ONDANSETRON (Zofran) - Public Comment August 2023

ACTION: Anti-Emetic

• Selective antagonism of the serotonin 5-HT₃ receptor resulting in decreased nausea and vomiting

INDICATIONS:

Severe-Nausea and Vomiting

CONTRAINDICATIONS:

- History of hypersensitivity to similar drugs: Dolasetron (Anzemet), Granisetron (Kytril), or Palonosetron (Aloxi) or to ondansetron (Zofran).
- Taking Apomorphine (Apokyn, Ixense, Spontane, Uprima), an injectable drug for Parkinson's Disease, or rarely used for erectile dysfunction.
- Do not give oral tablet or solution to known phenylketonurics (contains phenylalanine).
- Patient has a prolonged QT interval (>440 ms in males or greater than 460 ms in females).

POTENTIAL SIDE EFFECTS

- Hypotension Dizziness
- Syncope
 Anaphylaxis
- QT prolongation
 Flushing
- Headache
 Rash
- Diarrhea

ADULT DOSE/ROUTE:

 \Rightarrow 4 mg slow IVP/IM or 48mg tablet ODT (dissolved on the tongue). \Rightarrow May repeat in 20min for continued nausea up to $\frac{12-8}{2}$ mg.

PEDIATRIC DOSE/ROUTE:

- ⇒ Less than 6 months: DON'T USE
- ⇒ 6 months 12 years old or <40kg: 0.1mg/kg slow IVP/IO (max 4mg)
- ⇒ **Greater than 4 years old:** May give 4mg tablet ODT (dissolved on the tongue). Do not repeat.
- ⇒ Greater than 12 years or >40kg: 4mg slow IVP/IO. May repeat in 20min for continued nausea up to 12mg.

NOTES:

- Should be administered IV over 2-5 minutes. Rapid administration has been associated with increased incidence of side effects including syncope.
- Oral disintegrating tablets (ODT's) can be placed on tongue and do not need to be chewed. Medication will dissolve and be swallowed with saliva.

• Ondansetron can be used in pregnancy and breast-feeding mothers (pregnancy class B).

Effective: xxxxxxx Supersedes: 11/01/17

