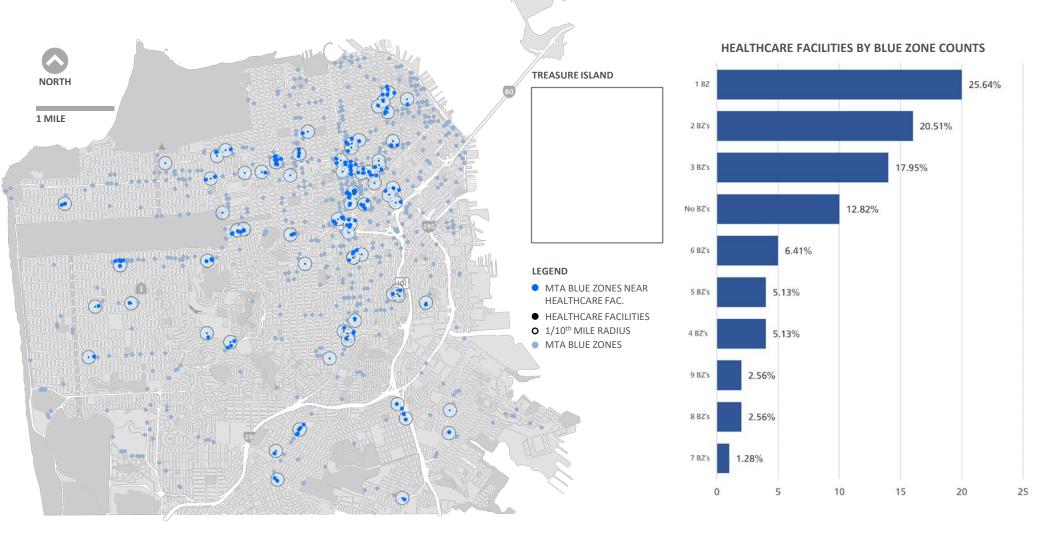


NUMBER OF BLUE ZONES BY NEIGHBORHOOD *



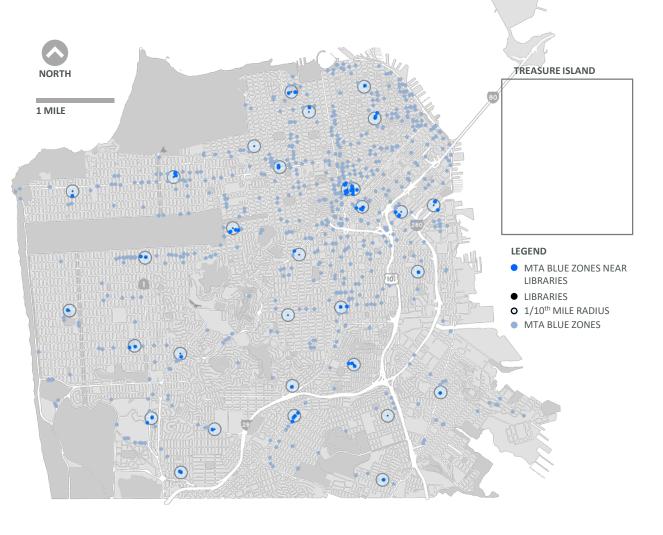


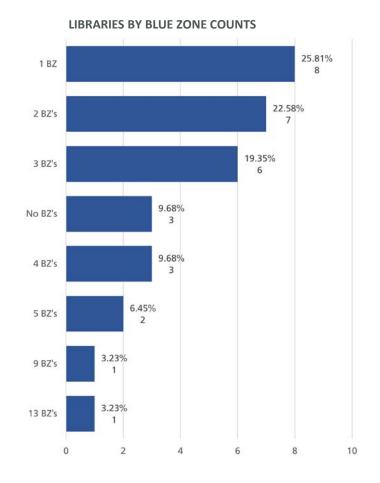
BLUE ZONES WITHIN 1/10th MILE FROM HEALTHCARE FACILITIES



Source: SF Dep Public Health Healthcare Facilities

BLUE ZONES WITHIN 1/10th MILE FROM LIBRARIES

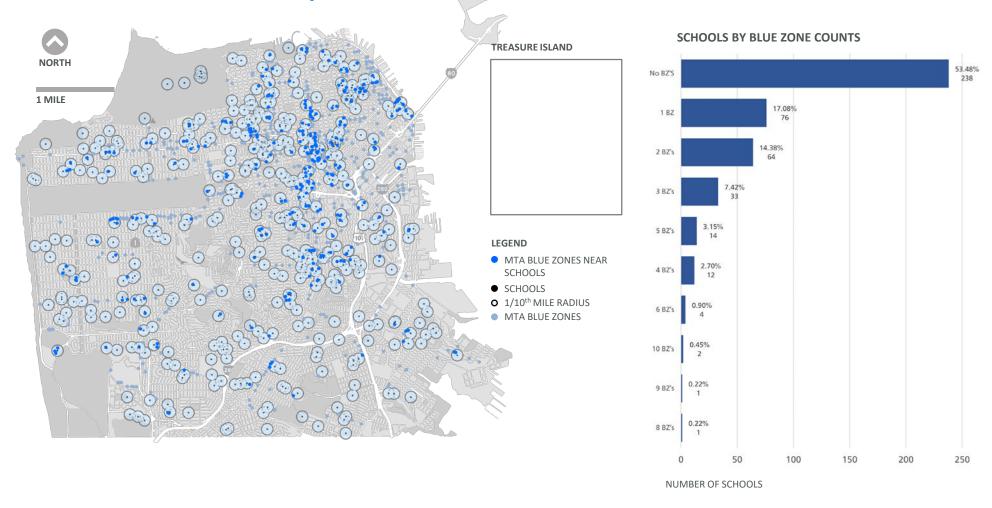




Source: City Administrator's Office City Libraries

NUMBER OF LIBRARIES

BLUE ZONES WITHIN 1/10th MILE FROM SCHOOLS



Source: City Technology Department Schools



SFMTA's Digital Curb

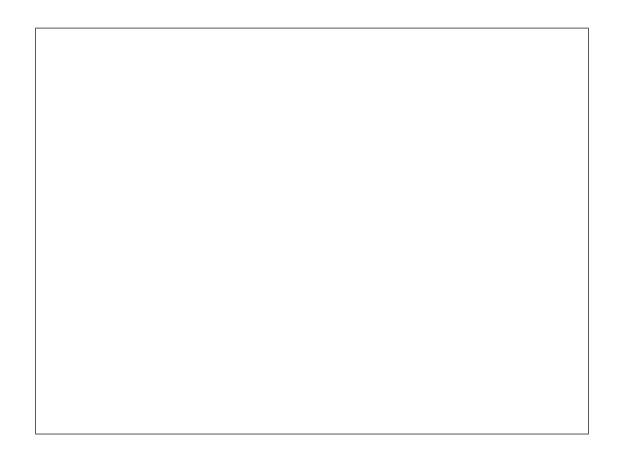


SFMTA will create a citywide Digital Curb

- SFMTA was recently awarded \$2M from USDOT's SMART Grant Program to:
 - 1. Digitize curb regulations citywide
 - 2. Develop and implement processes to keep data up to date
 - 3. Disseminate data via analytical tools and a publicly available map/data feed
- Citywide Digital Curb will contain comprehensive and up-todate data on all curb regulations and curb ramps
- Anticipated completion Summer 2025



SFMTA will create a citywide Digital Curb (2)





Why a Digital Curb?





Why a Digital Curb? (2)

- Informed public
- Integrated travel tools
- Technology-enabled transportation services
- Efficient staff and data-driven planning
- Safety and reliability
- Economic vitality & environmental sustainability
- Foundation for better curb management





Resources

Resources (2)

- PROWAG rules
- **Understanding PROWAG Guide**
- Guidelines for Accessible Building Blocks for Bicycle Facilities and Getting to the Curb
- Accessible Parking Policy Advisory Committee Recommendations Report
- Request a color curb
- Map of Blue Zones (will be updated later this year)
- **Color Curb Hearings**



Discussion and Questions

Takeaways and Discussion

- SFMTA coordinating internally amongst divisions to ensure blue zones minimums are met as part of projects
- How can we communicate blue zone changes to public?
- Can we connect blue zone removals to the replacement new blue zone?
- What questions can we answer for you?