AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 19, 2023 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MAY 18, 2023 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 11, 2023 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MARCH 23, 2023

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE-2023-24 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 764

Introduced by Assembly Members Bryan and Cervantes

February 13, 2023

An act to amend Section 35 of the Code of Civil Procedure, to amend Sections 1002, 5019, 5019.5, 5020, 5021, 5023, 5027, and 5028 of, to repeal Section 5019.7 of, and to repeal and add Section 1005 of, the Education Code, to amend Sections 21500, 21500.1, 21503, 21506, 21534, 21544, 21552, 21564, 21574, 21600, 21601, 21603, 21605, 21606, 21620, 21621, 21623, 21625, 21626, 21630, 22000, 23002, and 23003 of, to add Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 21100) to Division 21 of, to repeal Sections 21501, 21507, 21507.1, 21508, 21509, 21602, 21607, 21607.1, 21608, 21609, 21622, 21627, 21627.1, 21628, 21629, and 22002 of, and to repeal and add Section 22001 of, the Elections Code, and to amend Sections 34874, 34877.5, 34884, 34886, and 57301 of the Government Code, relating to elections.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 764, as amended, Bryan. Local redistricting.

Existing law requires counties, general law and charter cities, and special districts that elect their governing boards using district-based elections to adopt, in a prescribed manner, new district boundaries following each federal decennial census. Existing law also requires

county boards of education, and the governing boards of school districts and community college districts in which trustee areas have been established, to adopt new boundaries for their trustee areas following each federal decennial census.

This bill would revise and recast these provisions. The bill would require counties, county boards of education, cities, school districts, community college districts, and special districts, if the governing body of these local governments is elected by districts, to comply with uniform requirements related to redistricting. The bill would require local governments to adopt district boundaries, using specified criteria, following the decision to establish district-based elections and following each federal decennial census.

This bill would define the term "destructing body," as specified, and clarify requirements applicable to advisory or hybrid redistricting commissions. This bill would require an advisory or hybrid redistricting commission to comply with specified requirements when recommending changes to the legislative body's district boundaries.

The bill would require a local government, before adopting new district boundaries, to hold at least one public workshop and a specified number of public hearings, with the number of hearings determined by the type and size of the local government. This bill would require all public hearings held by an advisory or hybrid redistricting commission to comply with the same requirements applicable to hearings held by the destructing body. This bill would impose requirements relating to workshops and public hearings upon local jurisdictions, destructing bodies, and advisory and hybrid redistricting commissions, as specified. The bill would require the local government to adopt a redistricting public education and outreach plan before March 1 of every year ending in 1. If a local jurisdiction establishes a hybrid redistricting commission to recommend changes to the legislative body's district boundaries, this bill would require the local jurisdiction, not the hybrid redistricting commission, to adopt the public education and outreach plan, as specified. The bill would also require the local government to establish and maintain an accessible internet web page dedicated to redistricting to provide specified information to the public. The bill would require the Secretary of State to develop templates for such web pages and to provide a redistricting training for local governments. This bill would also require the Secretary of State to make available to the public a free electronic mapping tool, as specified.

For redistricting occurring in 2031 and thereafter, the bill would require district boundaries to be adopted no later than 204 days before the local government's next regular election occurring after January 1 in each year ending in the number 2. If the responsible body misses that deadline, the bill would require the body to immediately petition a superior court in a county in which the local jurisdiction is located for an order adopting election district boundaries, as specified. The bill would authorize any interested person to bring an action in superior court alleging a violation of the bill's requirements.

3

Under existing law, county boards of supervisors and city councils that have adopted district-based elections are prohibited from adopting new district boundaries until after the next federal decennial census, except under certain circumstances.

This bill would authorize the adoption of new district boundaries before the next federal decennial census if the number of supervisors or city council members elected by districts changes or if an independent redistricting commission is established to adopt new districts before the next census.

The bill would provide that a member of the governing body of a local government continues to represent the constituents residing in the district boundaries from which the member was elected for the duration of that term of office. The bill would specify that a local government may assign a public official, as specified, to provide constituent services to residents of an area that is temporarily not represented by a member of the governing body of the local government due to redistricting.

By increasing the duties of local officials with respect to redistricting, the bill would create a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to the statutory provisions noted above.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 35 of the Code of Civil Procedure, as 1 2 amended by Section 1 of Chapter 745 of the Statutes of 2022, is 3 amended to read: 4 35. (a) Proceedings in cases involving the registration or denial 5 of registration of voters, the certification or denial of certification of candidates, the certification or denial of certification of ballot 6 7 measures, election contests, actions under Section 20010 of the 8 Elections Code, and actions under Chapter 2 (commencing with 9 Section 21100) of Division 21 of the Elections Code shall be placed 10 on the calendar in the order of their date of filing and shall be given 11 precedence. 12 (b) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2027, 13 and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that is enacted before January 1, 2027, deletes or extends that date. 14 15 SEC. 2. Section 35 of the Code of Civil Procedure, as amended 16 by Section 2 of Chapter 745 of the Statutes of 2022, is amended 17 to read: 18 35. (a) Proceedings in cases involving the registration or denial 19 of registration of voters, the certification or denial of certification 20 of candidates, the certification or denial of certification of ballot 21 measures, election contests, and actions under Chapter 2 22 (commencing with Section 21100) of Division 21 of the Elections 23 Code shall be placed on the calendar in the order of their date of 24 filing and shall be given precedence. 25 (b) This section shall become operative January 1, 2027. 26 SEC. 3. Section 1002 of the Education Code is amended to 27 read: 28 1002. (a) Upon being so requested by the county board of 29 education, the county committee on school district organization, 30 by a two-thirds vote of the members, may either change the 31 boundaries of any or all of the trustee areas of the county pursuant 32 to Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 21100) of Division 21 of 33 the Elections Code, or propose to increase or decrease the number

34 of members of the county board of education, or both.

35 (b) Following each decennial federal census, the county 36 committee shall adopt trustee area boundaries pursuant to Chapter

2 (commencing with Section 21100) of Division 21 of the Elections

38 Code.

(c) Except as to the redistricting deadline provided in Section
 21140 of the Elections Code, changes in trustee area boundaries
 or a proposed reduction in the number of county board of education
 members shall be made in writing and filed with the county board
 of supervisors not later than the first day of March of any school
 year.
 (d) Whenever the boundaries of trustee areas are changed so as

7 (d) Whenever the boundaries of trustee areas are changed so as
8 to be coterminous with those of supervisorial districts of the county,
9 excluding any part of a trustee area that is outside of the county
10 pursuant to Section 1001, the election for members of the county
11 board of education shall be consolidated with the countywide
12 election.

13 (e) Whenever the number of members of the county board of 14 education elected by single-member trustee area is equal to the 15 number of county supervisors elected by single-member supervisorial district, the trustee areas shall be coterminous with 16 17 those of the supervisorial districts of the county and the county 18 committee shall not redistrict the trustee areas, except that the 19 county committee shall assign for voting purposes a trustee area 20 to qualified electors residing outside of the county as provided in 21 Section 1001.

22 (f) (1) Where the governing board of a county unified school 23 district or a unified or elementary school district that includes all 24 of the territory over which a county superintendent of schools has 25 jurisdiction serves as the county board of education pursuant to 26 subdivision (a) of Section 1000, and where the number of members 27 of the governing board elected by single-member trustee area is 28 equal to the number of county supervisors elected by 29 single-member supervisorial district, notwithstanding any other 30 law, trustee areas shall be established pursuant to subdivision (e). 31 (2) Where the governing board of a county unified school district 32 or a unified or elementary school district that includes all of the 33 territory over which a county superintendent of schools has 34 jurisdiction serves as the county board of education pursuant to 35 subdivision (a) of Section 1000, and where the number of members 36 of the governing board elected by single-member trustee area is 37 not equal to the number of county supervisors elected by 38 single-member supervisorial district, trustee areas shall be

39 established pursuant to Article 1 (commencing with Section 5000)

40 of Chapter 1 of Part 4 and not pursuant to this article.

1 SEC. 4. Section 1005 of the Education Code is repealed.

2 SEC. 5. Section 1005 is added to the Education Code, to read:

3 1005. (a) Notwithstanding subdivision (a) of Section 1000, 4 the term of office of any member of a county board of education

5 who has been elected and whose term of office has not expired

6 shall not be affected by any change in the boundaries of the area

7 from which the member was elected and that member shall

8 continue to represent the constituents residing in the area

9 boundaries from which the member was elected for the duration

10 of that term of office. This section does not prevent a board from

11 assigning a trustee or county office of education official to provide

12 constituent services to residents of an area that is temporarily not13 represented by a trustee due to redistricting.

(b) At the first election for a member of the county board ofeducation following adoption of the boundaries of trustee areas,

16 excluding a special election to fill a vacancy or a recall election,

17 a member shall be elected for each area under the new trustee area

18 plan that has the same district number as a trustee area whose

19 incumbent's term is due to expire.

20 (c) For a county board of education employing both a primary

21 and a general election, a change in the boundaries of a trustee area

shall not be made between the direct primary election and the general election.

25 general election. 24 SEC. 6. Section 5019 of the Education Code is amended to

25 read:

5019. (a) (1) In any school district or community college district, the county committee on school district organization may establish trustee areas, rearrange the boundaries of trustee areas, abolish trustee areas, and increase to seven from five, or decrease from seven to five, the number of members of the governing board, or adopt one of the alternative methods of electing governing board

32 members specified in Section 5030.

33 (2) For any school district whose average daily attendance34 during the preceding year was less than 300, the county committee

35 on school district organization may decrease from five to three the

36 number of members of the governing board, or adopt one of the 37 alternative methods of electing governing board members specified

alternative methods of electing governing board members specifiedin Section 5030.

39 (3) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the county committee on40 school district organization shall not rearrange trustee area

boundaries in a school district or community college district that
 has established a hybrid or independent redistricting commission
 for this purpose pursuant to Section 23003 of the Elections Code,

4 the charter of a city or city and county, or a legal settlement.

5 (b) The county committee on school district organization may 6 establish or abolish a common governing board for a high school 7 district and an elementary school district within the boundaries of 8 the high school district. The resolution of the county committee 9 on school district organization approving the establishment or 10 abolition of a common governing board shall be presented to the 11 electors of the school districts as specified in Section 5020.

12 (c) (1) A proposal to make the changes described in subdivision 13 (a) or (b) may be initiated by the county committee on school 14 district organization or made to the county committee on school 15 district organization either by a petition signed by 5 percent or 50, 16 whichever is less, of the qualified registered voters residing in a 17 district in which there are 2,500 or fewer qualified registered voters, 18 by 3 percent or 100, whichever is less, of the qualified registered 19 voters residing in a district in which there are 2,501 to 10,000 20 qualified registered voters, by 1 percent or 250, whichever is less, 21 of the qualified registered voters residing in a district in which 22 there are 10,001 to 50,000 qualified registered voters, by 500 or 23 more of the qualified registered voters residing in a district in 24 which there are 50,001 to 100,000 qualified registered voters, by 25 750 or more of the qualified registered voters residing in a district 26 in which there are 100,001 to 250,000 qualified registered voters, 27 or by 1,000 or more of the qualified registered voters residing in 28 a district in which there are 250,001 or more qualified registered 29 voters or by resolution of the governing board of the district. For 30 this purpose, the necessary signatures for a petition shall be 31 obtained within a period of 180 days before the submission of the 32 petition to the county committee on school district organization, 33 and the number of qualified registered voters in the district shall 34 be determined pursuant to the most recent report submitted by the 35 county elections official to the Secretary of State under Section 36 2187 of the Elections Code. 37

(2) When a proposal is made pursuant to paragraph (1), thecounty committee on school district organization shall call andconduct at least one hearing in the district on the matter. At the

- 1 conclusion of the hearing, the county committee on school district
- 2 organization shall approve or disapprove the proposal.

3 (d) If the county committee on school district organization 4 approves pursuant to subdivision (a) the rearrangement of the 5 boundaries of trustee areas for a particular district, then the 6 rearrangement of the trustee areas shall be effectuated for the next 7 district election occurring at least 125 days after its approval, unless 8 at least 5 percent of the registered voters of the district sign a 9 petition requesting an election on the proposed rearrangement of 10 trustee area boundaries. The petition for an election shall be 11 submitted to the county elections official within 60 days of the 12 proposal's adoption by the county committee on school district 13 organization. If the qualified registered voters approve pursuant 14 to subdivision (b) or (c) the rearrangement of the boundaries to 15 the trustee areas for a particular district, the rearrangement of the 16 trustee areas shall be effective for the next district election

17 occurring at least 125 days after its approval by the voters.

(e) Trustee areas shall comply with the requirements and criteriaof Section 21130 of the Elections Code.

20 SEC. 7. Section 5019.5 of the Education Code is amended to 21 read:

5019.5. (a) Following each decennial federal census, the
governing board of each school district or community college
district in which trustee areas have been established shall adopt
trustee area boundaries pursuant to Chapter 2 (commencing with
Section 21100) of Division 21 of the Elections Code.

27 (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a) of Section 21130 of the 28 Elections Code, if a school district or community college district 29 has one or more multiple-member trustee areas, the governing 30 board shall adopt the boundaries of the areas of the district so that 31 the population of each area is substantially the same proportion of 32 the total population of the district as the ratio that the number of governing board members elected from the area bears to the total 33 34 number of members of the governing board, as required by the 35 United States Constitution. Substantial proportionality of 36 population shall be based on the total population of residents as 37 provided in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 38 21130 of the Elections Code.

39 (c) Except as provided in subdivision (a), the authority to 40 establish or abolish trustee areas, rearrange the boundaries of

1 trustee areas, increase or decrease the number of members of the

2 governing board, or adopt any method of electing governing board

3 members may be exercised only as otherwise provided under this

4 article and Division 21 (commencing with Section 21000) of the

5 Elections Code, as applicable.6 SEC. 8. Section 5019.7 of the

SEC. 8. Section 5019.7 of the Education Code is repealed.

7 SEC. 9. Section 5020 of the Education Code is amended to 8 read:

9 5020. (a) (1) The resolution of the county committee 10 approving a proposal to establish or abolish trustee areas, to adopt 11 one of the alternative methods of electing governing board 12 members specified in Section 5030, or to increase or decrease the 13 number of members of the governing board shall constitute an 14 order of election, and the proposal shall be presented to the electors 15 of the district not later than the next succeeding election for 16 members of the governing board.

17 (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), a county committee may, 18 by resolution, approve a proposal to establish trustee areas and to 19 elect governing board members using district-based elections, as 20 defined in subdivision (b) of Section 14026 of the Elections Code, 21 without being required to submit the resolution to the electors of 22 the district for approval. A resolution adopted pursuant to this 23 paragraph shall include a declaration that the change in the method 24 of electing members of the governing body is being made in 25 furtherance of the purposes of the California Voting Rights Act 26 of 2001 (Chapter 1.5 (commencing with Section 14025) of Division 27 14 of the Elections Code). The resolution shall take effect upon 28 adoption and shall govern all elections for governing board 29 members occurring at least 125 days after the adoption of the 30 resolution. 31 (b) If a petition requesting an election on a proposal to rearrange

trustee area boundaries is filed, containing at least 5 percent of the signatures of the district's registered voters as determined by the elections official, the proposal shall be presented to the electors of the district, at the next succeeding election for the members of the governing board, at the next succeeding statewide primary or general election, or at the next succeeding regularly scheduled election at which the electors of the district are otherwise entitled

39 to vote if there is sufficient time to place the issue on the ballot.

1 The rearranged trustee areas shall comply with the criteria and 2 requirements in Section 21130 of the Elections Code.

3 (c) If a petition requesting an election on a proposal to establish

4 or abolish trustee areas, to increase or decrease the number of

5 members of the board, or to adopt one of the alternative methods

6 of electing governing board members specified in Section 5030 is

7 filed, containing at least 10 percent of the signatures of the district's

8 registered voters as determined by the elections official, the

9 proposal shall be presented to the electors of the district, at the 10 next succeeding election for the members of the governing board,

at the next succeeding statewide primary or general election, or at

12 the next succeeding regularly scheduled election at which the

13 electors of the district are otherwise entitled to vote if there is

14 sufficient time to place the issue on the ballot. Before the proposal

15 is presented to the electors, the county committee on school district

16 organization may call and conduct one or more public hearings on17 the proposal.

18 (d) The resolution of the county committee approving a proposal 19 to establish or abolish a common governing board for a high school and an elementary school district within the boundaries of the high 20 21 school district shall constitute an order of election. The proposal 22 shall be presented to the electors of the district at the next 23 succeeding statewide primary or general election, or at the next succeeding regularly scheduled election at which the electors of 24 25 the district are otherwise entitled to vote if there is sufficient time

26 to place the issue on the ballot.

(e) For each proposal there shall be a separate proposition onthe ballot. The ballot shall contain the following words:

29 "For the establishment (or abolition or rearrangement) of trustee
30 areas in _____ (insert name) School District—Yes" and "For the
31 establishment (or abolition or rearrangement) of trustee areas in
32 _____ (insert name) School District—No."

33 "For increasing the number of members of the governing board
34 of _____ (insert name) School District from five to seven—Yes"
35 and "For increasing the number of members of the governing board
36 of _____ (insert name) School District from five to seven—No."
37 "For decreasing the number of members of the governing board

38 of _____ (insert name) School District from seven to five—Yes" 39 and "For decreasing the number of members of the governing

1 board of _____ (insert name) School District from seven to 2 five—No."

3 "For the election of each member of the governing board of the
4 _____ (insert name) School District by the registered voters of the

5 entire ____ (insert name) School District—Yes" and "For the 6 election of each member of the governing board of the ____ (insert

7 name) School District by the registered voters of the entire

8 (insert name) School District—No."

9 "For the election of one member of the governing board of the 10 _____ (insert name) School District residing in each trustee area

11 elected by the registered voters in that trustee area—Yes" and "For

12 the election of one member of the governing board of the _

13 (insert name) School District residing in each trustee area elected14 by the registered voters in that trustee area—No."

15 "For the election of one member, or more than one member for

16 one or more trustee areas, of the governing board of the _

17 (insert name) School District residing in each trustee area elected

18 by the registered voters of the entire ____ (insert name) School

19 District—Yes" and "For the election of one member, or more than

20 one member for one or more trustee areas, of the governing board

of the _____ (insert name) School District residing in each trustee
 area elected by the registered voters of the entire _____ (insert name)

23 School District—No."

24 "For the establishment (or abolition) of a common governing
25 board in the _____ (insert name) School District and the _____ (insert
26 name) School District—Yes" and "For the establishment (or
27 abolition) of a common governing board in the _____ (insert name)
28 School District and the _____ (insert name) School District—No."
29 (f) If more than one proposal appears on the ballot, all must

30 carry in order for any to become effective, except as follows:

(1) A proposal to adopt one of the methods of election of board
 members specified in Section 5030 that is approved by the voters
 shall become effective unless a proposal that is inconsistent with

34 that proposal has been approved by a greater number of voters.

35 (2) An inconsistent proposal approved by a lesser number of
36 voters than the number which have approved a proposal to adopt
37 one of the methods of election of board members specified in
38 Section 5030 shall not be effective.

39 SEC. 10. Section 5021 of the Education Code is amended to 40 read:

1 5021. (a) If a proposal for the establishment of trustee areas 2 formulated under Sections 5019 and 5020 is approved by a majority 3 of the voters voting at the election, or by the county committee on 4 school district organization when no election is required, any 5 affected incumbent board member shall serve out the board member's term of office and succeeding board members shall be 6 7 nominated and elected in accordance with Section 5030. If two or 8 more trustee areas are established at an election that are not 9 represented in the membership of the governing board of the school district or community college district, the county committee shall 10 determine by lot the trustee area from which the nomination and 11 12 election for the next vacancy on the governing board shall be made. 13 (b) If a proposal for rearrangement of boundaries is approved 14 by a majority of the voters voting on the measure, or by the county committee when no election is required, or by the board, and if 15 the boundary changes affect the board membership, any affected 16 17 incumbent board member shall serve out the board member's term 18 of office and that member shall continue to represent the 19 constituents residing in the area boundaries from which the member was elected for the duration of that term of office. Succeeding 20 21 board members shall be nominated and elected in accordance with 22 Section 5030. This section does not prevent a board from assigning 23 a trustee or school district or community college district official 24 to provide constituent services to residents of an area that is 25 temporarily not represented by a trustee due to redistricting.

(c) If a proposal for abolishing trustee areas is approved by a
majority of the voters voting at the election, the incumbent board
members shall serve out their terms of office and succeeding board
members shall be nominated and elected at large from the district.
SEC. 11. Section 5023 of the Education Code is amended to
read:

32 5023. (a) Whenever an elementary, high school, or unified 33 school district, or a portion of any such district, is annexed to 34 another school district in which trustee areas have been established, 35 the county committee on school district organization of the county 36 having jurisdiction over the annexing district shall study and make 37 recommendations with respect to trustee areas of the annexing 38 district as enlarged. If the recommendations include moving 39 territory from an existing trustee area in the annexing district to 40 another trustee area of the annexing district, the recommendations

shall comply with the criteria and requirements in Section 21130 1

2 of the Elections Code. Procedures contained in Section 5019 shall 3 be used for purposes of this section.

(b) Recommendations adopted under provisions of subdivision 4

5 (a), if approved by the electors, shall become effective on the same 6 date that the annexing district as enlarged becomes effective for

7 all purposes.

8 SEC. 12. Section 5027 of the Education Code is amended to 9 read:

10 5027. Notwithstanding Section 5019, Section 5019.5, or

11 Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 21100) of Division 21 of the

12 Elections Code, whenever the boundaries of a county high school

13 district are coterminous with the boundaries of a county, the board 14 shall consist of one member from each supervisorial district in the

15 county elected at large from the district, and the high school district

shall not go through a redistricting process separate from the 16

17 process for redistricting the county board of supervisors.

SEC. 13. Section 5028 of the Education Code is amended to 18 19 read:

20 5028. In every community college district that was divided

21 into five trustee areas on or before September 7, 1955, one member 22 of the board shall be elected from each trustee area by the registered

23 voters of the trustee area. Following each federal decennial census,

24 the governing board shall, by resolution, adopt boundaries for all

25 of the trustee areas pursuant to Chapter 2 (commencing with

26 Section 21100) of Division 21 of the Elections Code.

27 SEC. 14. Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 21100) is added 28 to Division 21 of the Elections Code, to read:

29

30 Chapter 2. Fair And Inclusive Redistricting for

31 MUNICIPALITIES AND POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS (FAIR MAPS) ACT 32

33

OF 2023

34 21100. (a) This chapter shall be known and may be cited as 35 the Fair And Inclusive Redistricting for Municipalities And 36 Political Subdivisions (FAIR MAPS) Act of 2023.

37 (b) In enacting this chapter, the Legislature finds and declares 38 all of the following:

(1) The California Constitution guarantees to the people equal
 protection of the law and provides that the Legislature shall prohibit
 improper practices that affect elections.

4 (2) Ensuring the integrity, fairness, transparency, and 5 accessibility of the local redistricting process is a matter of 6 statewide interest and concern.

7 (3) Prohibiting discriminatory local redistricting—practices 8 practices, including racially discriminatory gerrymandering, 9 partisan gerrymandering, and incumbency protection 10 gerrymandering, is a matter of statewide interest and concern.

(4) Protecting the people from unrepresentative and delusivelocal electoral systems is a matter of statewide interest and concern.

(5) As a result of changes to state law governing the city and
county redistricting process that were included in the FAIR MAPS
Act (Chapter 557 of the Statutes of 2019), the adjustment of district
boundaries in cities and counties during the 2020 redistricting
cycle was more transparent, participatory, and representative than
in prior years.

19 (6) Notwithstanding these improvements to the redistricting 20 process, research evaluating the 2020 redistricting cycle 21 demonstrates that improvements to the FAIR MAPS Act are 22 necessary to address ambiguities, loopholes, and deficiencies in 23 the legislation that prevented the law's important goals from being 24 fully realized.

(7) This chapter addresses a matter of statewide concern rather
than a municipal affair as that term is used in Section 5 of Article
XI of the California Constitution. Therefore, this chapter applies
to all cities, including charter cities, except as specified.

29 (c) The purpose of this chapter is to do all of the following:

30 (1) Implement the guarantees of the California Constitution,

including Sections 2, 3, and 7 of Article I and Sections 1, 2, 3, and4 of Article II.

(2) Ensure the integrity, fairness, transparency, and accessibility
of the local redistricting process, prohibit discriminatory local
redistricting practices, and protect the people from unrepresentative
and delusive local electoral systems.

37 (3) Establish requirements to ensure minimum standards of

transparency and accessibility in the local redistricting process so

39 that the public is able to provide information to assist their local

40 governments in adopting fair and equitable district maps.

1 (4) Establish mandatory destructing and redistricting criteria to 2 promote fair and effective representation for all people, 3 neighborhoods, and communities, and particularly for 4 disadvantaged, historically marginalized, under-resourced, 5 low-income, and underrepresented neighborhoods and 6 communities. 7 (5) Establish ranked criteria that prioritize keeping whole 8 neighborhoods and communities of interest together, facilitate 9 political organization and constituent representation, and prohibit 10 gerrymandering, including incumbent-protection gerrymandering. 11 (6) Provide a means for residents to hold their local governments

accountable for conducting a fair and transparent redistricting
process and adopting district maps that comply with this chapter.
(d) This chapter shall be liberally construed to effectuate its

purposes.
21110. For purposes of this chapter, the following terms have
the following meanings:

18 (a) "Adopt" or "adoption" in regard to election district19 boundaries means the passage of an ordinance or resolution20 specifying those boundaries.

21 (b) "Applicable language" means the following:

(1) For a county or county office of education that is not a small
education district, any language in which ballots are required to
be provided in the county pursuant to Section 203 of the federal
Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. Sec. 10503).

(2) (A) For a city, any language that is spoken by a group of
city residents with limited English proficiency who constitute 3
percent or more of the city's total population over four years of
age for whom language can be determined. determined, as
determined by the Secretary of State in accordance with paragraph
(2) of subdivision (c) of Section 21170.

32 (B) To determine the applicable languages for each city, in 2030 33 and in each year ending in the number zero thereafter, the Secretary 34 of State, in consultation with the database developed in accordance with subdivision (b) of Section 8253 of the Government Code, 35 36 shall request a special tabulation from the United States Census 37 Bureau of the most recent data on limited English proficiency from 38 the bureau's American Community Survey that satisfies 39 subparagraph (A). If the bureau is unable to produce that data, the 40 Secretary of State shall base the Secretary of State's determination

1 on the table from the American Community Survey enumerating

2 the number of residents with limited English proficiency that has

3 the largest number of languages included, that is publicly available,

4 and that was produced within the previous 10 years.

5 (3) For a school district that is not a small education district,

6 any language in which a school within the district is required to7 provide translated materials pursuant to Section 48985 of the8 Education Code.

9 (4) For a community college district that is not a small education 10 district, any language that qualifies as an applicable language 11 pursuant to paragraph (1) for a county in which the community 12 college district is located.

13 (5) For a special district or a small education district, no 14 applicable language shall be required under this chapter.

15 (c) "Election district" means an election district of the legislative 16 body, including a county supervisorial district, county board of 17 education trustee area, city council district, school district trustee 18 area, community college district trustee area, or a special district 19 governing board division.

20 (d) "Legislative body" means a county board of supervisors, a
21 county board of education, a city council, a governing board of a
22 school district, a governing board of a community college district,

23 or a governing board of a special district.

(e) "Local jurisdiction" means a county, a county office of
education, a general law city, a charter city, a school district, a
community college district, or a special district.

27 (f) "Small education district" means any of the following:

(1) A county office of education in a county that has a total
population of fewer than 250,000 residents, as of the most recent
census.

31 (2) A school district serving an area that has a total population32 of fewer than 250,000 residents, as of the most recent census.

(3) A community college district serving an area that has a total
population of fewer than 250,000 residents, as of the most recent
census.

36 (g) "Member," unless otherwise specified, means a member of
37 a legislative body elected by or from districts, including a county
38 supervisor, county board of education member, city council
39 member, school district trustee, community college district trustee,
40 or special district governing board member.

1 (h) "Districting body" means the body that has the power to 2 adopt a legislative body's election districts, and which may include 3 an independent redistricting commission.

4 (i) "Advisory redistricting commission," "hybrid redistricting
5 commission," and "independent redistricting commission" have
6 the same meanings as those terms are defined in Section 23000,
7 and include any commission created by a charter city that meets
8 those definitions.

9 21120. This chapter applies to a county, county office of 10 education, general law city, charter city, school district, community 11 college district, or special district whose legislative body is elected 12 by districts or from districts.

13 21130. (a) Following or concurrent with the decision to 14 establish district-based elections for a legislative body, or following 15 each federal decennial census for a legislative body that is already 16 elected using district-based elections, the districting body shall, 17 by ordinance or resolution, adopt boundaries for all of the election 18 districts of the legislative body so that the election districts shall 19 be substantially equal in population as required by the United 20 States Constitution.

(1) Population equality shall be based on the total population
 of residents of the local jurisdiction as determined by the most
 recent federal decennial census for which the redistricting data

24 described in Public Law 94-171 are available.

25 (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), an incarcerated person, as 26 that term is used in Section 21003, shall not be counted towards 27 a local jurisdiction's population, except for an incarcerated person 28 whose last known place of residence may be assigned to a census 29 block in the local jurisdiction, if information about the last known 30 place of residence for incarcerated persons is included in the 31 computerized database for redistricting that is developed in 32 accordance with subdivision (b) of Section 8253 of the Government 33 Code, and that database is made publicly available.

34 (b) The districting body shall adopt election district boundaries

that comply with the United States Constitution, the CaliforniaConstitution, and the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C.

37 Sec. 10301 et seq.).

38 (1) Consistent with the districting body's existing obligations

39 under the federal Voting Rights Act, the districting body shall

40 determine whether it is possible to create an election district or

1 districts in which a minority group is sufficiently large and 2 geographically compact to constitute a majority in a single-member

3 district, as set forth in Thornburg v. Gingles, 478 U.S. 30 (1986),

4 and as interpreted in case law regarding enforcement of the federal

5 Voting Rights Act with respect to redistricting. The districting

6 body shall publish on its redistricting web page, at a minimum,

7 the results of its analysis within seven days of completing the

8 analysis or prior to adopting election district boundaries, whichever9 occurs first.

10 (2) If the districting body, consistent with its existing obligations 11 under the federal Voting Rights Act, conducts an analysis to 12 determine whether "racially polarized voting," as defined in case 13 law regarding enforcement of the federal Voting Rights Act, exists 14 in the local jurisdiction, the districting body shall publish on its 15 redistricting web page, at a minimum, a summary of its analysis 16 and findings within seven days of completing the analysis or prior

17 to adopting election district boundaries, whichever occurs first.

(c) The districting body shall adopt election district boundaries
using the following criteria as set forth in the following order of
priority:

(1) To the maximum extent practicable, election districts shall
be geographically contiguous. Areas that meet only at the points
of adjoining corners are not contiguous. Areas that are separated
by water and not connected by a bridge, tunnel, or regular ferry
service are not contiguous.

26 (2) To the maximum extent practicable, and where it does not 27 conflict with the preceding criterion in this subdivision, the 28 geographic integrity of any local neighborhood or local community 29 of interest shall be respected in a manner that minimizes its 30 division. A "community of interest" is a population that shares 31 common social or economic interests that should be included within 32 a single election district for purposes of its effective and fair representation. Characteristics of communities of interest may 33 34 include, but are not limited to, shared public policy concerns such as education, public safety, public health, environment, housing, 35 36 transportation, and access to social services. Characteristics of 37 communities of interest may also include, but are not limited to, 38 cultural districts, shared socioeconomic characteristics, similar

39 voter registration rates and participation rates, and shared histories.

1 Communities of interest do not include relationships with political 2 parties, incumbents, or political candidates.

3 (3) To the maximum extent practicable, and where it does not 4 conflict with the preceding criteria in this subdivision, the 5 geographic integrity of a city or census designated place shall be 6 respected in a manner that minimizes its division. This paragraph 7 does not apply to a city.

8 (4) To the maximum extent practicable, and where it does not 9 conflict with the preceding criteria in this subdivision, election districts shall be bounded by natural and artificial barriers, by 10 11 streets, or by the boundaries of the local jurisdiction. Election 12 district boundaries should be easily identifiable and understandable 13 by residents.

14 (5) To the maximum extent practicable, and where it does not 15 conflict with the preceding criteria in this subdivision, election 16 districts shall be drawn to encourage geographical compactness 17 in a manner that nearby areas of population are not bypassed in 18 favor of more distant populations.

19 (d) The districting body shall not adopt election district boundaries for the purpose of favoring or discriminating against 20 21 an incumbent, political candidate, or political party.

22 (e) The districting body shall not adopt election district 23 boundaries using any criterion that is prioritized over the criteria 24 in subdivision (c) or that, expressly or as applied, conflicts with 25 one of the requirements in subdivisions (a) through to (d), inclusive, 26 except as provided in subdivision (g).

27 (f) Within 21 days of adopting final election district boundaries, 28 the districting body shall issue a report that explains the basis on 29 which the districting body made its decisions in achieving 30 compliance with the requirements and criteria described in this 31 section, including, as to each neighborhood, community of interest, 32 city, or census designated place that was split into two or more 33 districts, the reason for that split. This paragraph does not apply 34 to a special district or small education district. Notwithstanding 35 subdivision (i) of Section 23003, if a local jurisdiction establishes 36 a hybrid redistricting commission to recommend changes to the 37 legislative body's district boundaries, the report required by this 38 subdivision shall be issued by the districting body, and not by the

39 commission.

1 (g) Subdivision (c) does not apply to a charter city that has 2 adopted comprehensive or exclusive redistricting criteria in its city 3 charter that includes a requirement to keep whole either 4 communities of interest or neighborhoods. In such a charter city, 5 the report required by subdivision (f) shall explain the basis on 6 which the districting body made its decisions in achieving 7 compliance with the requirements described in this section and 8 the criteria described in the city charter, including, as to each 9 neighborhood or community of interest that was split into two or 10 more districts, the reason for that split. For purposes of this subdivision, "comprehensive or exclusive" means either that the 11 city's charter excludes consideration of redistricting criteria other 12 13 than those that are identified in the city charter or that the city's 14 charter provides two or more mandatory traditional redistricting 15 criteria other than the requirement that districts be equal in 16 population.

(h) If a local jurisdiction establishes an advisory or hybrid
redistricting commission to recommend changes to the legislative
body's district boundaries, any recommendation adopted by the
commission shall comply with the requirements of subdivisions
(a) through (e), inclusive, except as provided in subdivision (g).

(i) The criteria and requirements of this section apply to all
election district boundaries adopted after January 1, 2024, including
district boundaries adopted when a legislative body transitions
from being elected at-large to elected by districts or from districts.
21140. (a) For redistricting occurring in 2031 and thereafter,

the boundaries of the election districts shall be adopted by the
districting body not later than 204 days before the local
jurisdiction's next regular election occurring after January 1 in
each year ending in the number two.

(b) This section does not apply when a legislative bodytransitions from being elected at-large to elected by districts orfrom districts.

(c) This section does not apply to a charter city that has adopted a different redistricting deadline by ordinance or in its city charter, provided that, if the county conducts the city's elections, the county is able to administratively accommodate this later deadline. If the county cannot accommodate that deadline, the county shall provide the charter city with the latest deadline the county can reasonably accommodate, which shall be used as the map-adoption deadline

for purposes of Section 21180 and which the city shall post to the
 city's redistricting web page.

3 21150. (a) Before a districting body adopts new election 4 district boundaries, including when a local jurisdiction redistricts 5 following the federal decennial census or between federal decennial 6 censuses, but not including when a legislative body transitions 7 from being elected at-large to elected by districts or from districts, 8 the local jurisdiction shall hold at least one workshop before the 9 districting body draws a draft map or maps of the proposed 10 election district boundaries and the districting body shall hold 11 public hearings, as specified by this section, at which the public 12 is invited to provide input regarding the composition of one or 13 more neighborhoods, communities of interest, or election districts. 14 (b) For purposes of this chapter, a workshop is a standalone 15 meeting which is conducted by either a local jurisdiction's staff, a consultant hired by the local jurisdiction, or by one or more 16 17 members of the districting body but fewer than a majority of the 18 members of the districting body. At least one workshop shall be 19 held before the districting body draws a draft map or maps of the 20 proposed election district boundaries. At each workshop, the local 21 jurisdiction shall provide the public with information on the 22 redistricting process, information on how the public may provide 23 public comment, and instructions on how to use an online mapping 24 tool to create draft maps or community of interest maps, if 25 applicable. Local jurisdictions may, and are encouraged to, assist 26 the public in drawing and submitting draft maps at the workshop. 27 All submitted draft maps and an oral summary that characterizes 28 the number and nature of the public comments received at the 29 workshop concerning the proposed boundaries of a neighborhood, 30 community of interest, or election district shall be presented to the 31 districting body at the next public hearing. 32 (c) This subdivision applies to special districts and small 33 education districts.

(1) After drawing a draft map or maps, the districting body shall
hold at least two public hearings. This subdivision does not prevent
a districting body from holding a public hearing before drawing a
draft map or maps.

(d) This subdivision applies to counties and cities with a
 population of fewer than 250,000 residents as determined by the
 most recent census and to all school districts, community college

- districts, and county offices of education that are not a small
 education district.
- 3 (1) Before the districting body draws a draft map or maps of
 4 the proposed election district boundaries, the districting body shall
 5 hold at least one public hearing.
- 6 (2) After drawing a draft map or maps, the districting body shall 7 hold at least four additional public hearings.
- 8 (e) This subdivision applies to counties and cities with a 9 population of 250,000 or more, but fewer than 500,000, residents 10 as determined by the most recent census.
- (1) Before the districting body draws a draft map or maps of
 the proposed election district boundaries, the districting body shall
 hold at least two public hearings.
- 14 (2) After drawing a draft map or maps, the districting body shall15 hold at least five additional public hearings.
- 16 (f) This subdivision applies to counties and cities with a 17 population of 500,000 or more residents as determined by the most 18 recent census.
- (1) Before the districting body draws a draft map or maps ofthe proposed election district boundaries, the districting body shallhold at least two public hearings.
- (2) After drawing a draft map or maps, the districting body shallhold at least seven additional public hearings.
- 24 (g) (1) In lieu of the districting body, an advisory redistricting 25 commission that complies with Section 23002 may hold the public
- 26 hearings required by paragraph (1) of subdivision (d), paragraph
- 27 (1) of subdivision (e), and paragraph (1) of subdivision (f). An
- advisory redistricting commission may draw draft maps and holdpublic hearings to consider draft maps, but those public hearings
- shall not fulfill the districting body's responsibility to hold public
- 31 hearings under paragraph (1) of subdivision (c), paragraph (2) of
- subdivision (c), paragraph (2) of subdivision (c), paragraph (2)subdivision (d), paragraph (2) of subdivision (e), or paragraph (2)
- 33 of subdivision (f).
- 34 (2) In lieu of the districting body, a hybrid redistricting
- 35 commission, as defined in subdivision (c) of Section 23000, may 36 hold the public hearings required by subdivisions (c) to (f), 37 inclusive of this section
- 37 inclusive, of this section.
- 38 (3) A public hearing held by an advisory or hybrid redistricting
- 39 commission pursuant to this subdivision shall comply with the
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requirements of this section that would apply to the hearing if the
 hearing were held by the districting body.

3 (h) At least two workshops or public hearings shall be held on4 a Saturday, on a Sunday, or after 6 p.m. on a weekday.

5 (i) The building in which a workshop or public hearing is held 6 shall be accessible to persons with disabilities.

(j) To promote the accessibility of the public hearings, the 7 8 districting body shall permit the public to attend and provide live 9 public comment at each public hearing both in-person and 10 remotely, which should include providing an accessible and clearly 11 audible call-in or internet-based service option. Notwithstanding 12 any other law, the districting body shall not be required to provide 13 a physical location from which the public may remotely provide 14 public comment at a public hearing and the districting body shall 15 not require that the public go to a physical location to remotely 16 provide public comment.

17 (k) If a public hearing is consolidated with a regular or special 18 meeting of the districting body that includes other substantive 19 agenda items, the public hearing shall begin at a fixed time 20 regardless of its order on the agenda, except that the districting 21 body may first conclude any item being discussed or acted upon, 22 including any associated public comment, when that time occurs.

23 The time of the public hearing shall be noticed to the public.

24 (l) Consistent with the Ralph M. Brown Act (Chapter 9) 25 (commencing with Section 54950) of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 26 5 of the Government Code), the districting body may reasonably 27 limit an individual's speaking time at a public hearing. The total 28 amount of time available for all public comment at a public hearing 29 shall not be limited to less than two hours; however, the public 30 comment period may end before two hours if every person desiring 31 to provide public comment has done so.

32 (m) Subdivisions (h) to (j), inclusive, do not apply to special33 districts or small education districts.

21160. (a) The local jurisdiction shall make a good faith effort
to encourage residents, including those in underrepresented
communities and non-English-speaking communities, to participate
in the redistricting process.

(b) Prior to March 1, 2031, and prior to March 1 of every year
ending in one thereafter, the legislative body or districting body
shall adopt a redistricting public education and outreach plan to

1 inform residents about the local jurisdiction's redistricting process

2 and how to participate. Notwithstanding subdivision (i) of Section

3 23003, if a local jurisdiction establishes a hybrid redistricting

4 commission to recommend changes to the legislative body's district

5 boundaries, the public education and outreach plan required by 6 this subdivision shall be adopted by the local jurisdiction, and not

6 this subdivision shall be adopted by the local7 by the commission.

8 (1) A draft version of the plan shall be posted online for a 14-day 9 review and comment period prior to being adopted. In developing 10 the draft plan, the local jurisdiction shall consult with good 11 government, civil rights, civic engagement, neighborhood, or 12 community groups or organizations that are active in the local 13 jurisdiction, including those active in language minority 14 communities, and shall identify those consulted groups or 15 organizations in the draft report.

(2) The plan shall include a description of all of the following:
(A) How the local jurisdiction will devote the necessary
resources on education and outreach to ensure that residents,
including residents speaking an applicable language, are informed
about the local jurisdiction's redistricting process.

(B) Whether and how the local jurisdiction will use the media,
including social media, newspapers, radio, and television, and
including ethnic media and media that serve language minority
communities. The plan shall identify which media the local
jurisdiction anticipates using.

26 (C) Whether and how the local jurisdiction will use paid 27 advertising, including in media publications, on billboards, and 28 on public transportation.

(D) How the local jurisdiction will inform good government,civil rights, civic engagement, neighborhood, or community groups

or organizations that are active in the local jurisdiction, including

32 those active in language minority communities, about the local 33 jurisdiction redistricting process and whether and how the local

jurisdiction will partner with such groups to inform the public.

35 The plan shall identify which groups or organizations the local

36 jurisdiction anticipates informing or partnering with.

37 (E) Whether and how the local jurisdiction will have a

38 community presence, including attending or hosting community

39 events or public town halls.

1 (F) Whether and how the local jurisdiction will have direct 2 contact with residents or registered voters, including through direct 3 mail.

4 (G) Whether and how the local jurisdiction will coordinate its 5 outreach and messaging with other local jurisdictions in the same 6 county that are also redistricting.

7 (H) The number of workshops and public hearings the local 8 jurisdiction intends to hold and their anticipated dates.

9 (c) Throughout the redistricting process, the local jurisdiction 10 shall make a good faith effort to provide redistricting information 11 to all of the following:

(1) Media organizations that provide local jurisdiction news
 coverage, including media organizations that serve language
 minority communities.

(2) Good government, civil rights, civic engagement,
neighborhood, and community groups or organizations that are
active in the local jurisdiction, including those active in language
minority communities.

(3) Any person that has requested to be notified concerning the
local jurisdiction's redistricting process. The local jurisdiction
shall maintain a contact list for all such persons and provide them
with regular updates throughout the redistricting process including,
at minimum, notices of upcoming workshops or public hearings.
(d) The local jurisdiction shall arrange for the live translation

in an applicable language of a workshop or public hearing held
pursuant to this chapter if a request for translation is made at least
72 hours before the workshop or public hearing, unless less than
five days' notice is provided for the workshop or public hearing,
in which case the request shall be made at least 48 hours before

30 the workshop or public hearing.

31 (e) Notwithstanding Section 54954.2 of the Government Code,

the local jurisdiction shall publish the date, time, and location forany workshop or public hearing on the internet at least five days

34 before the workshop or public hearing. However, if there are fewer

35 than 28 days until the deadline to adopt boundaries, the local

36 jurisdiction may publish the agenda date, time, and location for

the workshop or public hearing on the internet for at least-three
 days 72 hours before the workshop or public hearing.

38 days 72 hours before the workshop or public hearing.
39 (f) (1) A draft map shall be published on the internet for at least

40 seven days before being adopted as a final map by the districting

1 body provided that, if there are fewer than 28 days until the 2 deadline to adopt boundaries, the draft map may instead be

3 published on the internet for at least three days. 72 hours.

4 (2) Each draft map prepared by a member of an advisory or 5 hybrid redistricting commission, a member of the districting body,

6 or by employees or contractors of the local jurisdiction, or any7 draft map submitted by the public that a member of the advisory

8 or hybrid redistricting commission or districting body asks be 9 discussed or considered at a future public hearing, shall be

10 accompanied by information on the total population, citizen voting

age population, and racial and ethnic characteristics of the citizen

voting age population of each proposed election district, to the

13 extent the local jurisdiction has that data.

14 (3) (A) An advisory or hybrid redistricting commission, the 15 districting body, and employees or contractors of the local jurisdiction shall not release draft maps of election districts earlier 16 17 than three weeks after the block-level redistricting database required by subdivision (b) of Section 8253 of the Government 18 19 Code is first made publicly available. This subparagraph does not 20 prohibit the commission or districting body from holding 21 workshops or public hearings on the placement of election district 22 boundaries before the earliest date that draft maps of election 23 districts may be released.

(B) If the period of time between the date that the redistricting
database is made publicly available and the map adoption deadline
is fewer than 90 days and more than 59 days, the waiting period
described in subparagraph (A) is reduced to one week. seven days.
(C) If the period of time between the date that the redistricting

database is made publicly available and the map adoption deadline
is fewer than 60 days, the waiting period described in subparagraph
(A) does not apply.

32 (g) The local jurisdiction shall either video or audio record or prepare a written summary of each oral public comment, and each 33 34 deliberation by a districting body or an advisory or hybrid 35 redistricting commission, made at every workshop or public hearing held pursuant to this chapter. The local jurisdiction shall 36 37 make the recording or written summary of a workshop or public 38 hearing available to the public on its redistricting web page no 39 later than seven days after the workshop or public hearing or no 40 later than at least 24 hours before the next workshop or public

1 hearing, whichever deadline is earlier. Notwithstanding subdivision

2 (i) of Section 23003, if a local jurisdiction establishes a hybrid 3 redistricting commission, the local jurisdiction, not the hybrid 4 redistricting commission, shall be responsible for meeting the

5 requirements of this subdivision.

6 (h) (1) The districting body, or an advisory or hybrid 7 redistricting commission, shall allow the public to submit written 8 public comment or draft neighborhood, community of interest, or 9 district maps both in a paper format and electronically.

10 (2) The local jurisdiction shall make any written public 11 comments or draft maps available to the public on its redistricting 12 web page no later than seven days after receiving the public 13 comment or draft map or no later than at least 24 hours before the 14 next workshop or public hearing, if the public comment or draft 15 map is received at least two business days before that workshop 16 or public hearing, whichever deadline is earlier.

17 (i) Prior to holding its first workshop or public hearing, the local 18 jurisdiction shall establish, and maintain for at least 10 years after 19 the adoption of new election district boundaries, an accessible 20 internet web page dedicated to redistricting. The web page may 21 be hosted on the local jurisdiction's existing internet website or 22 another internet website maintained by the local jurisdiction. Prior 23 to the first workshop or public hearing and until new district 24 boundaries are adopted, the homepage of the local jurisdiction's 25 internet website shall include a prominent link to the redistricting 26 web page. The web page shall include, or link to, all of the 27 following information:

(1) A general explanation of the redistricting process for the
 local jurisdiction. This explanation shall be provided in English
 and applicable languages.

(2) An explanation of the procedures for a member of the public
to provide in-person or remote oral public comment during a public
hearing or to submit written public comment or a draft map to the
districting body, or an advisory or hybrid redistricting commission,
either in a paper or electronic format, for consideration at a future
public hearing. The explanation shall be provided in English and
applicable languages.

38 (3) A calendar of all workshop and public hearing dates. A 39 calendar listing that includes the date, time, and location of the

1 2 workshop or public hearing dates satisfies the notice required by

2	subdivision (e).
3	(4) A notice of the applicable languages in which the local
4	jurisdiction will provide live translation of a workshop or public
5	hearing upon request and instructions for making such a request.
6	This notice and these instructions shall be provided in English and
7	applicable languages.
8	(5) Instructions and a method for a person to sign up to receive
9	regular notices regarding redistricting, including notices of
10	upcoming workshops or public hearings. These instructions shall
11	be provided in English and applicable languages.
12	(6) The notice and agenda for each workshop and public hearing.
13	(7) The recording or written summary of each workshop and
14	public hearing.
15	(8) Each draft map considered by the districting body or an
16	advisory or hybrid redistricting commission at a public hearing.
17	(9) Each written public comment submitted to the local
18	jurisdiction.
19	(10) The results of the local jurisdiction's analysis under
20	paragraphs (1) and (2) of subdivision (b) of Section 21130.
21	(11) The existing map of election district boundaries prior to
22	redistricting.
23	(12) The adopted final map of election district boundaries after
24	redistricting, and where applicable, the report required pursuant
25	to subdivision (f) of Section 21130.
26	(j) This section does not apply when a legislative body
27	transitions from being elected at-large to elected by districts or
28	from districts.
29	(k) Subdivisions (b) to (g), inclusive, paragraph (2) of
30	subdivision (h), and paragraphs (4) to (10), inclusive, of subdivision
31	(i) do not apply to special districts or small education districts.
32	Subdivision (i) does not apply to special districts or small education
33	districts that do not have a website for the jurisdiction and are not
34	legally required to establish such a website.
35	21170. (a) No later than December 15, 2030, and no later than
36	December 15 in each year ending in the number zero thereafter,
37	the Secretary of State shall publish in a conspicuous location on
38	the Secretary of State's internet website all of the following
39	documents:
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(1) A template explaining the local jurisdiction redistricting
 process that meets the requirements of paragraph (1) of subdivision
 (i) of Section 21160.

4 (2) A template explaining the procedures for providing public 5 comment in the local jurisdiction redistricting process that meets 6 the requirements of paragraph (2) of subdivision (i) of Section 7 21160.

8 (3) A template of a notice explaining the languages in which a 9 local jurisdiction is required to provide live translation upon request 10 and how to make such a request that meets the requirements of 11 paragraph (4) of subdivision (i) of Section 21160.

(4) A template of instructions for a member of the public to sign up for regular notices regarding redistricting that meets the requirements of paragraph (5) of subdivision (i) of Section 21160.
(5) A template form for a member of the public to describe and identify the boundaries of a neighborhood or community of interest.
(6) To assist local jurisdictions with complying with this chapter,

a brief summary and checklist of all the requirements imposed on
 a local jurisdiction by this chapter.

20 (b) No later than November 1, 2030, and no later than November 21 1 in each year ending in the number zero thereafter, the Secretary

of State shall post online drafts of the documents described in

23 subdivision (a) for at least a 30-day public comment period before

24 finalizing any draft. Prior to posting these drafts, the Secretary of

25 State shall solicit input from good government organizations, civil

rights organizations, firms providing redistricting mapping services,
and statewide associations representing affected local government
agencies.

29 (c) (1) No later than January 1, 2031, and no later than January 30 1 in every year ending in the number one thereafter, the Secretary

1 in every year ending in the number one thereafter, the Secretary
of State shall publish the applicable languages for each city and
county in a conspicuous location on the Secretary of State's internet

33 website.

34 (2) To determine the applicable languages for each city, in 2030 35 and in each year ending in the number zero thereafter, the

36 Secretary of State, in consultation with the developer of the

37 database developed in accordance with subdivision (b) of Section

38 8253 of the Government Code, shall request a special tabulation

39 from the United States Census Bureau of the most recent data on

40 *limited English proficiency from the bureau's American Community*

1 Survey that satisfies paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of Section

2 21110. If the bureau is unable to produce that data, the Secretary

3 of State shall base the Secretary of State's determination on the

4 table from the American Community Survey enumerating the

5 number of residents with limited English proficiency that has the

6 largest number of languages included, that is publicly available,

7 and that was produced within the previous 10 years.

8 (d) No later than February 28, 2031, and no later than February 9 28 in each year ending in the number one thereafter, the Secretary

10 of State shall translate the documents described in paragraphs (1)

11 to (5), inclusive, of subdivision (a) in any applicable language

required for any city or county and shall publish these documents

on a conspicuous location on the Secretary of State's internet
 website.

(e) Prior to finalizing any translated documents pursuant to
subdivision (d), the Secretary of State shall post online drafts of
these documents for at least a 15-day public comment period before
finalizing any draft. Prior to posting these drafts, the Secretary of

19 State shall solicit input from the Language Accessibility Advisory

20 Committee and organizations representing communities that speak

21 each applicable language.

(f) To assist local jurisdictions with complying with this chapter, the Secretary of State shall provide a training to local jurisdictions subject to this chapter and associations representing such local jurisdictions that summarizes the requirements imposed on a local jurisdiction by this chapter. This training shall be video recorded and posted in a conspicuous location on the Secretary of State's internet website.

29 (g) (1) Within 30 days of the computerized database described 30 in subdivision (b) of Section 8253 of the Government Code being 31 made available to the public, the Secretary of State shall make 32 available to the public a free electronic mapping tool, loaded with 33 relevant population and demographic data for each county and city 34 whose legislative body is elected by district, which tool can be 35 used by the public to create neighborhood maps, community of 36 interest maps, or draft district maps that can be submitted to the 37 local jurisdiction's districting body or to an advisory or hybrid 38 redistricting commission. The Secretary of State is authorized and 39 encouraged to create a mapping tool for other local jurisdictions 40 whose legislative bodies are elected by district.

1 (2) Implementation of this subdivision shall be contingent on 2 an appropriation being made for this purpose in the annual Budget 3 Act or another statute.

4 21180. (a) If the districting body does not adopt election 5 district boundaries by the deadlines set forth in subdivision (a) of 6 Section 21140 or adopted pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 7 21140, as applicable, the districting body shall immediately petition 8 a superior court in a county in which the local jurisdiction is located 9 for an order adopting election district boundaries. If the districting 10 body does not petition the superior court within five days after the 11 deadline, any interested person may file that petition and shall be 12 entitled to recover reasonable attorney's fees and costs from the 13 local jurisdiction for doing so.

(b) Upon granting a petition filed pursuant to subdivision (a),
the superior court shall adopt election district boundaries in
accordance with the requirements and criteria set forth in Section
21130, which shall be used in the local jurisdiction's next regular
election. The superior court or a special master appointed by the
superior court shall hold one or more public hearings before the
superior court adopts the election district boundaries.

(c) The election district boundaries adopted by the superior
court shall have the same force and effect as an enacted resolution
or ordinance of the districting body, but shall not be subject to a
referendum.

(d) The superior court may order the adjustment of electoral
deadlines as necessary to implement the new election district
boundaries in the next regular election.

(e) This section does not apply to a charter city that has adopted
in its city charter a different method for adopting city council
district boundaries when a redistricting deadline is missed.

21190. (a) Any interested person may bring an action in the
superior court of the county where a violation of this chapter is
alleged to have occurred or is threatened to occur.

(b) Any interested person may commence an action by
mandamus, injunction, or declaratory relief for the purpose of
stopping ongoing violations or preventing future violations or
threatened violations of this chapter or to determine the
applicability of this chapter to ongoing actions or threatened future
actions.

1 (c) An action for a violation of Section 21130 may be brought

2 at any time prior to an election which shall be conducted using3 district boundaries adopted pursuant to that section.

(d) (1) Prior to bringing an action for a past violation of this
chapter, other than a violation of Sections 21130, 21170, or 21180,
an interested person shall make a written demand of the districting
body or of the advisory or hybrid redistricting commission to cure

8 or correct the alleged violation. The written demand shall be made

9 within 30 days from the date the violation occurred or at any point10 for a continuing violation. Within 15 days of receipt of the demand,

11 the local jurisdiction shall do either of the following:

12 (A) Cure or correct the alleged violation and inform the 13 interested person in writing of its actions to cure or correct the 14 alleged violation.

15 (B) Inform the interested person in writing of its decision not 16 to cure or correct the alleged violation.

17 (2) If the local jurisdiction takes no action or does not cure or 18 correct the violation within the 15-day period described in 19 paragraph (1), the interested person shall have 15 days thereafter to bring an action. A court may award court costs and reasonable 20 21 attorneys' attorney's fees to the plaintiff where it is found that a 22 districting body or an advisory or hybrid redistricting commission 23 violated this chapter and failed to correct the violation or 24 unreasonably delayed correcting the violation after receiving the 25 demand required by this subdivision.

(e) If a plaintiff proves a violation of this chapter is threatened, 26 27 is occurring, or occurred, a court shall order appropriate remedies 28 tailored to prevent or remedy the threatened violation or violation, 29 which may include requiring that the local jurisdiction comply 30 with the requirements of this chapter, requiring that the districting 31 body or an advisory or hybrid redistricting commission hold an 32 additional public hearing, voiding any action taken by the 33 districting body or an advisory or hybrid redistricting commission 34 in violation of this chapter, ordering the districting body to redraw 35 an adopted map, changing an adopted map's district boundaries 36 to bring the map into compliance with the requirements and criteria 37 in Section 21130, or adopting a new map in compliance with the requirements and criteria in Section 21130 after the court or a 38 39 special master holds a public hearing.

1 (f) (1) If, upon finding a violation of this chapter, a court is 2 required to change or adopt new election district boundaries the 3 court may appoint a special master to assist the court. The local 4 jurisdiction shall pay the cost for the special master and associated 5 costs.

6 (2) Subject to the approval of the court, the special master may 7 employ redistricting experts or other consultants or counsel, 8 independent experts in the field of redistricting and computer 9 technology, and other necessary personnel to assist them in their 10 work. In addition, the special master may seek the full cooperation 11 of the local jurisdiction in producing and using whatever data, 12 computer models and programs, and technical assistance that was 13 made available to the districting body or an advisory or hybrid 14 redistricting commission and local jurisdiction personnel who are 15 knowledgeable in the mechanics of drafting redistricting legislation. 16 The court may assist the special master in securing the necessary 17 personnel and the physical facilities required for their work, and 18 to prepare for the prompt submission to the local jurisdiction of a 19 request for local jurisdiction funding for the necessary expenses 20 of the special master and the special master's staff. 21 (g) Consistent with Section 35 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 22 a court shall give precedence to an action brought under this

a court shall give precedence to an action brought under this
chapter.
(h) This chapter does not limit the discretionary remedial

(h) This chapter does not limit the discretionary remedialauthority of any federal or state court.

26 SEC. 15. Section 21500 of the Elections Code is amended to 27 read:

28 21500. Following a county's decision to elect its board using29 district-based elections, or following each federal decennial census

30 for a county whose board is already elected using district-based

31 elections, the board shall, by ordinance or resolution, adopt

boundaries for all of the supervisorial districts of the countypursuant to Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 21100).

34 SEC. 16. Section 21500.1 of the Elections Code is amended 35 to read:

36 21500.1. This chapter applies to a county that elects members37 of the county's board of supervisors by districts or from districts.

38 SEC. 17. Section 21501 of the Elections Code is repealed.

39 SEC. 18. Section 21503 of the Elections Code is amended to 40 read:

21503. (a) After redistricting or districting, a board shall not
 adopt new supervisorial district boundaries until after the next
 federal decennial census, except under the following circumstances:
 (1) A court orders the board to redistrict.

5 (2) The board is settling a legal claim that its supervisorial 6 district boundaries violate the United States Constitution, the 7 federal Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. Sec. 10301 et seq.), 8 or this chapter.

9 (3) The boundaries of the county change by the addition or 10 subtraction of territory.

(4) The number of supervisors elected by districts or fromdistricts is increased or decreased.

(5) An independent redistricting commission is established
pursuant to Section 23003 to adopt new supervisorial districts
between federal decennial censuses and the districts being replaced
were adopted by the board of supervisors.

17 (b) This section does not prohibit a board from adopting 18 supervisorial districts between federal decennial censuses if the 19 board is adopting supervisorial districts for the first time, including 20 when a board adopts supervisorial districts for the purpose of 21 transitioning from electing its supervisors in at-large elections to 22 elections by districts or from districts.

23 SEC. 19. Section 21506 of the Elections Code is amended to 24 read:

25 21506. (a) The term of office of any supervisor who has been 26 elected and whose term of office has not expired shall not be 27 affected by any change in the boundaries of the district from which 28 the supervisor was elected and that supervisor shall continue to 29 represent the constituents residing in the district boundaries from 30 which the supervisor was elected for the duration of that term of 31 office. This section does not prevent a board from assigning a 32 county elected official or county official to provide constituent 33 services for residents of an area that is temporarily not represented 34 by a supervisor due to redistricting.

(b) At the first election for county supervisors in each county
following adoption of the boundaries of supervisorial districts,
excluding a special election to fill a vacancy or a recall election,
a supervisor shall be elected for each district under the new district

39 plan that has the same district number as a district whose

1 incumbent's term is due to expire. This subdivision does not apply

when a county transitions from at-large to district-based elections.
(c) For a county employing both a primary and a general
election, a change in the boundaries of a supervisorial district shall
not be made between the direct primary election and the general

6 election.
7 (d) Except as provided in subdivision (a), a person is not eligible
8 to hold office as a member of a board of supervisors unless that
9 person meets the requirements of Section 201 of the Elections

10 Code and Section 24001 of the Government Code.

11 SEC. 20. Section 21507 of the Elections Code is repealed.

12 SEC. 21. Section 21507.1 of the Elections Code is repealed.

13 SEC. 22. Section 21508 of the Elections Code is repealed.

14 SEC. 23. Section 21509 of the Elections Code is repealed.

15 SEC. 24. Section 21534 of the Elections Code is amended to 16 read:

17 21534. (a) The commission shall establish single-member
18 supervisorial districts for the board pursuant to a mapping process
19 using the following criteria as set forth in the following order of
20 priority:

(1) (A) Districts shall comply with the United States
Constitution and each district shall have a reasonably equal
population with other districts for the board, except where deviation
is required to comply with the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965

25 (52 U.S.C. Sec. 10101 et seq.) or allowable by law.

(B) Population equality shall be based on the total populationof residents of the county as determined by the most recent federal

decennial census for which the redistricting data described in PublicLaw 94-171 are available.

30 (C) Notwithstanding subparagraph (B), an incarcerated person,

31 as that term is used in Section 21003, shall not be counted towards

32 the county's population, except for an incarcerated person whose

33 last known place of residence may be assigned to a census block

34 in the county, if information about the last known place of

35 residence for incarcerated persons is included in the computerized

database for redistricting that is developed in accordance withsubdivision (b) of Section 8253 of the Government Code, and that

38 database is made publicly available.

39 (2) Districts shall comply with the federal Voting Rights Act 40 of 1965 (52 U.S.C. Sec. 10101 et seq.). 1 (3) Districts shall be geographically contiguous.

2 (4) The geographic integrity of any city, local neighborhood, 3 or local community of interest shall be respected in a manner that 4 minimizes its division to the extent possible without violating the 5 requirements of paragraphs (1) to (3), inclusive. A community of 6 interest is a contiguous population that shares common social and 7 economic interests that should be included within a single district 8 for purposes of its effective and fair representation. Communities 9 of interest shall not include relationships with political parties, 10 incumbents, or political candidates.

(5) To the extent practicable, and where this does not conflict 11 12 with paragraphs (1) to (4), inclusive, districts shall be drawn to 13 encourage geographical compactness such that nearby areas of 14 population are not bypassed for more distant areas of population. 15 (b) The place of residence of any incumbent or political candidate shall not be considered in the creation of a map. Districts 16 17 shall not be drawn for purposes of favoring or discriminating 18 against an incumbent, political candidate, or political party.

(c) (1) The commission shall comply with the Ralph M. Brown
Act (Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 54950) of Part 1 of
Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code).

(2) (A) Before the commission draws a map, the commission
shall conduct at least seven public hearings, to take place over a
period of no fewer than 30 days, with at least one public hearing
held in each supervisorial district.

26 (B) In the event any state or local health order prohibits large 27 gatherings, the commission may modify the location of the 28 hearings, including use of virtual hearings that use technology to permit remote viewing and participation, to the extent required to 29 30 comply with public health requirements. If the commission 31 modifies the location of a hearing, it shall provide opportunities 32 to view and listen to proceedings by video, to listen to proceedings by phone, and to provide public comment by phone and in writing 33 34 with no limitation on the number of commenters. The commission 35 shall, to the greatest extent practicable, provide an opportunity for 36 in-person participation for at least one hearing in each supervisorial 37 district. Methods for providing in-person participation may include, 38 but are not limited to, setting up multiple rooms with audiovisual 39 connections to the hearing, allowing community members to make

appointments to make public comment, providing personal
 protective equipment, or holding hearings in outdoor spaces.

3 (3) After the commission draws a draft map, the commission4 shall do both of the following:

5 (A) Post the map for public comment on the internet website 6 of the County of Los Angeles.

7 (B) Conduct at least two public hearings to take place over a 8 period of no fewer than 30 days.

9 (4) (A) The commission shall establish and make available to 10 the public a calendar of all public hearings described in paragraphs

11 (2) and (3). Hearings shall be scheduled at various times and days

12 of the week to accommodate a variety of work schedules and to 13 reach as large an audience as possible.

14 (B) Notwithstanding Section 54954.2 of the Government Code,

the commission shall post the agenda for the public hearingsdescribed in paragraphs (2) and (3) at least seven days before the

hearings. The agenda for a meeting required by paragraph (3) shall

18 include a copy of the draft map.

19 (5) (A) The commission shall arrange for the live translation

of a hearing held pursuant to this chapter in an applicable language
if a request for translation is made at least 24 hours before the
hearing.

23 (B) For purposes of this paragraph, an "applicable language" 24 means a language for which the number of residents of the County

means a language for which the number of residents of the Countyof Los Angeles who are members of a language minority is greater

than or equal to 3 percent of the total voting age residents of the

27 county.

(6) The commission shall take steps to encourage countyresidents to participate in the redistricting public review process.

- 30 These steps may include:
- 31 (A) Providing information through media, social media, and 32 public service announcements.
- 33 (B) Coordinating with community organizations.

34 (C) Posting information on the internet website of the County

of Los Angeles that explains the redistricting process and includes
a notice of each public hearing and the procedures for testifying
during a hearing or submitting written testimony directly to the
commission.

39 (7) The board shall take all steps necessary to ensure that a 40 complete and accurate computerized database is available for

1 redistricting, and that procedures are in place to provide to the

2 public ready access to redistricting data and computer software

3 equivalent to what is available to the commission members.

4 (8) The board shall provide reasonable funding and staffing for 5 the commission.

6 (9) All records of the commission relating to redistricting, and

7 all data considered by the commission in drawing a draft map or8 the final map, are public records.

9 (d) (1) The commission shall adopt a redistricting plan adjusting 10 the boundaries of the supervisorial districts and shall file the plan 11 with the county elections official by the map adoption deadline 12 set forth in subdivision (a) of Section 21140. The commission shall 13 not release a draft map before the date set forth in paragraph (3) 14 of subdivision (f) of Section 21160.

(2) The plan shall be subject to referendum in the same manneras ordinances.

(3) The commission shall issue, with the final map, a report that
explains the basis on which the commission made its decisions in
achieving compliance with the criteria described in subdivisions
(a) and (b).

21 SEC. 25. Section 21544 of the Elections Code is amended to 22 read:

23 21544. (a) The commission shall establish single-member
24 supervisorial districts for the board pursuant to a mapping process
25 using the following criteria as set forth in the following order of
26 priority:

(1) (A) Districts shall comply with the United States
Constitution and each district shall have a reasonably equal
population with other districts for the board, except where deviation
is required to comply with the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965
(52 U.S.C. Sec. 10101 et seq.) or allowable by law.

(B) Population equality shall be based on the total population
of residents of the county as determined by the most recent federal
decennial census for which the redistricting data described in Public

35 Law 94-171 are available.

36 (C) Notwithstanding subparagraph (B), an incarcerated person,

37 as that term is used in Section 21003, shall not be counted towards

38 the county's population, except for an incarcerated person whose

39 last known place of residence may be assigned to a census block

40 in the county, if information about the last known place of

1 residence for incarcerated persons is included in the computerized

2 database for redistricting that is developed in accordance with

3 subdivision (b) of Section 8253 of the Government Code, and that

4 database is made publicly available.

5 (2) Districts shall comply with the federal Voting Rights Act 6 of 1965 (52 U.S.C. Sec. 10101 et seq.).

7 (3) Districts shall be geographically contiguous.

8 (4) The geographic integrity of any city, local neighborhood, 9 or local community of interest shall be respected in a manner that 10 minimizes its division to the extent possible without violating the 11 requirements of paragraphs (1) to (3), inclusive. A community of 12 interest is a contiguous population that shares common social and economic interests that should be included within a single district 13 14 for purposes of its effective and fair representation. Communities 15 of interest shall not include relationships with political parties, 16 incumbents, or political candidates.

(5) To the extent practicable, and where this does not conflict
with paragraphs (1) to (4), inclusive, districts shall be drawn to
encourage geographical compactness such that nearby areas of
population are not bypassed for more distant areas of population.
(b) The place of residence of any incumbent or political

candidate shall not be considered in the creation of a map. Districts
shall not be drawn for purposes of favoring or discriminating
against an incumbent, political candidate, or political party.

(c) (1) The commission shall comply with the Ralph M. Brown
Act (Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 54950) of Part 1 of
Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code).

(2) (A) Before the commission draws a map, the commission
shall conduct at least seven public hearings, to take place over a
period of no fewer than 30 days, with at least one public hearing
held in each supervisorial district.

32 (B) In the event any state or local health order prohibits large 33 gatherings, the commission may modify the location of the 34 hearings, including through the use of virtual hearings that use 35 technology to permit remote viewing and participation, to the 36 extent required to comply with public health requirements. If the 37 commission modifies the location of a hearing, it shall provide 38 opportunities to view and listen to proceedings by video, to listen 39 to proceedings by phone, and to provide public comment by phone 40 and in writing with no limitation on the number of commenters.

1 The commission shall, to the greatest extent practicable, provide

2 an opportunity for in-person participation for at least one hearing

3 in each supervisorial district. Methods for providing in-person 4 participation may include setting up multiple rooms with

4 participation may include setting up multiple rooms will 5 audiovisual connections to the bearing allowing community

5 audiovisual connections to the hearing, allowing community 6 members to make appointments to make public comment,

7 providing personal protective equipment, or holding hearings in
8 outdoor spaces.

9 (3) After the commission draws a draft map, the commission 10 shall do both of the following:

11 (A) Post the map for public comment on the website of the 12 County of Riverside.

(B) Conduct at least two public hearings to take place over aperiod of no fewer than 30 days.

15 (4) (A) The commission shall establish and make available to 16 the public a calendar of all public hearings described in paragraphs

17 (2) and (3). Hearings shall be scheduled at various times and days

of the week to accommodate a variety of work schedules and to

19 reach as large an audience as possible.

20 (B) Notwithstanding Section 54954.2 of the Government Code,

21 the commission shall post the agenda for the public hearings

22 described in paragraphs (2) and (3) at least seven days before the

hearings. The agenda for a meeting required by paragraph (3) shallinclude a copy of the draft map.

(5) (A) The commission shall arrange for the live translation
of a hearing held pursuant to this chapter in an applicable language
if a request for translation is made at least 24 hours before the
hearing.

29 (B) For purposes of this paragraph, an "applicable language"

30 means a language for which the number of residents of the County

31 of Riverside who are members of a language minority is greater 32 than or equal to 3 percent of the total voting age residents of the

33 county.

(6) The commission shall take steps to encourage county
 residents to participate in the redistricting public review process.
 These steps may include:

36 These steps may include:

37 (A) Providing information through media, social media, and

38 public service announcements.

39 (B) Coordinating with community organizations.

1 (C) Posting information on the website of the County of 2 Riverside that explains the redistricting process and includes a 3 notice of each public hearing and the procedures for testifying 4 during a hearing or submitting written testimony directly to the 5 commission.

6 (7) The board shall take all steps necessary to ensure that a 7 complete and accurate computerized database is available for 8 redistricting, and that procedures are in place to provide to the 9 public ready access to redistricting data and computer software 10 equivalent to what is available to the commission members.

(8) The board shall provide for reasonable funding and staffingfor the commission.

(9) All records of the commission relating to redistricting, andall data considered by the commission in drawing a draft map orthe final map, are public records.

(d) (1) The commission shall adopt a redistricting plan adjusting
the boundaries of the supervisorial districts and shall file the plan
with the county elections official by the map adoption deadline
set forth in subdivision (a) of Section 21140. The commission shall
not release a draft map before the date set forth in paragraph (3)
of subdivision (f) of Section 21160.

- (2) The plan shall be subject to referendum in the same manneras ordinances.
- (3) The commission shall issue, with the final map, a report that
 explains the basis on which the commission made its decisions in
 achieving compliance with the criteria described in subdivisions
 (a) and (b).
- 28 SEC. 26. Section 21552 of the Elections Code is amended to 29 read:
- 21552. (a) The commission shall establish single-member
 supervisorial districts for the board pursuant to a mapping process
 using the following criteria as set forth in the following order of
- 33 priority:
- 34 (1) (A) Districts shall comply with the United States 35 Constitution and each district shall have a reasonably equal 36 population with other districts for the board, except where deviation 37 is required to comply with the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965 38 (52 U.S.C. See, 10101 et see,) or is allowable by law
- 38 (52 U.S.C. Sec. 10101 et seq.) or is allowable by law.
- 39 (B) Population equality shall be based on the total population40 of residents of the county as determined by the most recent federal
 - 95

decennial census for which the redistricting data described in Public
 Law 94-171 are available.

3 (C) Notwithstanding subparagraph (B), an incarcerated person,

4 as that term is used in Section 21003, shall not be counted towards

5 the county's population, except for an incarcerated person whose

6 last known place of residence may be assigned to a census block

7 in the county, if information about the last known place of

8 residence for incarcerated persons is included in the computerized

9 database for redistricting that is developed in accordance with10 subdivision (b) of Section 8253 of the Government Code, and that

11 database is made publicly available.

- 12 (2) Districts shall comply with the federal Voting Rights Act 13 of 1965 (52 U.S.C. Sec. 10101 et seq.).
- 14 (3) Districts shall be geographically contiguous.

15 (4) The geographic integrity of any city, local neighborhood,

16 or local community of interest shall be respected in a manner that 17 minimizes its division to the extent possible without violating the

17 minimizes its division to the extent possible without violating the 18 requirements of paragraphs (1) to (3), inclusive. A community of

19 interest is a contiguous population that shares common social and

20 economic interests that should be included within a single district

21 for purposes of its effective and fair representation. Communities

22 of interest shall not include relationships with political parties,

23 incumbents, or political candidates.

(5) To the extent practicable, and where it does not conflict with
paragraphs (1) to (4), inclusive, districts shall be drawn to
encourage geographical compactness such that nearby areas of
population are not bypassed for more distant areas of population.

(b) The place of residence of any incumbent or political
candidate shall not be considered in the creation of a map. Districts
shall not be drawn for purposes of favoring or discriminating
against an incumbent, political candidate, or political party.

32 (c) (1) The commission shall comply with the Ralph M. Brown

Act (Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 54950) of Part 1 of
Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code).

35 (2) (A) Before the commission draws a map, the commission
36 shall conduct at least seven public hearings, to take place over a
37 period of no fewer than 30 days, with at least one public hearing
38 held in each supervisorial district.

39 (B) In the event any state or local health order prohibits large 40 gatherings, the commission may modify the location of the

1 hearings, including use of virtual hearings that use technology to

2 permit remote viewing and participation, to the extent required to3 comply with public health requirements. If the commission

4 modifies the location of a hearing, it shall provide opportunities

5 to view and listen to proceedings by video, to listen to proceedings

6 by phone, and to provide public comment by phone and in writing

7 with no limitation on the number of commenters. The commission

8 shall, to the greatest extent practicable, provide an opportunity for

9 in-person participation for at least one hearing in each supervisorial

10 district. Methods for providing in-person participation may include,

11 but are not limited to, setting up multiple rooms with audiovisual

12 connections to the hearing, allowing community members to make

13 appointments to make public comment, providing personal

14 protective equipment, or holding hearings in outdoor spaces.

(3) After the commission draws a draft map, the commissionshall do both of the following:

17 (A) Post the map for public comment on the internet website18 of the County of San Diego.

(B) Conduct at least two public hearings to take place over aperiod of no fewer than 30 days.

(4) (A) The commission shall establish and make available to
the public a calendar of all public hearings described in paragraphs
(2) and (3). Hearings shall be scheduled at various times and days
of the week to accommodate a variety of work schedules and to

reach as large an audience as possible.

(B) Notwithstanding Section 54954.2 of the Government Code,
the commission shall post the agenda for the public hearings
described in paragraphs (2) and (3) at least seven days before the
hearings. The agenda for a meeting required by paragraph (3) shall
include a copy of the draft map.

31 (5) (A) The commission shall arrange for the live translation 32 of a hearing held pursuant to this chapter in an applicable language 33 if a request for translation is made at least 24 hours before the

34 hearing.

(B) For purposes of this paragraph, an "applicable language"
means a language for which the number of residents of the County
of San Diego who are members of a language minority is greater

38 than or equal to 3 percent of the total voting age residents of the 39 county.

1 (6) The commission shall take steps to encourage county

2 residents to participate in the redistricting public review process.3 These steps may include:

- 4 (A) Providing information through media, social media, and 5 public service announcements.
- 6 (B) Coordinating with community organizations.

7 (C) Posting information on the internet website of the County
8 of San Diego that explains the redistricting process and includes
9 a notice of each public hearing and the procedures for testifying

10 during a hearing or submitting written testimony directly to the 11 commission.

12 (7) The board shall take all steps necessary to ensure that a 13 complete and accurate computerized database is available for 14 redistricting, and that procedures are in place to provide to the 15 public ready access to redistricting data and computer software 16 equivalent to what is available to the commission members.

(8) The board shall provide for reasonable funding and staffingfor the commission.

(9) All records of the commission relating to redistricting, andall data considered by the commission in drawing a draft map orthe final map, are public records.

(d) (1) The commission shall adopt a redistricting plan adjusting
the boundaries of the supervisorial districts and shall file the plan
with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors by the map adoption
deadline set forth in subdivision (a) of Section 21140. The
commission shall not release a draft map before the date set forth
in paragraph (3) of subdivision (f) of Section 21160.

(2) The plan shall be subject to referendum in the same manneras ordinances.

30 (3) The commission shall issue, with the final map, a report that

31 explains the basis on which the commission made its decisions in

32 achieving compliance with the criteria described in subdivisions33 (a) and (b).

34 SEC. 27. Section 21564 of the Elections Code is amended to 35 read:

21564. (a) The commission shall establish single-member
supervisorial districts for the board pursuant to a mapping process
using the following criteria as set forth in the following order of

39 priority:

1 (1) (A) Districts shall comply with the United States 2 Constitution and each district shall have a reasonably equal 3 population with other districts for the board, except where deviation 4 is required to comply with the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965 5 (52 U.S.C. Sec. 10101 et seq.) or allowable by law.

6 (B) Population equality shall be based on the total population
7 of residents of the county as determined by the most recent federal
8 decennial census for which the redistricting data described in Public
9 Law 94-171 are available.

10 (C) Notwithstanding subparagraph (B), an incarcerated person, 11 as that term is used in Section 21003, shall not be counted towards 12 the county's population, except for an incarcerated person whose 13 last known place of residence may be assigned to a census block 14 in the county, if information about the last known place of 15 residence for incarcerated persons is included in the computerized 16 database for redistricting that is developed in accordance with 17 subdivision (b) of Section 8253 of the Government Code, and that 18 database is made publicly available. 19 (2) Districts shall comply with the federal Voting Rights Act

20 of 1965 (52 U.S.C. Sec. 10101 et seq.).

21 (3) Districts shall be geographically contiguous.

22 (4) The geographic integrity of any city, local neighborhood, 23 or local community of interest shall be respected in a manner that 24 minimizes its division to the extent possible without violating the 25 requirements of paragraphs (1) to (3), inclusive. A community of 26 interest is a contiguous population that shares common social and 27 economic interests that should be included within a single district 28 for purposes of its effective and fair representation. Communities 29 of interest shall not include relationships with political parties, 30 incumbents, or political candidates. 31

(5) To the extent practicable, and where this does not conflict
with paragraphs (1) to (4), inclusive, districts shall be drawn to
encourage geographical compactness such that nearby areas of
population are not bypassed for more distant areas of population.
(b) The place of residence of any incumbent or political
candidate shall not be considered in the creation of a map. Districts

37 shall not be drawn for purposes of favoring or discriminating

38 against an incumbent, political candidate, or political party.

1 (c) (1) The commission shall comply with the Ralph M. Brown

2 Act (Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 54950) of Part 1 of 2 Division 2 of Title 5 of the Covernment Code)

3 Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code).

4 (2) (A) Before the commission draws a map, the commission 5 shall conduct at least seven public hearings, to take place over a 6 period of no fewer than 30 days, with at least one public hearing 7 held in each supervisorial district.

8 (B) In the event a state or local health order prohibits large 9 gatherings, the commission may modify the location of the hearings, including through the use of virtual hearings that use 10 technology to permit remote viewing and participation, to the 11 12 extent required to comply with public health requirements. If the 13 commission modifies the location of a hearing, it shall provide 14 opportunities to view and listen to proceedings by video, to listen to proceedings by phone, and to provide public comment by phone 15 and in writing with no limitation on the number of commenters. 16 17 The commission shall, to the greatest extent practicable, provide 18 an opportunity for in-person participation for at least one hearing 19 in each supervisorial district. Methods for providing in-person 20 participation may include, but are not limited to, setting up multiple 21 rooms with audiovisual connections to the hearing, allowing 22 community members to make appointments to make public comment, providing personal protective equipment, or holding 23 24 hearings in outdoor spaces.

(3) After the commission draws a draft map, the commissionshall do both of the following:

(A) Post the map for public comment on the internet websiteof the County of Fresno.

(B) Conduct at least two public hearings to take place over aperiod of no fewer than 30 days.

(4) (A) The commission shall establish and make available to
the public a calendar of all public hearings described in paragraphs
(2) and (3). Hearings shall be scheduled at various times and days
of the week to accommodate a variety of work schedules and to
reach as large an audience as possible.

(B) Notwithstanding Section 54954.2 of the Government Code,
the commission shall post the agenda for the public hearings
described in paragraphs (2) and (3) at least seven days before the

39 hearings. The agenda for a meeting required by paragraph (3) shall

40 include a copy of the draft map.

1 (5) (A) The commission shall arrange for the live translation 2 of a hearing held pursuant to this chapter in an applicable language 3 if a request for translation is made at least 24 hours before the 4 hearing.

(B) For purposes of this paragraph, an "applicable language"
means a language for which the number of residents of the County
of Fresno who are members of a language minority is greater than
or equal to 3 percent of the total voting age residents of the county.
(6) The commission shall take steps to encourage county

residents to participate in the redistricting public review process.These steps may include:

(A) Providing information through media, social media, andpublic service announcements.

14 (B) Coordinating with community organizations.

15 (C) Posting information on the internet website of the County

of Fresno that explains the redistricting process and includes a
notice of each public hearing and the procedures for testifying
during a hearing or submitting written testimony directly to the

19 commission.

20 (7) The board shall take all steps necessary to ensure that a 21 complete and accurate computerized database is available for 22 redistricting, and that procedures are in place to provide to the

23 public ready access to redistricting data and computer software

24 equivalent to what is available to the commission members.

(8) The board shall provide reasonable funding and staffing forthe commission.

(9) All records of the commission relating to redistricting, andall data considered by the commission in drawing a draft map orthe final map, are public records.

30 (d) (1) The commission shall adopt a redistricting plan adjusting
31 the boundaries of the supervisorial districts and shall file the plan
32 with the county elections official by the map adoption deadline

33 set forth in subdivision (a) of Section 21140. The commission shall

34 not release a draft map before the date set forth in paragraph (3)

35 of subdivision (f) of Section 21160.

36 (2) The plan shall be subject to referendum in the same manner37 as ordinances.

38 (3) The commission shall issue, with the final map, a report that

39 explains the basis on which the commission made its decisions in

- achieving compliance with the criteria described in subdivisions
 (a) and (b).
- 3 SEC. 28. Section 21574 of the Elections Code is amended to read:

5 21574. (a) The commission shall establish single-member 6 supervisorial districts for the board pursuant to a mapping process 7 using the following criteria as set forth in the following order of

- 8 priority:
- 9 (1) (A) Districts shall comply with the United States 10 Constitution and each district shall have a reasonably equal 11 population with other districts for the board, except where deviation 12 is required to comply with the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965
- 13 (52 U.S.C. Sec. 10101 et seq.) or allowable by law.
- (B) Population equality shall be based on the total population
 of residents of the county as determined by the most recent federal
 decennial census for which the redistricting data described in Public
- 17 Law 94-171 are available.
- 18 (C) Notwithstanding subparagraph (B), an incarcerated person,
- 19 as that term is used in Section 21003, shall not be counted towards
- the county's population, except for an incarcerated person whoselast known place of residence may be assigned to a census block
- 22 in the county, if information about the last known place of
- residence for incarcerated persons is included in the computerized
- 24 database for redistricting that is developed in accordance with
- 25 subdivision (b) of Section 8253 of the Government Code, and that
- 26 database is made publicly available.
- 27 (2) Districts shall comply with the federal Voting Rights Act 28 of 1965 (52 U.S.C. Sec. 10101 et seq.).
- 29 (3) Districts shall be geographically contiguous.
- 30 (4) The geographic integrity of any city, local neighborhood,
- 31 or local community of interest shall be respected in a manner that
- 32 minimizes its division to the extent possible without violating the
- 33 requirements of paragraphs (1) to (3), inclusive. A community of
- 34 interest is a contiguous population that shares common social and
- 35 economic interests that should be included within a single district
- 36 for purposes of its effective and fair representation. Communities
- 37 of interest shall not include relationships with political parties,
- 38 incumbents, or political candidates.
- 39 (5) To the extent practicable, and where this does not conflict 40 with paragraphs (1) to (4), inclusive, districts shall be drawn to
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encourage geographical compactness such that nearby areas of
 population are not bypassed for more distant areas of population.

3 (b) The place of residence of any incumbent or political
4 candidate shall not be considered in the creation of a map. Districts
5 shall not be drawn for purposes of favoring or discriminating
6 against an incumbent, political candidate, or political party.

7 (c) (1) The commission shall comply with the Ralph M. Brown
8 Act (Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 54950) of Part 1 of
9 Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code).

10 (2) (A) Before the commission draws a map, the commission 11 shall conduct at least seven public hearings, to take place over a

period of no fewer than 30 days, with at least one public hearing held in each supervisorial district.

14 (B) In the event a state or local health order prohibits large 15 gatherings, the commission may modify the location of the 16 hearings, including through the use of virtual hearings that use 17 technology to permit remote viewing and participation, to the 18 extent required to comply with public health requirements. If the 19 commission modifies the location of a hearing, it shall provide 20 opportunities to view and listen to proceedings by video, to listen 21 to proceedings by phone, and to provide public comment by phone 22 and in writing with no limitation on the number of commenters. 23 The commission shall, to the greatest extent practicable, provide 24 an opportunity for in-person participation for at least one hearing 25 in each supervisorial district. Methods for providing in-person 26 participation may include, but are not limited to, setting up multiple 27 rooms with audiovisual connections to the hearing, allowing 28 community members to make appointments to make public 29 comment, providing personal protective equipment, or holding 30 hearings in outdoor spaces.

31 (3) After the commission draws a draft map, the commission32 shall do both of the following:

33 (A) Post the map for public comment on the internet website34 of the County of Kern.

(B) Conduct at least two public hearings to take place over aperiod of no fewer than 30 days.

37 (4) (A) The commission shall establish and make available to

- the public a calendar of all public hearings described in paragraphs (2) and (2).
- 39 (2) and (3). Hearings shall be scheduled at various times and days

1 of the week to accommodate a variety of work schedules and to 2 reach as large an audience as possible.

3 (B) Notwithstanding Section 54954.2 of the Government Code,

4 the commission shall post the agenda for the public hearings

5 described in paragraphs (2) and (3) at least seven days before the 6 hearings. The agenda for a meeting required by paragraph (3) shall

7 include a copy of the draft map.

(5) (A) The commission shall arrange for the live translation
of a hearing held pursuant to this chapter in an applicable language
if a request for translation is made at least 24 hours before the
hearing.

(B) For purposes of this paragraph, an "applicable language"
means a language for which the number of residents of the County
of Kern who are members of a language minority is greater than
or equal to 3 percent of the total voting age residents of the county.
(6) The commission shall take steps to encourage county

residents to participate in the redistricting public review process.
These steps may include:

(A) Providing information through media, social media, andpublic service announcements.

21 (B) Coordinating with community organizations.

(C) Posting information on the internet website of the County
of Kern that explains the redistricting process and includes a notice
of each public hearing and the procedures for testifying during a
hearing or submitting written testimony directly to the commission.
(7) The board shall take all steps necessary to ensure that a

complete and accurate computerized database is available for
redistricting, and that procedures are in place to provide to the
public ready access to redistricting data and computer software
equivalent to what is available to the commission members.

31 (8) The board shall provide reasonable funding and staffing for32 the commission.

(9) All records of the commission relating to redistricting, and
all data considered by the commission in drawing a draft map or
the final map, are public records.

36 (d) (1) The commission shall adopt a redistricting plan adjusting
37 the boundaries of the supervisorial districts and shall file the plan
38 with the county elections official by the map adoption deadline

39 set forth in subdivision (a) of Section 21140. The commission shall

not release a draft map before the date set forth in paragraph (3)
 of subdivision (f) of Section 21160.

3 (2) The plan shall be subject to referendum in the same manner 4 as ordinances.

5 (3) The commission shall issue, with the final map, a report that 6 explains the basis on which the commission made its decisions in 7 achieving compliance with the criteria described in subdivisions 8 (a) and (b).

9 SEC. 29. Section 21600 of the Elections Code is amended to read:

11 21600. This article applies to a general law city that elects

members of the city's legislative body by districts or from districts,
as *those terms are* defined in Section 34871 of the Government
Code.

15 SEC. 30. Section 21601 of the Elections Code is amended to 16 read:

17 21601. Following a city's decision to elect its council using 18 district-based elections, or following each federal decennial census 19 for a city whose council is already elected using district-based 20 elections, the council shall, by ordinance or resolution, adopt 21 boundaries for all of the council districts of the city pursuant to 22 Chapter 2 (communication with Section 21100)

22 Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 21100).

23 SEC. 31. Section 21602 of the Elections Code is repealed.

24 SEC. 32. Section 21603 of the Elections Code is amended to 25 read:

26 21603. (a) If the boundaries of a city expand by the addition 27 of new territory, including through annexation of unincorporated 28 territory or consolidation with another city, the council shall add 29 that new territory to the nearest existing council district without 20 short in a the boundaries of other council district hour deriva-

30 changing the boundaries of other council district boundaries.

(b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), the council may adopt new
boundaries for each council district pursuant to Chapter 2
(commencing with Section 21100) if the boundaries of the city

expand by the addition of new territory and if both of the followingconditions are met:

36 (1) There are more than four years until the council is next37 required to redistrict pursuant to Section 21601.

38 (2) The population of the new territory being annexed or 39 consolidated is greater than 25 percent of the city's population, as

40 determined by the most recent federal decennial census.

read:

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SEC. 33. Section 21605 of the Elections Code is amended to

21605. (a) After redistricting or districting, a council shall not

adopt new council district boundaries until after the next federal

5	decennial census, except under the following circumstances:
6	(1) A court orders the council to redistrict.
7	(2) The council is settling a legal claim that its council district
8	boundaries violate the United States Constitution, the federal
9	Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. Sec. 10301 et seq.), or this
10	article.
11	(3) The boundaries of the city change by the addition of territory
12	pursuant to Section 21603 or by the subtraction of territory.
13	(4) The number of council members elected by districts or from
14	districts is increased or decreased.
15	(5) An independent redistricting commission is established
16	pursuant to Section 23003 to adopt new council districts between
17	federal decennial censuses and the districts being replaced were
18	adopted by the city council.
19	(b) This section does not prohibit a council from adopting
20	council districts between federal decennial censuses if the council
21	is adopting council districts for the first time, including when a
22	city adopts council districts for the purpose of transitioning from
23	electing its council members in at-large elections to elections by
24	districts or from districts.
25	SEC. 34. Section 21606 of the Elections Code is amended to
26	read:
27	21606. (a) The term of office of any council member who has
28	been elected and whose term of office has not expired shall not be
29	affected by any change in the boundaries of the district from which
30	the council member was elected and that member shall continue
31	to represent the constituents residing in the district boundaries
32	from which the member was elected for the duration of that term
33	of office. This section does not prevent a city council from
34	assigning a city elected official or city official to provide
35	constituent services to residents of an area that is temporarily not
36	represented by a council member due to redistricting.
37	(b) At the first election for council members in each city
38	following adoption of the boundaries of council districts, excluding
39	a special election to fill a vacancy or a recall election, a council
40	member shall be elected for each district under the new district
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1 plan that has the same district number as a district whose 2 incumbent's term is due to expire. This subdivision does not apply

3 when a city transitions from at-large to district-based elections.

- 4 (c) Except as provided in subdivision (a), a person is not eligible
- 5 to hold office as a member of a city council unless that person
- 6 meets the requirements of Section 201 of the Elections Code and

7 Section 34882 of the Government Code.

- 8 SEC. 35. Section 21607 of the Elections Code is repealed.
- 9 SEC. 36. Section 21607.1 of the Elections Code is repealed.
- 10 SEC. 37. Section 21608 of the Elections Code is repealed.
- 11 SEC. 38. Section 21609 of the Elections Code is repealed.
- 12 SEC. 39. Section 21620 of the Elections Code is amended to 13 read:
- 14 21620. This article applies to a charter city that elects members
- 15 of the city's legislative body by districts or from districts, as *those*
- 16 *terms are* defined in Section 34871 of the Government Code.
- SEC. 40. Section 21621 of the Elections Code is amended toread:
- 19 21621. Following a city's decision to elect its council using
- 20 district-based elections, or following each federal decennial census
- 21 for a city whose council is already elected using district-based
- elections, the council shall, by ordinance or resolution, adoptboundaries for all of the council districts of the city pursuant to
- 24 Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 21100).
- 25 SEC. 41. Section 21622 of the Elections Code is repealed.
- 26 SEC. 42. Section 21623 of the Elections Code is amended to 27 read:
- 28 21623. (a) If the boundaries of a city expand by the addition
- 29 of new territory, including through annexation of unincorporated
- 30 territory or consolidation with another city, the council shall add
- that new territory to the nearest existing council district withoutchanging the boundaries of other council district boundaries.
- (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), the council may adopt new
- 34 boundaries for each council district pursuant to Chapter 2 35 (commencing with Section 21100) if the boundaries of the city
- 36 expand by the addition of new territory and if both of the following
- 37 conditions are met:
- (1) There are more than four years until the council is nextrequired to redistrict pursuant to Section 21621.

1 (2) The population of the new territory being annexed or 2 consolidated is greater than 25 percent of the city's population as 3 determined by the most recent federal decennial census.

4 (c) This section does not apply to a charter city that has adopted, 5 by ordinance or in its city charter, a different standard for adding

new territory to existing council districts. 6

7 SEC. 43. Section 21625 of the Elections Code is amended to 8 read:

9 21625. (a) After redistricting or districting, a council shall not adopt new council district boundaries until after the next federal 10 decennial census, except under the following circumstances: 11

12 (1) A court orders the council to redistrict.

13 (2) The council is settling a legal claim that its council district boundaries violate the United States Constitution, the federal 14 15 Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. Sec. 10301 et seq.), or this 16 article.

17 (3) The boundaries of the city change by the addition of territory 18 pursuant to Section 21623 or by the subtraction of territory.

19 (4) The number of council members elected by districts or from 20 districts is increased or decreased.

(5) An independent redistricting commission commission, whose 21 22 members are not directly appointed by the legislative body or an 23

elected official of the local jurisdiction, is established pursuant to

Section 23003 to adopt new council districts between federal 24 25 decennial censuses and the districts being replaced were adopted

26 by the city council.

(b) This section does not prohibit a council from adopting 27 28 council districts between federal decennial censuses if the council 29 is adopting council districts for the first time, including when a 30 city adopts council districts for the purpose of transitioning from 31 electing its council members in at-large elections to elections by 32 districts or from districts.

33 (c) This section does not apply to a charter city that has adopted 34 different rules for mid-cycle redistricting in its city charter.

35 SEC. 44. Section 21626 of the Elections Code is amended to 36 read:

37 21626. (a) The term of office of any council member who has

38 been elected and whose term of office has not expired shall not be 39 affected by any change in the boundaries of the district from which

40 the council member was elected and that member shall continue

1 to represent the constituents residing in the district boundaries 2 from which the member was elected for the duration of that term 3 of office. This section does not prevent a city council from 4 assigning a city elected official or city official to provide 5 constituent services to residents of an area that is temporarily not 6 represented by a council member due to redistricting.

7 (b) At the first election for council members in each city 8 following adoption of the boundaries of council districts, excluding 9 a special election to fill a vacancy or a recall election, a council 10 member shall be elected for each district under the new district 11 plan that has the same district number as a district whose 12 incumbent's term is due to expire. This subdivision does not apply 13 when a city transitions from at-large to district-based elections.

14 (c) For a city employing both a primary and a general election, 15 a change in the boundaries of a council district shall not be made 16 between the direct primary election and the general election

16 between the direct primary election and the general election.

17 (d) Except as provided in subdivision (a), a person is not eligible

to hold office as a member of a city council unless that personmeets the requirements of Section 201 of the Elections Code and

20 Section 34882 of the Government Code.

21 SEC. 45. Section 21627 of the Elections Code is repealed.

22 SEC. 46. Section 21627.1 of the Elections Code is repealed.

23 SEC. 47. Section 21628 of the Elections Code is repealed.

24 SEC. 48. Section 21629 of the Elections Code is repealed.

25 SEC. 49. Section 21630 of the Elections Code is amended to 26 read:

27 21630. If a council assigns the responsibility to recommend or 28 to adopt new district boundaries to a hybrid or independent 29 redistricting commission as defined in Section 23000, the charter 30 city remains subject to the redistricting deadlines, requirements, 31 and restrictions that apply to the council under this article and 32 Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 21100), unless otherwise 33 exempted by law. A redistricting commission described in this 34 section may perform the duties required of a city council under 35 this article.

36 SEC. 50. Section 22000 of the Elections Code is amended to 37 read:

38 22000. (a) Following a special district's decision to elect its

39 board of directors using district-based elections, or following each

40 federal decennial census for a special district whose board of

1 directors is already elected using district-based elections, the board

2 of directors shall, by resolution, adopt boundaries for all of the

3 divisions of the special district pursuant to Chapter 2 (commencing4 with Section 21100).

5 (b) The resolution specified in subdivision (a) shall be adopted

6 by a vote of not less than a majority of the directors.

7 (c) At the time of, or after, any annexation of territory to the 8 district, the board of directors shall designate, by resolution, the 9 division of which the annexed territory shall be a part.

(d) Except as provided in Section 21140, no change in division
boundaries may be made within 180 days preceding the election

12 of any director.

(e) (1) A change in division boundaries shall not affect the termof office of any director.

15 (2) If division boundaries are adjusted, the director of the 16 division whose boundaries have been adjusted shall continue to 17 be the director of the division bearing the number of that division 18 as formerly comprised until the office becomes vacant by means 19 of term expiration or otherwise, whether or not the director is a

20 resident within the boundaries of the division as adjusted. The 21 director shall continue to represent the constituents residing in the

district boundaries from which the director was elected for the

duration of that term of office. This section does not prevent a

24 board from assigning a director or special district official to provide

25 constituent services to residents of an area that is temporarily not

26 represented by a director due to redistricting.

(f) The successor to the office in a division whose boundarieshave been adjusted shall be a resident and voter of that division.

(g) A district is not required to adjust the boundaries of any
divisions pursuant to this section until after the 2000 federal
decennial census.

32 (h) This section shall not be construed to prohibit or restrict a 33 district from adjusting the boundaries of any divisions pursuant to

34 Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 21100) whenever the board

35 of directors of the district determines by a two-thirds vote of the

36 board that a sufficient change in population has occurred that makes

37 it desirable in the opinion of the board to adjust the boundaries of

38 any divisions, or whenever any territory is added by or excluded

39 from the district.

40 SEC. 51. Section 22001 of the Elections Code is repealed.

1 SEC. 52. Section 22001 is added to the Elections Code, to read:

2 22001. This chapter and Chapter 2 (commencing with Section
3 21100) do not apply to special districts in which only landowners
4 vote for directors or whose directors are all elected at large or
5 appointed.

6 SEC. 53. Section 22002 of the Elections Code is repealed.

7 SEC. 54. Section 23002 of the Elections Code is amended to 8 read:

9 23002. (a) This section applies to advisory redistricting 10 commissions.

(b) Notwithstanding any other law, the local jurisdiction may
prescribe the manner in which members are appointed to the
commission, provided that the commissioners are not appointed
by the legislative body or an elected official of the local
jurisdiction.

(c) A person who is an elected official of the local jurisdiction,
or a family member, staff member, or paid campaign staff of an
elected official of the local jurisdiction, shall not be appointed to

19 serve on the commission.

20 (d) A local jurisdiction may impose additional requirements or

21 restrictions on the commission, members of the commission, or

applicants to the commission in excess of those prescribed by thissection.

(e) The commission is subject to the Ralph M. Brown Act
(Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 54950) of Part 1 of Division
2 of Title 5 of the Government Code) and the California Public
Records Act (Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)

28 of Title 1 of the Government Code).

29 SEC. 55. Section 23003 of the Elections Code is amended to 30 read:

31 23003. (a) This section applies to hybrid redistricting32 commissions and independent redistricting commissions.

(b) Notwithstanding any other law, the local jurisdiction may prescribe the manner in which members are appointed to the commission, provided that the jurisdiction uses an application process open to all eligible residents and provided that the commissioners are not appointed by the legislative body or an alasted official of the local jurisdiction

38 elected official of the local jurisdiction.

39 (c) A person shall not be appointed to serve on the commission40 if the person or any family member of the person has been elected

1 or appointed to, or been a candidate for, an elective office of the

2 local jurisdiction in the eight years preceding the person's3 application.

4 (d) A person shall not be appointed to serve on the commission 5 if either of the following applies:

6 (1) The person or the person's spouse has done any of the 7 following in the eight years preceding the person's application:

8 (A) Served as an officer of, employee of, or paid consultant to, 9 a campaign committee or a candidate for elective office of the 10 local jurisdiction.

(B) Served as an officer of, employee of, or paid consultant to,
 a political party or as an elected or appointed member of a political
 party central committee.

14 (C) Served as a staff member or a consultant to, or who has 15 contracted with, a currently serving elected officer of the local 16 jurisdiction.

17 (D) Been registered to lobby the local jurisdiction.

18 (E) Contributed five hundred dollars (\$500) or more in a year

to any candidate for an elective office of the local jurisdiction. The
local jurisdiction may adjust this amount by the cumulative change
in the California Consumer Price Index, or its successor, in every

22 year ending in zero.

(2) A family member of the person, other than the person's
spouse, has done any of the following in the four years preceding
the person's application:

26 (A) Served as an officer of, employee of, or paid consultant to,27 a campaign committee or a candidate for elective office of the28 local jurisdiction.

(B) Served as an officer of, employee of, or paid consultant to,
a political party or as an elected or appointed member of a political
party central committee.

32 (C) Served as a staff member of or consultant to, or has 33 contracted with, a currently serving elected officer of the local 34 jurisdiction.

(D) Been registered to lobby the local jurisdiction.

36 (E) Contributed five hundred dollars (\$500) or more in a year

37 to any candidate for an elective office of the local jurisdiction. The

38 local jurisdiction may adjust this amount by the cumulative change

39 in the California Consumer Price Index, or its successor, in every

40 year ending in zero.

35

1 (e) A member of the commission shall not do any of the 2 following:

3 (1) While serving on the commission, endorse, work for, 4 volunteer for, or make a campaign contribution to, a candidate for 5 an elective office of the local jurisdiction.

6 (2) Be a candidate for an elective office of the local jurisdiction 7 if any of the following is true:

8 (A) Less than five years has elapsed since the date of the 9 member's appointment to the commission.

10 (B) The election for that office will be conducted using district 11 boundaries that were adopted by the commission on which the 12 member served, and those district boundaries have not been 13 subsequently readopted by a commission after the end of the 14 member's term on the commission.

15 (C) The election for that office will be conducted using district 16 boundaries that were adopted by a legislative body pursuant to a 17 recommendation by the commission on which the member served, 18 and those district boundaries have not been subsequently readopted 19 by a legislative body pursuant to a recommendation by a 20 commission after the end of the member's term on the commission. 21 (3) For four years commencing with the date of the person's

(3) For four years commencing with the date of the person'sappointment to the commission:

(A) Accept employment as a staff member of, or consultant to,
an elected official or candidate for elective office of the local
jurisdiction.

26 (B) Receive a noncompetitively bid contract with the local 27 jurisdiction.

28 (C) Register as a lobbyist for the local jurisdiction.

(4) For two years commencing with the date of the person'sappointment to the commission, accept an appointment to an officeof the local jurisdiction.

(f) The commission shall not be comprised entirely of memberswho are registered to vote with the same political party preference.

(g) Each member of the commission shall be a designated
employee in the conflict of interest code for the commission
pursuant to Article 3 (commencing with Section 87300) of Chapter

37 7 of Title 9 of the Government Code.

38 (h) The commission is subject to the Ralph M. Brown Act

39 (Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 54950) of Part 1 of Division

40 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code) and the California Public

1 Records Act (Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000)

2 of Title 1 of the Government Code).

(i) The commission shall be subject to the same redistricting
deadlines, requirements, and restrictions that would otherwise
apply to a legislative body. A local jurisdiction may also impose
additional requirements and restrictions on the commission, on
members of the commission, or on applicants to the commission
in excess of those prescribed by this section.

9 (j) The commission shall publish a map of the proposed new 10 district boundaries and make that map available to the public for 11 at least seven days before that map may be adopted. The 12 commission shall hold at least three public hearings preceding the 13 hearing at which the new boundaries are adopted.

(k) The commission shall not draw districts for the purpose of
favoring or discriminating against a political party or an incumbent
or political candidate.

(*l*) District boundaries adopted by an independent redistricting
commission or adopted by a legislative body from
recommendations provided by a hybrid redistricting commission,
shall not be altered by the legislative body or the commission until
after the next federal decennial census occurs, unless those
boundaries have been invalidated by a final judgment or order of
a court of competent jurisdiction.

(m) For the purposes of subdivisions (c) and (d), "local
jurisdiction" does not include a local jurisdiction that contracts
with a county independent redistricting commission pursuant to
Section 23004.

28 SEC. 56. Section 34874 of the Government Code is amended 29 to read:

30 34874. (a) An amendatory ordinance altering the boundaries 31 of the legislative districts established pursuant to this article shall 32 not be submitted to the registered voters until the ordinance has 33 been submitted to the planning commission of the city or, in 34 absence of a planning commission, to the legislative body of said 35 city for an examination as to the definiteness and certainty of the 36 boundaries of the legislative districts proposed.

37 (b) An amendatory ordinance altering the boundaries of 38 legislative districts shall comply with the requirements and criteria

39 of Section 21130 of the Elections Code.

1 SEC. 57. Section 34877.5 of the Government Code is amended 2 to read:

3 34877.5. (a) After an ordinance is passed by the voters 4 pursuant to Section 34876.5, or after an ordinance is enacted by 5 the legislative body pursuant to Section 34886, the legislative body shall prepare a proposed map that describes the boundaries and 6 7 numbers of the districts for the legislative body. In preparing the 8 proposed map, the legislative body shall comply with the 9 requirements and criteria of Section 21130 of the Elections Code 10 and shall seek public input, including accepting proposed maps 11 submitted by the public.

12 (b) If the legislative body is changing from an at-large method 13 of election to a district-based election, as those terms are defined in Section 14026 of the Elections Code, the legislative body shall 14 hold public hearings pursuant to Section 10010 of the Elections 15 Code. If the legislative body is otherwise adjusting the district 16 17 boundaries, the legislative body shall hold public hearings on the proposed district boundaries pursuant to Section 21150 of the 18 19 Elections Code. 20 SEC. 58. Section 34884 of the Government Code is amended

21 to read:

34884. (a) If, at the time a vote is held on the subject of incorporation of a new city, a majority of the votes cast is for incorporation and, if, in accordance with Section 57116, a majority of the votes cast on the question of whether members of the city council in future elections are to be elected by district or at large is in favor of election by district, all of the following procedures apply:

29 (1) Before the first day on which voters may nominate 30 candidates for election at the next regular municipal election, the 31 legislative body shall, by ordinance or resolution, establish the 32 boundaries of the districts of the legislative body. The districts 33 shall be substantially equal in population as required by the United 34 States Constitution. The districts shall comply with the 35 requirements and criteria of Section 21130 of the Elections Code. 36 (2) The terms of office of the two members elected with the 37 lowest vote shall expire on the Tuesday succeeding the next regular 38 municipal election. At that election, members shall be elected by 39 district in the even-numbered districts and shall hold office for

40 four years.

(3) The terms of office of the three members elected with the
 highest vote shall expire on the Tuesday succeeding the second
 regular municipal election following the incorporation. At that
 election, members shall be elected by district in the odd-numbered
 districts and shall hold office for four years.
 (b) The result of the vote cast on the question of whether

7 members of the city council in future elections are to be elected 8 by district or at large shall not preclude the submission to the voters 9 at any future election of a measure in accordance with Section

10 34871.

11 SEC. 59. Section 34886 of the Government Code is amended 12 to read:

13 34886. Notwithstanding Section 34871 or any other law, the 14 legislative body of a city may adopt an ordinance that requires the 15 members of the legislative body to be elected by district or by district with an elective mayor, as described in subdivisions (a) 16 17 and (c) of Section 34871, without being required to submit the ordinance to the voters for approval. An ordinance adopted 18 19 pursuant to this section shall comply with the requirements and criteria of Section 21130 of the Elections Code and include a 20 21 declaration that the change in the method of electing members of 22 the legislative body is being made in furtherance of the purposes of the California Voting Rights Act of 2001 (Chapter 1.5 23

24 (commencing with Section 14025) of Division 14 of the Elections25 Code).

26 SEC. 60. Section 57301 of the Government Code is amended 27 to read:

57301. If at any time between each decennial federal census,
a city annexes or detaches territory or consolidates with another

30 city, the city council of the city annexing or detaching the territory

31 or the city council of the successor city, may reexamine the

32 boundaries of its council districts pursuant to Section 21603 or

33 21623 of the Elections Code, as applicable.

34 SEC. 61. The district boundary criteria specified in this act

apply to election district boundaries that are adopted or readoptedon or after January 1, 2024. Election district boundaries adopted

37 before January 1, 2024, shall comply with the applicable district

38 boundary criteria in effect at the time of their adoption.

39 SEC. 62. The Legislature finds and declares that, as to cities 40 and counties, many of the provisions of Chapter 2 (commencing

1 with 21100) of Division 21 of the Elections Code, as added by this

2 act, do not constitute a change in, but are declaratory of, existing

3 law, and that a court should not draw a contrary inference based 4 on the language of this act in resolving an action brought under

5 the prior rules for city and county redistricting.

6 SEC. 63. The provisions of this act are severable. If any

7 provision of this act or its application is held invalid, that invalidity

8 shall not affect other provisions or applications that can be given

9 effect without the invalid provision or application.

10 SEC. 64. If the Commission on State Mandates determines

11 that this act contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement

12 to local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made

13 pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division

14 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code.

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