

CURRENT RESEARCH & EPIDEMIOLOGY AT THE CENTER ON SUBSTANCE USE AND HEALTH

Phillip Coffin MD August 6, 2024

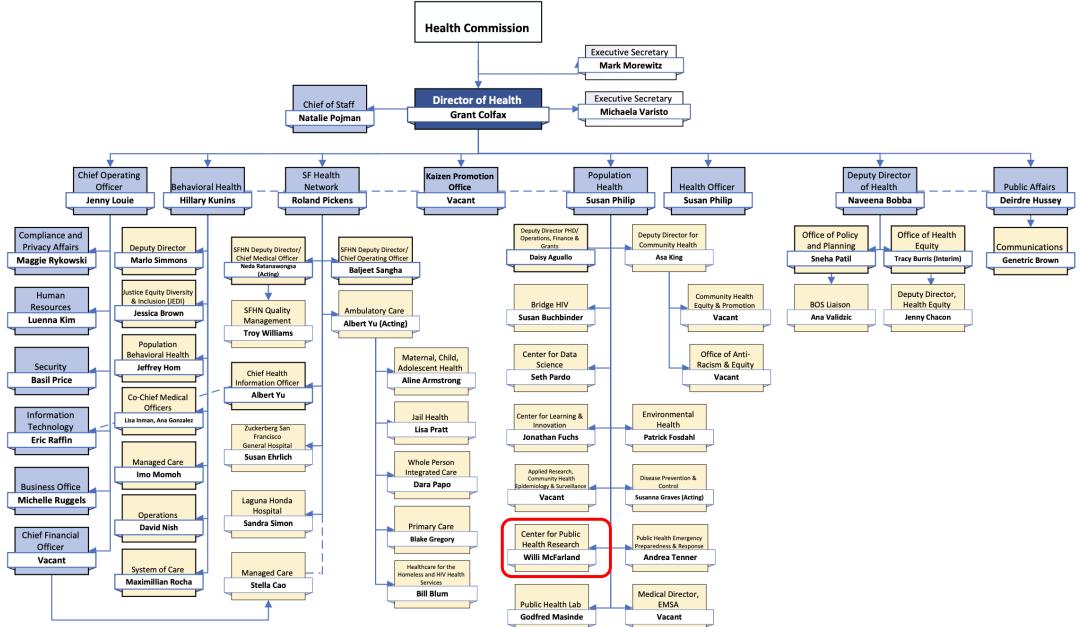


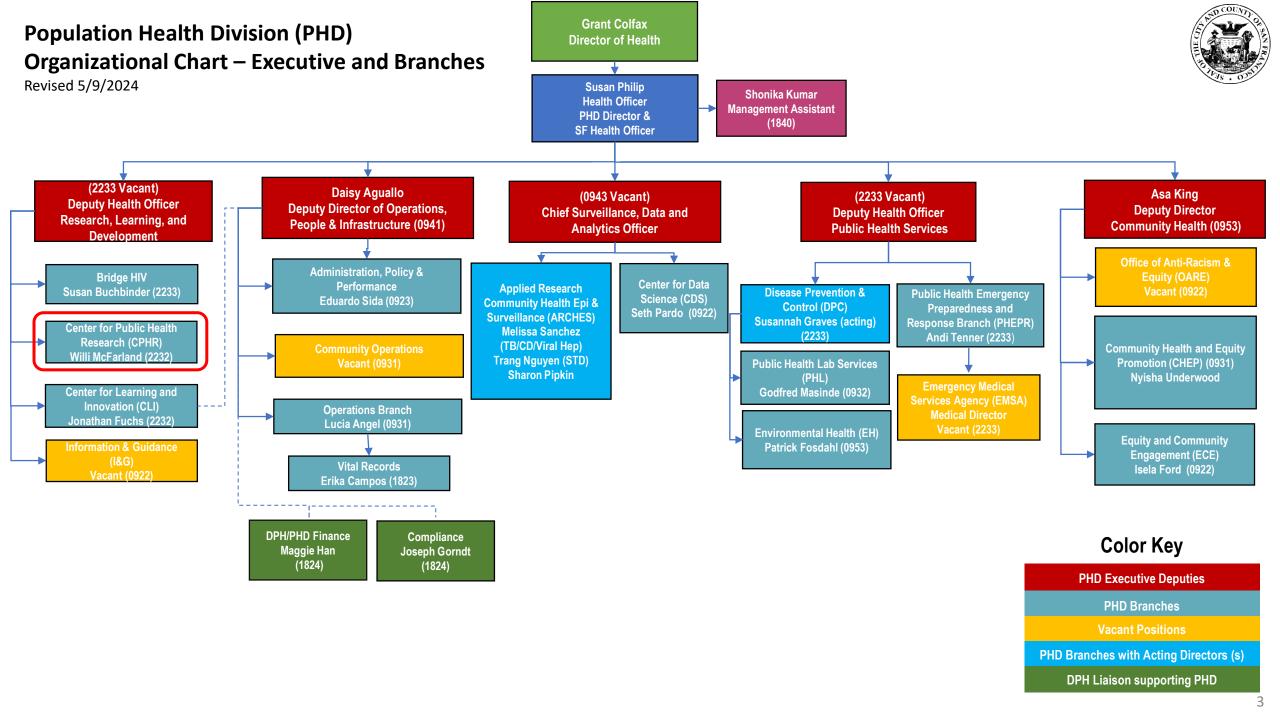


















~ 30 staff:

- Investigators
- Research Clinicians
- Research Analysts/Epidemiologist - Recruitment Staff
- Clinical Psychologist
- Study Managers

- Community/Recruitment Manager
- Research Associates
- Interns and Fellows

ACTIVE CSUH PROJECTS



















Example Stimulant Death from LASSO Study

Death due to "acute methamphetamine toxicity", age 56y

from
Midwest estranged
from family

"Found family" uses meth

Friends

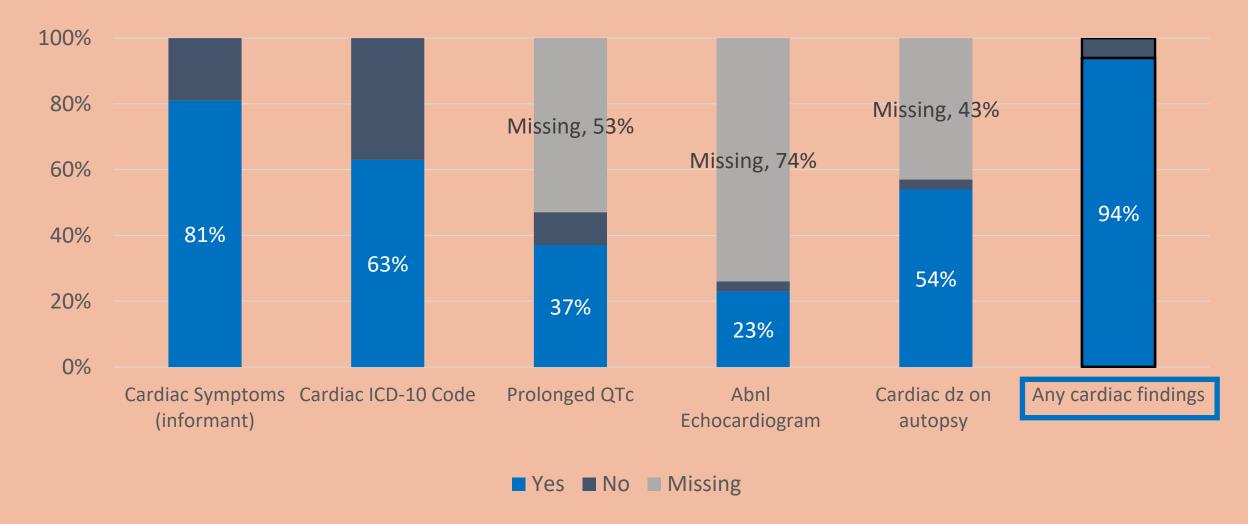
age out

of use

Develops CHF and COPD Too sick to visit friend at end of hall Found in SRO room after not being seen x1w, +meth toxicology

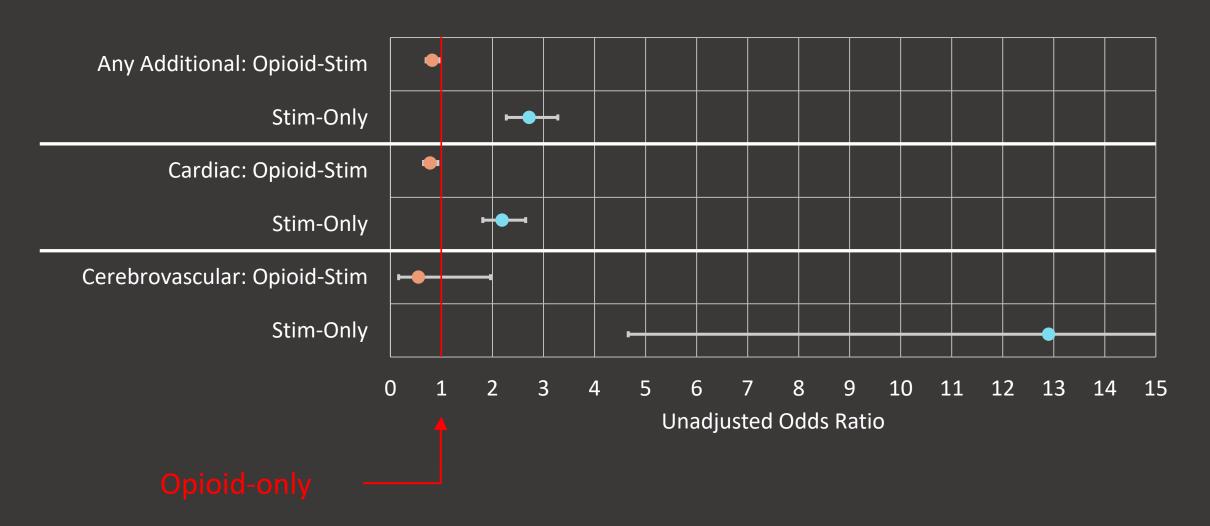
Cardiovascular Problems in "Acute" Stimulant-Only Deaths – LASSO Study

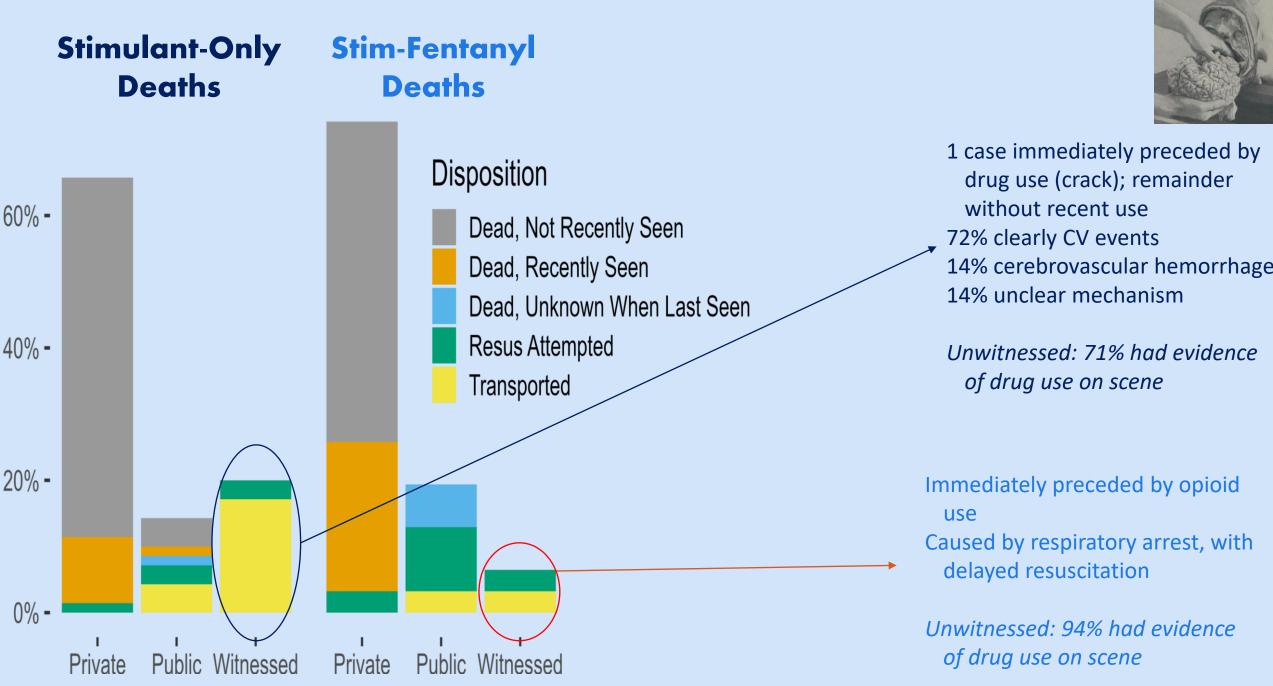




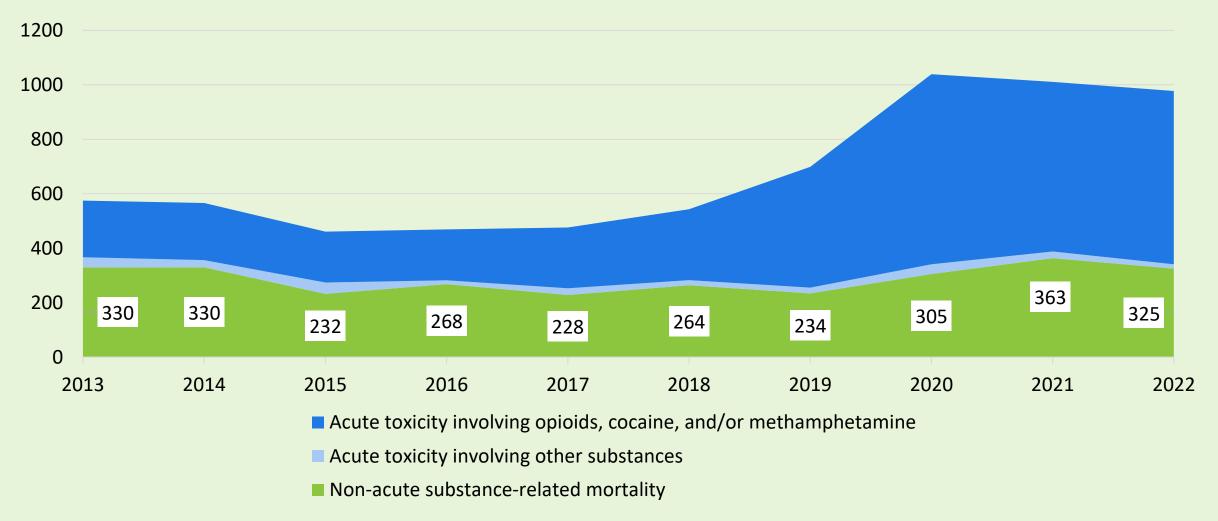
Additional Causes of Death or Significant Conditions among Acute Opioid, Opioid-Stimulant, and Stimulant Toxicity deaths, SF 2013-2023:

Opioid-stimulant Similar to Opioid-only Deaths

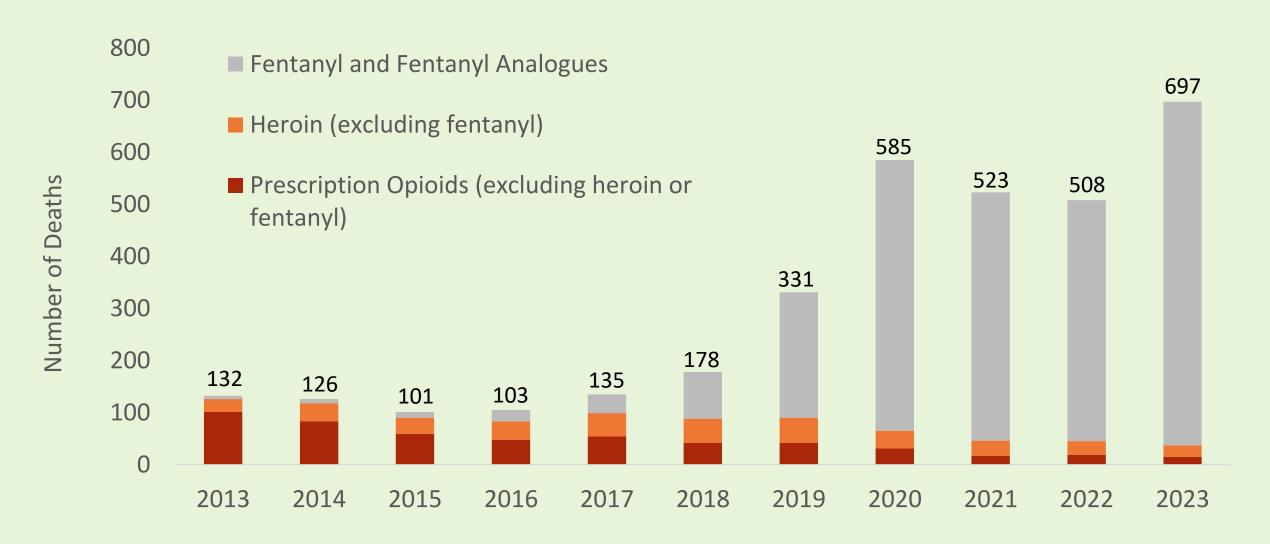




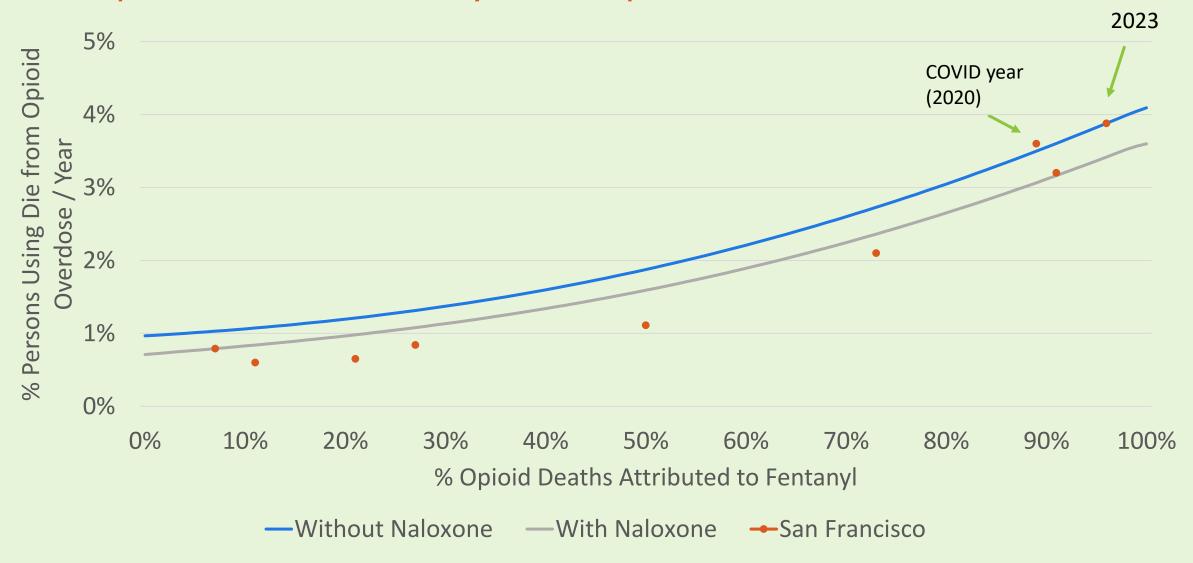
Number of Substance-Related Deaths in SF by Acute v Non-Acute



Opioid Overdose Deaths in SF



Opioid overdose mortality, with empiric data from San Francisco



Conclusions

- CSUH continues efforts to identify effective SUD pharmacotherapies and address comorbid health conditions including HIV
- Fentanyl drives overdose mortality and saturation accounts for most changes in mortality
- Stimulant deaths are NOT like opioid overdose deaths, but more similar to alcohol deaths, largely due to chronic (cardiovascular) disease and affected by social isolation









THANK YOU!

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POPULATION HEALTH DIVISION

SAN FRANCISCO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH