Table 1. STIs among residents, August, 2024. Female syphilis cases include patients assigned as female at birth.

| yphinis cases merade patrents assigned as remare at ortin. | | | | | | | |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|--|
| | 2024 | | 2023 | | | | |
| | month | YTD | month | YTD | | | |
| Gonorrhea | 470 | 3,092 | 495 | 3,356 | | | |
| Male rectal gonorrhea | 165 | 1,092 | 164 | 1,077 | | | |
| Chlamydia | 373 | 2,885 | 480 | 3,947 | | | |
| Male rectal chlamydia | 69 | 580 | 117 | 1097 | | | |
| Syphilis (adult total) | 77 | 600 | 96 | 809 | | | |
| Primary & secondary | 16 | 111 | 27 | 189 | | | |
| Early latent | 34 | 225 | 40 | 350 | | | |
| Unknown latent | 7 | 106 | 13 | 111 | | | |
| Late latent | 20 | 158 | 16 | 159 | | | |
| Neurosyphilis | 2 | 8 | 4 | 18 | | | |
| Congenital syphilis | 1 | 2 | 0 | 2 | | | |
| Female syphilis | 16 | 96 | 13 | 107 | | | |

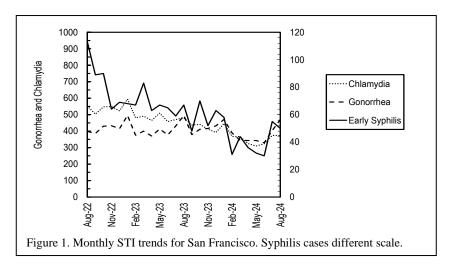


Table 2. Selected STI cases and rates for San Francisco by age and race/ethnicity, 2024 through August only. Rates equal cases per 100,000 residents per year based on 2020 US Census Data. (Please see the Executive Summary of the 2021 San Francisco STI Annual Summary for more details about the incorporation of 2020 Census data.)

| | (All races) | | Asian/PI | | African American | | Hispanic | | White | |
|----------------|-------------|-------|----------|------|------------------|---------|----------|------|-------|----------|
| | cases | rate | cases | rate | cases | rate | cases | rate | cases | rate |
| All ages | | | | | | | | | | |
| Chlamydia | 2,885 | 61.9 | 287 | 18.3 | 353 | 146.9 | 418 | 57.3 | 617 | 33.9 |
| Gonorrhea | 3,092 | 66.3 | 317 | 20.2 | 269 | 111.9 | 636 | 87.2 | 1,097 | 60.3 |
| Early syphilis | 336 | 7.2 | 27 | 1.7 | 49 | 20.4 | 91 | 12.5 | 107 | 5.9 |
| Under 20 yrs | | | | | | | | | | <u>.</u> |
| Chlamydia | 325 | 395.9 | 21 | 74.5 | 86 | 1,557.2 | 18 | 87.6 | 45 | 233.0 |
| Gonorrhea | 47 | 57.3 | 4 | 14.2 | 14 | 253.5 | 6 | 29.2 | 5 | 25.9 |
| Early syphilis | 3 | 3.7 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 3 | 14.6 | 0 | 0.0 |

Table 3. HIV testing among City Clinic patients, August, 2024.

| | 2024 | | 2023 | |
|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | month | YTD | month | YTD |
| Tests | 381 | 2,732 | 338 | 2,606 |
| Antibody positive | 5 | 47 | 2 | 36 |
| Acute HIV infection | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |

Note: All statistics are provisional until the annual report is released for the year. Morbidity is based on date of diagnosis. Totals for past months may change due to delays in reporting from labs and providers.

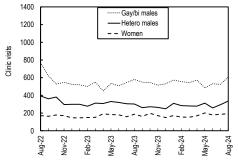


Figure 2. City Clinic visits by gender and orientation.

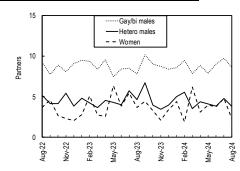


Figure 3. Average number of recent* sex partners for City Clinic visits by gender and sexual orientation. *Recall period is 3 months.

SFDPH Has Moved to SF.gov

The San Francisco Department of Public Health has a new website: <u>sf.gov/dph</u>. This move is part of a broader citywide initiative that is helping departments make their content more locatable, accessible, and understandable.

Visit the <u>Disease Prevention and Control Branch</u> page for links to our three population health clinics, as well as other population health services such as immunizations, TB testing, animal bite/rabies information, and respiratory virus testing and treatment.

You will also find the new pages for <u>disease reporting</u>, <u>health alerts</u>, <u>STI</u> and <u>HIV</u> reports, and the <u>Public Health Laboratory</u>, and can sign-up to receive health alerts here.

You can continue to find SF City Clinic online at <u>sfcityclinic.org</u>. On the SF City Clinic website, you can find important updates regarding HIV and STI screening and treatment including our citywide screening guidelines and City Clinic STI protocols, information about our services, educational materials for patients, and a provider blog.