

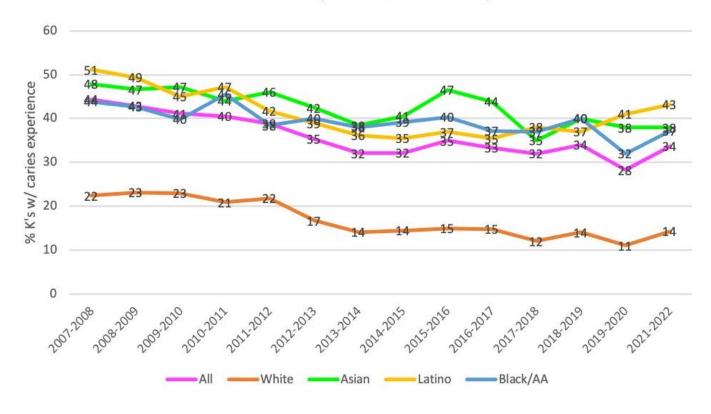
School-Based Oral Health Program

San Francisco Department of Public Health





SFUSD Kindergarteners Caries Experience by Race/Ethnicity



Tooth Decay

- Tooth decay is the most common chronic childhood disease
- Tooth decay impacts overall health, developmental, and social well-being
- Prior to COVID-19, the #1 reason children missed school was tooth decay
- · Increases parents' absences from work
- 100% preventable

Cavity Prevention

- Brushing with fluoride toothpaste
- Regular dental visits
- · Fluoride varnish
- Drinking San Francisco tap water
- Minimize sugar sweetened beverages
- · Dental Sealants!!



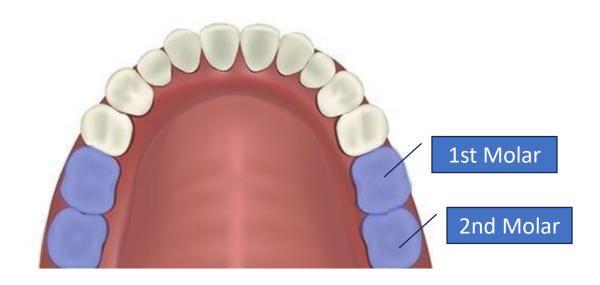


Dental Sealants

- The most likely part of the tooth to get a cavity is the biting surface of the tooth
- Dental sealants are thin coatings painted on the biting surfaces of the first and second molars



Sealant Timeline



Eruption timing of molars:

6-8 y/o: 1st Permanent molars (2nd Grade)

9-12 y/o: 2nd Permanent Molars (5th Grade)

School-Based Oral Health Program

- 1997: Dept. of Public Health, Dental Services schoolbased sealant program began
 - Served 3 schools
- Grew to annually serve 12-14 elementary schools
- SDDT Funding \$350,000 allowed for...
 - Staff Expansion
 - Two Registered Dental Hygienists (RDH)
 - Site Expansion
 - 29 Schools during the 2022-2023 SY
- 2023-24: Now expanded to 30 schools!





School-Based Sealant Program Sites

Legacy & SDDT Funded Schools

Caries Incidence				
(Highest Decay-> Lowest Decay)				
Caries				
	School	District		
1	Cleveland	Excelsior		
2	Drew	Vis. V/bayview		
3	Guadalupe	Excelsior		
4	Mission Ed Center	Mission		
5	Bret Harte	Vis. V/bayview		
6	El Dorado	Vis. V/bayview		
7	Carver	Vis. V/bayview		
8	Moscone	Mission		
9	J. Serra	Mission		
10	Malcolm X	Vis. V/bayview		
11	Hillcrest	Vis. V/bayview		
12	Edwin & Anita Lee	Chinatown		
13	JY Chin	Chinatwon		
14	Marshall	Mission		
15	ER Taylor	Vis. V/bayview		
16	Vis Valley	Vis. V/bayview		
17	Bryant	Mission		
18	Sanchez	Mission		
19	Carmichael	SOMA		
20	Chavez	Mission		
21	Redding	TL		

Data-Based Decision

 Schools with highest percentage of free and reduced lunch

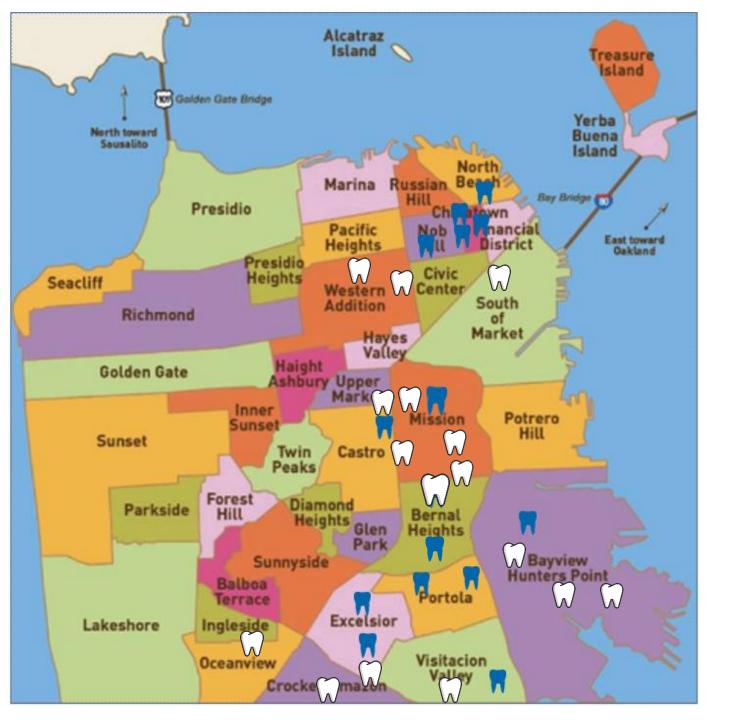
• Schools with highest cavity rates in Kindergartners





Legacy Schools

- Visitation Valley
- Hillcrest
- ER Taylor
- Cleveland
- · J. Serra
- Monroe
- Moscone
- Mission Education Center (newcomer, K-5)
- Chinese Education Center (newcomer, K-5)
- Parker
- · JY Chin
- Lau
- Spring Valley
- Willie Brown Middle School (all grades),





SDDT Expansion

- Sheridan
- Redding
- Guadalupe
- · El Dorado
- Sanchez
- Bret Harte
- Leonard Flynn
- Longfellow
- Marshall
- Carver
- Bessie Carmichael (K-8)
- Dr. Charles Drew
- · William Cobb
- Paul Revere (K-8)
- Buena Vista (K-8)
- Chavez

Success

• Site Expansion

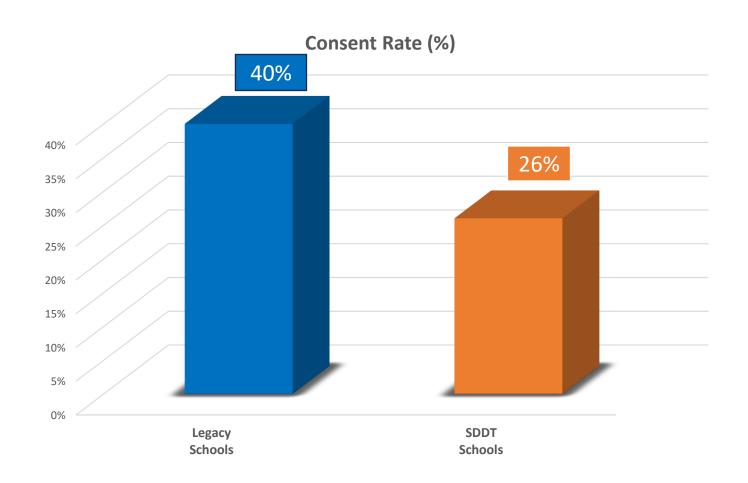
Challenges

- Increasing consent rates in new SDDT schools
- Close disparities in consent rates



- 1,093 children in 29 schools received sealants
- 777 students in
 14 Legacy Schools
- 316 Students in 15 SDDT Schools

Consent Rates: Legacy vs. SDDT Schools



Consent Rates by Race/Ethnicity

Ethinicity	Total Students	Percent
Chinese	584	73%
Not Specfifed	205	53%
Hispanic	1219	48%
Filipino	129	47%
Black or African American	179	46%
Two or More	168	35%
White	95	35%

Solutions

Improving processes

- Parent-Teacher
 Conferences
- Digital consents

Oral Health Education Materials

Tasks Forces

SFUSD

Parent Liaisons

AmeriCorp Member

Oral Health Instructions

Tips for brushing & flossing
your teeth



Brush twice a day!
Use a soft bristle brush
Brush for 2 minutes minimum.



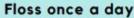
Gently Brush

Use horizontal strokes and circular motions.
Brush all surfaces of your teeth; palate & tongue side, Wait 20 minutes after eating to brush your teeth.



Don't forget to brush your tongue

Use a toothbrush or tongue scraper to help remove bacteria on the tongue.



Use a C-wrap technique to help remove bacteria in-between teeth surfaces and below the gum line.



SELLANTES DENTALES GRATIS

Programa Escolar de Salud Dental SFDPH Dental

¿Qué son los Sellantes?

- Los sellantes or sellos dentales son un liquido blanco que se aplica en los surcos de las muelas permanentes.
- · Ayudan a prevenir las caries

Diente sin sellante





Por qué los necesita mi niño(a)?

- Las muelas tienen ranuras o surcos que son susceptibles a las caries.
- Las bacterias y los alimentos se atascan en los surcos y son difíciles de mantener limpios

¿Quién debe obtener Selladores?

Los niño(a)s que ya tienen sus muelas permanentes:

1 ras Muelas Permanentes salen a los 5 - 7 años

2 das Muelas Permanentes salen a los 11-14 años



¿Dónde se colocan los Selladores?

 En muelas permanentes que tienen surcos pronunciados y profundos

¿Cómo se colocan?

- · Primero se limpian las muelas
- Despues se aplica el líquido sellador en los surcos.
- El procedimiento NO causa dolor

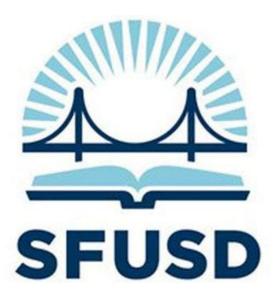








Dental Robinhood



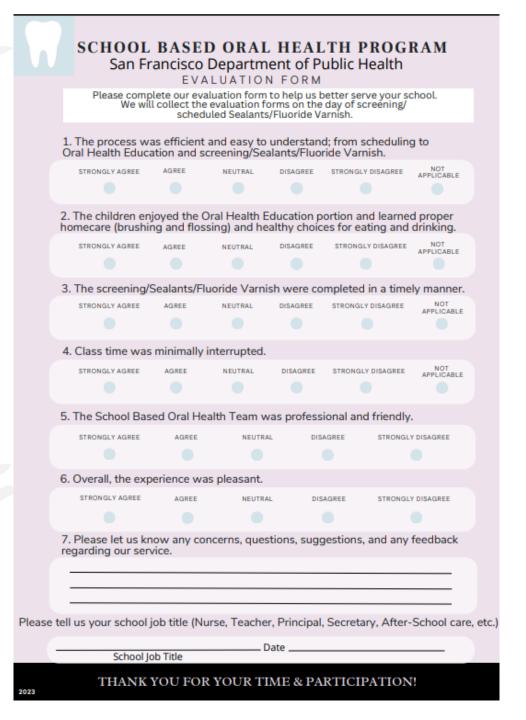


NICOS Chinese Health Coalition



Evaluation

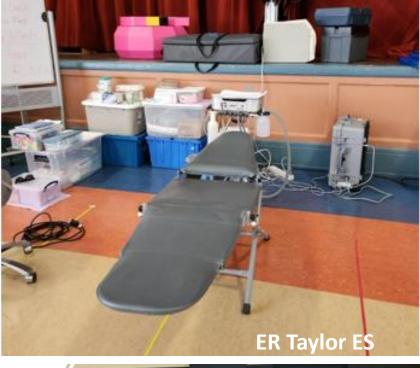
 Developed an evaluation form to be completed by a school staff member that worked closely with us during our screening and dental sealant placement



Intersection with Care Coordination Funding

	Class II- Some cavities	Class III- Urgent- pain, swelling
All sealant schools (2nd & 5th)	273	29
All Kindergarten	604	95
Total	881	124

- School-based program staff refer kids with dental problems to SDDT-funded SFUSD carecoordination staff (\$200,000)
- Funding not allocated by Mayor's office this year has been replaced, one-time-only
- What will happen if Mayor's office does not reinstate \$200,000 care coordination funding next year?















Thank you, SDDTAC!!!!

