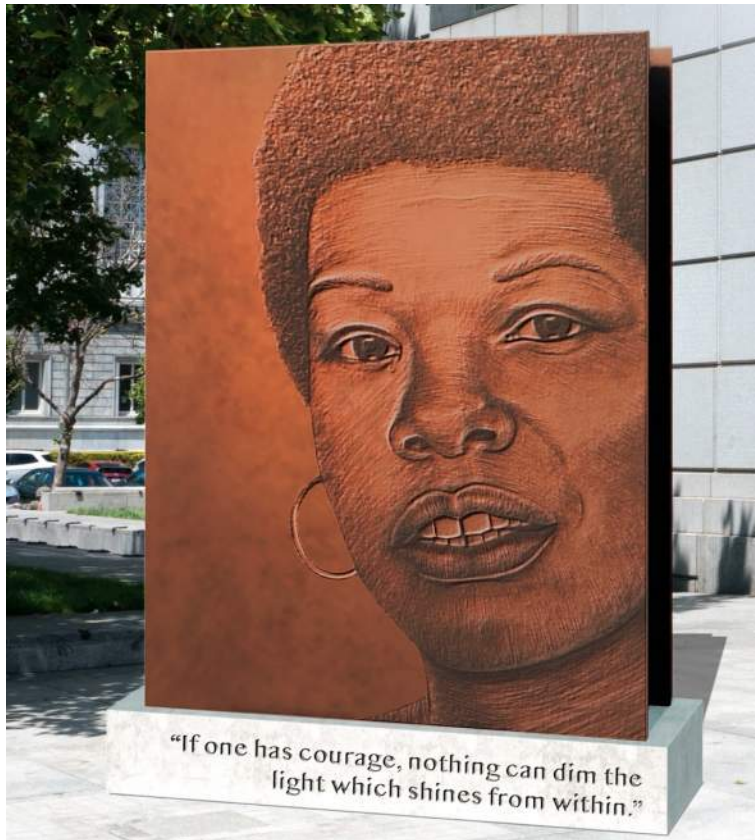


# Structural Calculations

## Dr. Maya Angelou Sculpture – SF Public Library



100 Larkin Street  
San Francisco, CA 94102  
TSE Job No. 2020.180  
April 12, 2022

Address questions or comments to:  
Ian Kelso, SE AIA  
ext. 232



## 2020,180 - Maya Angelou Sculpture - Book Check

### Structure and Base Parameters

$B_{bronze} = 72 \text{ in}$	Length of bronze sculpture.
$w_{bronze} = 24 \text{ in}$	Width of bronze sculpture.
$H_{bronze} = 96 \text{ in}$	Height of bronze sculpture.
$B_{base} = 80 \text{ in}$	Length of stone base.
$w_{base} = 30 \text{ in}$	Width of stone base.
$H_{base} = 12 \text{ in}$	Height of stone base.
$s = H_{bronze} \rightarrow 96 \text{ in}$	Elevation of sculpture above base.
$A_s = H_{bronze} \cdot B_{bronze} \rightarrow 48 \text{ ft}^2$	Total surface area of book.
$Elev = s \rightarrow 96 \text{ in}$	Height of sculpture.
$d = w_{bronze} - 2 \cdot 1.5 \text{ in} \rightarrow 21 \text{ in}$	Assumed width of anchor points.

### Self-weight

$W_{bronze} = 8.6 \text{ psf} \cdot ((2 \cdot B_{bronze} + 2 \cdot w_{bronze}) \cdot H_{bronze}) \rightarrow 1,101 \text{ lbs}$	$\frac{3}{16}$ " thick bronze walls weight.
$W_{base} = 170 \text{ pcf} \cdot (B_{base} \cdot w_{base} \cdot H_{base}) \rightarrow 2,833 \text{ lbs}$	Granite base weight.
$W_p = W_{bronze} + W_{base} \rightarrow 3,934 \text{ lbs}$	Total weight of sculpture.

### Wind Check

#### Wind Loading Parameters: ASCE 7-16, Section 29.3 - Solid Freestanding Walls and Solid Signs

$V = 86 \text{ mph}$	(Fig 26.5-1B) Basic wind speed.
$K_d = 0.85$	(Tbl. 26.6-1) Wind directionality factor.
$ExpCat = B$	(§ 26.7) Exposure Category.
$K_{zt} = 1$	(§26.8.2) Topographic factor.
$K_e = 1$	(§26.9) Ground elevation factor.
$G = 0.85$	(§26.11) Gust-effect factor.

### Calculate Velocity Pressure

$\alpha = 7$	(Table 26.11-1) Gust-speed power law exponent.
$z_g = 1,200 \text{ ft}$	(Table 26.11-1) Nominal height of the atmospheric boundary layer.
$K_z = \begin{cases} \text{if } Elev < 15 \text{ ft} \\ \left. \begin{array}{l} 2.01 \cdot \left(\frac{15 \text{ ft}}{z_g}\right)^{\left(\frac{2}{\alpha}\right)} \\ 2.01 \cdot \left(\frac{Elev}{z_g}\right)^{\left(\frac{2}{\alpha}\right)} \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow 0.57$	(Notes under Table 26.10-1) Velocity pressure exposure coefficient.
$q_z = 0.00256 \cdot K_z \cdot K_{zt} \cdot K_d \cdot K_e \cdot \left(\frac{V}{\text{mph}}\right)^2 \cdot \text{psf} \rightarrow 9.25 \text{ psf}$	(Eqn. 26.10-1) Velocity pressure.

## 2020,180 - Maya Angelou Sculpture - Book Check

### Net Force Coefficients

$$\frac{B_{bronze}}{s} \rightarrow 0.75 \quad \frac{s}{Elev} \rightarrow 1$$

Case A  $C_{f,A} = 1.55$

| (Fig. 29.3-1) Force coefficient, Case A (conservative).

Case B  $C_{f,B} = 1.55$

| (Fig. 29.3-1) Force coefficient, Case B (conservative).

Case C  $C_{f,C} = 2.25 \cdot (0.9) \left(1.8 - \frac{s}{Elev}\right) \rightarrow 1.62$

| (Fig. 29.3-1) Force coefficient with reduction factor, Case C.

$$C_f = \max(C_{f,A}, C_{f,B}, C_{f,C}) \rightarrow 1.62$$

### Forces

$$F_w = q_z \cdot G \cdot C_f \cdot A_s \rightarrow 611 \text{ lbs}$$

| (Eq. 29.3-1) Total wind force on surface for solid signs.

$$F_{LL} = 200 \text{ lbs} \rightarrow 200 \text{ lbs}$$

| Horizontal Live Load force.

$$F = 0.5 \cdot (F_{LL}) + 1.0 \cdot (F_w) \rightarrow 711 \text{ lbs}$$

| LRFD horizontal force (0.5L+1.0W) (reduced LL).

$$M_{\text{overturning,wind}} = F \cdot (0.55 \cdot Elev) \rightarrow 3.13 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

| Overturning moment about long axis (per Case C).

$$M_{\text{restoring,wind}} = \frac{W_{bronze} \cdot W_{bronze}}{2} \rightarrow 1.1 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

| Restoring moment about long axis.

$$M_{\text{wind}} = \max(0, M_{\text{overturning,wind}} - M_{\text{restoring,wind}}) \rightarrow 2.03 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

| Net moment demand on book per wind force.

$$T = \frac{M_{\text{wind}}}{d} \rightarrow 1,159 \text{ lbs}$$

| Total tension on each anchor per wind force.

$$n = 2 \cdot \text{ceiling}\left(\frac{B_{base}}{67 \text{ in}}\right) \rightarrow 4$$

| Assumed number of anchors in total (2 rows).

$$T_u = \frac{T}{\frac{n}{2}} \rightarrow 580 \text{ lbs}$$

| Tension demand per anchor per wind force.

$$V_u = \frac{F}{n} \rightarrow 178 \text{ lbs}$$

| Shear demand per anchor per wind force.

## 2020,180 - Maya Angelou Sculpture - Book Check

### Seismic Check

#### $F_p$ Seismic Calculation - ASCE 7-10 Ch. 13 Seismic Design Req. for Nonstructural Components

**Table 13.5-1 Coefficients for Architectural Components: Appendages and ornamentations**

$a_p = 2.5$	Component amplification factor.
$R_p = 2.5$	Component response modification factor.
$\Omega_0 = 2$	Component overstrength factor.

#### Seismic parameters & $F_p$ coefficients

$I_p = 1.0$	(Sec. 13.1.3) Importance factor.
$S_{DS} = 1.2$	Design Spectral Response at short period per Hazard Tool.
$z = 0 \text{ in}$	Attachment height (above base).
$h = s \rightarrow 96 \text{ in}$	Total height of sculpture.

$$F_{p,eqn} = \frac{0.4 \cdot a_p \cdot S_{DS}}{\frac{R_p}{I_p}} \cdot \left(1 + 2 \left(\frac{z}{h}\right)\right) \rightarrow 0.48 \quad | \text{Eqn. 13.3-1 Horizontal force.}$$

$$F_{p,max} = 1.6 \cdot S_{DS} \cdot I_p \rightarrow 1.92 \quad | \text{Eqn. 13.3-2 Max. horizontal force.}$$

$$F_{p,min} = 0.3 \cdot S_{DS} \cdot I_p \rightarrow 0.36 \quad | \text{Eqn. 13.3-3 Min. horizontal force.}$$

$$F_{p,vert,coeff} = 0.2 \cdot S_{DS} \rightarrow 0.24 \quad | \text{Sec. 13.3.1 Vertical force.}$$

$$F_{p,coeff} = \text{bounded}(F_{p,eqn}, F_{p,min}, F_{p,max}) \rightarrow 0.48$$

$$F_p = F_{p,coeff} \cdot W_{bronze} \rightarrow 528 \text{ lbs} \quad | \text{Shear demand at the base of the book.}$$

#### Force Analysis

$$M = \left( F_{p,coeff} \cdot \left( W_{bronze} \cdot \left( \frac{H_{bronze}}{2} \right) \right) \right) + 0.5 \cdot \left( \frac{F_{LL} \cdot H_{bronze}}{2} \right) \rightarrow 2.51 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft} \quad | \text{Unfactored moment with reduced LL.}$$

$$M_{restoring,seismic} = 0.9 \cdot \left( \frac{W_{bronze} \cdot w_{bronze}}{2} \right) \rightarrow 0.99 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft} \quad | \text{Restoring moment from weight about long axis.}$$

$$M_{seismic} = \max(0, M - M_{restoring,seismic}) \rightarrow 1.52 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft} \quad | \text{Net moment demand on book per seismic forces.}$$

$$T_{seismic} = \frac{M_{seismic}}{d} \rightarrow 870 \text{ lbs} \quad | \text{Total tension per seismic force.}$$

$$T_{u,seismic} = \Omega_0 \cdot \left( \frac{T_{seismic}}{\frac{n}{2}} \right) \rightarrow 870 \text{ lbs} \quad | \text{Tension demand per anchor.}$$

Controlling tension demand

$$V_{u,seismic} = \frac{1.0 \cdot F_p + 1.0 \cdot F_{LL}}{n} \rightarrow 182 \text{ lbs} \quad | \text{Shear demand per anchor.}$$

Controlling shear demand.

## 2020,180 - Maya Angelou Sculpture - Book Check

### Flexural Capacity Check

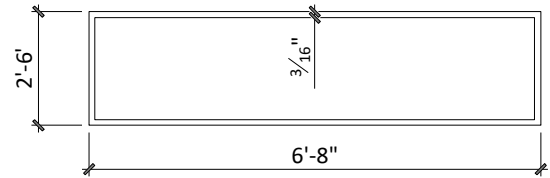
Overall section check: AISC, F7 - Rectangular HSS

#### Material Properties

$$F_{y,bronze} = 24.7 \text{ ksi} \quad | \text{ Bronze yield strength.}$$

$$F_{u,bronze} = 55.1 \text{ ksi} \quad | \text{ Bronze ultimate tensile strength.}$$

$$E_{bronze} = 15,200 \text{ ksi} \quad | \text{ Bronze Young's Modulus.}$$



Plan view

#### Determining the type of flanges

$$\lambda_r = 1.40 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{E_{bronze}}{F_{y,bronze}}} \rightarrow 34.7 \quad | \text{ (AISC, Tbl. B4.1a) Limiting width-to-thickness Ratio.}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{B_{bronze}}{t} \rightarrow 384 \quad | \text{ Width-to-thickness ratio of bronze box.}$$

if  $\lambda > \lambda_r$  → Box flanges are considered slender.  
 ↳ Box flanges are considered slender.  
 ↳ Box flanges are NOT consider slender.

#### Box Parameters

$$t = \frac{3 \text{ in}}{16} \quad | \text{ Bronze walls thickness.}$$

$$b_e = 1.92 \cdot t \cdot \left( \sqrt{\frac{E_{bronze}}{F_{y,bronze}}} \cdot \left( 1 - \left( \frac{0.34}{\frac{B_{bronze}}{t}} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{E_{bronze}}{F_{y,bronze}}} \right) \right) \right) \rightarrow 8.73 \text{ in} \quad | \text{ (Eqn. F7-5) Effective width of box.}$$

$$S_e = \frac{(b_e \cdot w_{bronze})^3 - ((b_e - 2 \cdot t) \cdot (w_{bronze} - 2 \cdot t))^3}{6 \cdot w_{bronze}} \rightarrow 73 \text{ in}^3 \quad | \text{ (AISC Tbl. 17-27) Properties of Geometric Sections.}$$

#### Flange Local Buckling Check

$$M_n = F_{y,bronze} \cdot S_e \rightarrow 150 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft} \quad | \text{ Nominal Flexural Strength for slender flanges.}$$

$$dcr \left( \frac{M}{M_n} \right) \rightarrow \text{OK (0.017)}$$

## 2020,180 - Maya Angelou Sculpture - Book Check

### Anchorage Demands

Check anchorage for  $\Omega$  level seismic loading on epoxy threaded rod anchors. Anchorage will be concealed within sculpture, thus threaded rods will not be able to be rotated as they are lowered into epoxy grouted holes. For added level of safety, tension DCR for adhesive will be limited to 60%, while keeping all other failure modes at a DCR<100%.

Governing tension demand load combo: (0.9-0.2Sds)D+E

Seismic loading is checked for 100% loading in short direction of sculpture and 30% in long direction of sculpture per ASCE 7 Ch. 15.

$$d_1 = 20 \text{ in} \quad | \text{Distance between anchors in short direction of sculpture per plan view below.}$$

$$d_2 = 67 \text{ in} \quad | \text{Distance between anchors in long direction of sculpture per plan view below.}$$

$\Omega$  level seismic overturning moments (including vertical seismic load):

$$M_1 = M + 0.2 S_{DS} \cdot W_{\text{bronze}} \left( \frac{d_1}{2} \right) \rightarrow 2.73 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft} \quad | \text{Seismic moments for loading in short direction.}$$

$$M_2 = M + 0.2 S_{DS} \cdot W_{\text{bronze}} \left( \frac{d_2}{2} \right) \rightarrow 3.25 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft} \quad | \text{Seismic moments for loading in long direction.}$$

Dead load resisting moments:

$$M_{DL,1} = W_{\text{bronze}} \left( \frac{d_1}{2} \right) \rightarrow 917 \text{ lb} \cdot \text{ft} \quad | \text{Resisting moment for loading in short direction.}$$

$$M_{DL,2} = W_{\text{bronze}} \left( \frac{d_2}{2} \right) \rightarrow 3,073 \text{ lb} \cdot \text{ft} \quad | \text{Resisting moment for loading in long direction.}$$

Net tension on anchor:

$$T_1 = \frac{M_1 - 0.9 M_{DL,1}}{d_1} \rightarrow 1,145 \text{ lbs} \quad | \text{Tension load on single anchor for loading in short direction.}$$

$$T_2 = \frac{M_2 - 0.9 M_{DL,2}}{d_2} \rightarrow 86.9 \text{ lbs} \quad | \text{Tension load on single anchor for loading in long direction.}$$

$$T_{\text{design}} = (T_1 + 0.3 T_2) \cdot \Omega_0 \rightarrow 2,342 \text{ lbs} \quad \text{Design tension load on single anchor for 100% + 30% seismic loading}$$

Shear demand on anchorage:

$$V_{\text{design}} = \Omega_0 \cdot V_{u,\text{seismic}} \cdot 1.3 \rightarrow 473 \text{ lbs} \quad | \text{Shear demand for 100% + 30% seismic loading.}$$

See anchorage report on following pages for justification of  $\frac{1}{2}$ " $\phi$  SS threaded rod w/ 5" min. embed & Simpson SET-3G epoxy.

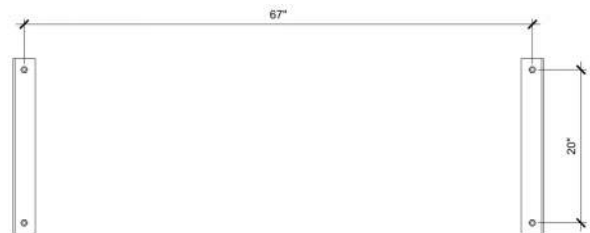
### Clip Angle Demands

$$A_{\text{leg}} = 0.25 \text{ in} \cdot 3 \text{ in} \rightarrow 0.75 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\sigma_{\text{lat}} = \frac{T_{\text{design}} + V_{\text{design}}}{A_{\text{leg}}} \rightarrow 3.75 \text{ ksi} \quad \text{max. tension stress per leg}$$

$$F_{y,SS} = 31 \text{ ksi}$$

$\therefore$  Stainless Steel angles OK by inspection.





Anchor Designer™  
Software  
Version 2.9.7376.0

Company:	Tipping Structural Engineers	Date:	12/2/2021
Engineer:		Page:	1/5
Project:			
Address:	1906 Shattuck Ave. Berkeley CA. 94704		
Phone:	510-549-1906		
E-mail:	f.last@tippingstructural.com		

### 1. Project information

Customer company:  
Customer contact name:  
Customer e-mail:  
Comment:

Project description: Maya Angelou Sculpture in SFML  
Location:  
Fastening description:

### 2. Input Data & Anchor Parameters

#### General

Design method: ACI 318-14  
Units: Imperial units

#### Anchor Information:

Anchor type: Bonded anchor  
Material: A193 Grade B8/B8M (304/316SS)  
Diameter (inch): 0.500  
Effective Embedment depth,  $h_{ef}$  (inch): 5.000  
Code report: ICC-ES ESR-4057  
Anchor category: -  
Anchor ductility: Yes  
 $h_{min}$  (inch): 6.25  
 $c_{ac}$  (inch): 8.60  
 $C_{min}$  (inch): 1.75  
 $S_{min}$  (inch): 2.50

#### Base Material

Concrete: Normal-weight  
Concrete thickness,  $h$  (inch): 12.00  
State: Cracked  
Compressive strength,  $f'_c$  (psi): 3000  
 $\Psi_{c,v}$ : 1.0  
Reinforcement condition: B tension, B shear  
Supplemental reinforcement: Not applicable  
Reinforcement provided at corners: No  
Ignore concrete breakout in tension: No  
Ignore concrete breakout in shear: No  
Hole condition: Dry concrete  
Inspection: Continuous  
Temperature range, Short/Long: 176/110°F  
Ignore 6do requirement: Not applicable  
Build-up grout pad: No

#### Recommended Anchor

Anchor Name: SET-3G - SET-3G w/ 1/2"Ø A193 Gr. B8/B8M (304/316SS)  
Code Report: ICC-ES ESR-4057



Input data and results must be checked for agreement with the existing circumstances, the standards and guidelines must be checked for plausibility.

Simpson Strong-Tie Company Inc. 5956 W. Las Positas Boulevard Pleasanton, CA 94588 Phone: 925.560.9000 Fax: 925.847.3871 www.strongtie.com



Anchor Designer™  
Software  
Version 2.9.7376.0

Company:	Tipping Structural Engineers	Date:	12/2/2021
Engineer:		Page:	2/5
Project:			
Address:	1906 Shattuck Ave. Berkeley CA. 94704		
Phone:	510-549-1906		
E-mail:	f.last@tippingstructural.com		

### Load and Geometry

Load factor source: ACI 318 Section 5.3

Load combination: not set

Seismic design: Yes

Anchors subjected to sustained tension: No

Ductility section for tension: 17.2.3.4.2 not applicable

Ductility section for shear: 17.2.3.5.2 not applicable

$\Omega_0$  factor: not set

Apply entire shear load at front row: No

Anchors only resisting wind and/or seismic loads: No

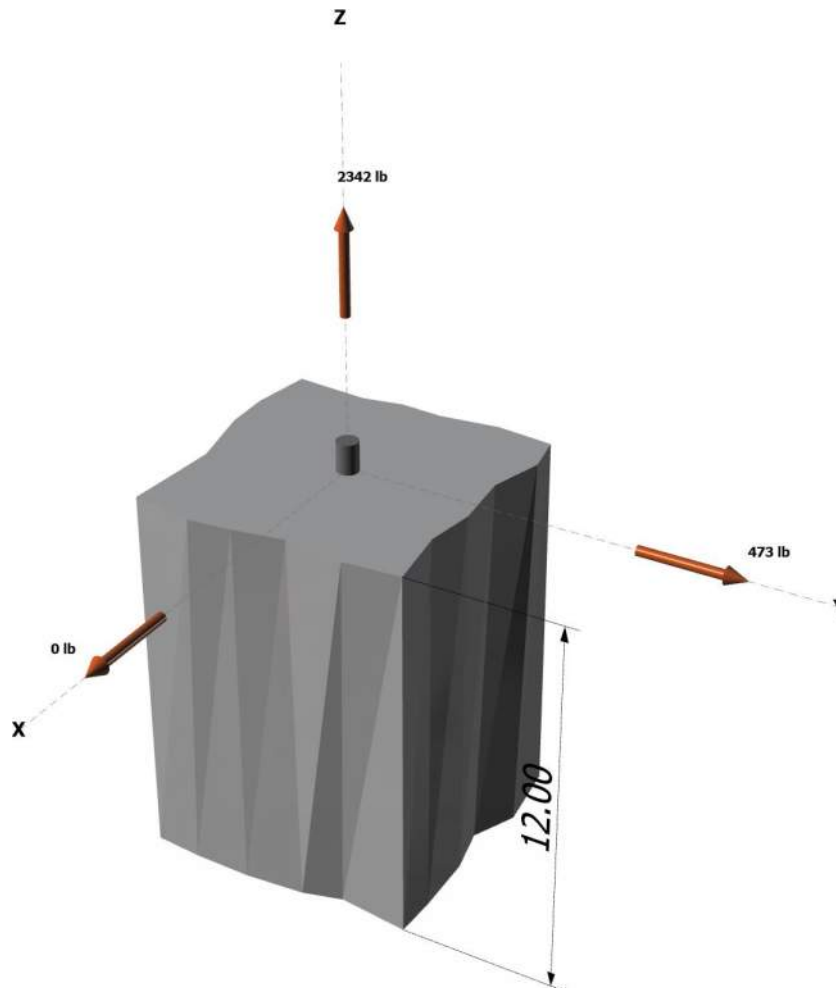
Strength level loads:

$N_{ua}$  [lb]: 2342

$V_{uax}$  [lb]: 0

$V_{uay}$  [lb]: 473

<Figure 1>



Input data and results must be checked for agreement with the existing circumstances, the standards and guidelines must be checked for plausibility.

Simpson Strong-Tie Company Inc. 5956 W. Las Positas Boulevard Pleasanton, CA 94588 Phone: 925.560.9000 Fax: 925.847.3871 www.strongtie.com





Company:	Tipping Structural Engineers	Date:	12/2/2021
Engineer:		Page:	4/5
Project:			
Address:	1906 Shattuck Ave. Berkeley CA. 94704		
Phone:	510-549-1906		
E-mail:	f.last@tippingstructural.com		

### 3. Resulting Anchor Forces

Anchor	Tension load, N <sub>ua</sub> (lb)	Shear load x, V <sub>uax</sub> (lb)	Shear load y, V <sub>uay</sub> (lb)	Shear load combined, $\sqrt{(V_{uax})^2 + (V_{uay})^2}$ (lb)
1	2342.0	0.0	473.0	473.0
Sum	2342.0	0.0	473.0	473.0

Maximum concrete compression strain (%): 0.00  
 Maximum concrete compression stress (psi): 0  
 Resultant tension force (lb): 2342  
 Resultant compression force (lb): 0  
 Eccentricity of resultant tension forces in x-axis, e'<sub>Nx</sub> (inch): 0.00  
 Eccentricity of resultant tension forces in y-axis, e'<sub>Ny</sub> (inch): 0.00  
 Eccentricity of resultant shear forces in x-axis, e'<sub>Vx</sub> (inch): 0.00  
 Eccentricity of resultant shear forces in y-axis, e'<sub>Vy</sub> (inch): 0.00

### 4. Steel Strength of Anchor in Tension (Sec. 17.4.1)

N <sub>sa</sub> (lb)	φ	φN <sub>sa</sub> (lb)
8095	0.75	6071

### 5. Concrete Breakout Strength of Anchor in Tension (Sec. 17.4.2)

$$N_b = k_c \lambda_a \sqrt{f'_c} h_{ef}^{1.5} \text{ (Eq. 17.4.2.2a)}$$

k <sub>c</sub>	λ <sub>a</sub>	f' <sub>c</sub> (psi)	h <sub>ef</sub> (in)	N <sub>b</sub> (lb)
17.0	1.00	3000	5.000	10410

$$0.75 \phi N_{cb} = 0.75 \phi (A_{Nc} / A_{Nco}) \Psi_{ed,N} \Psi_{c,N} \Psi_{cp,N} N_b \text{ (Sec. 17.3.1 \& Eq. 17.4.2.1a)}$$

A <sub>Nc</sub> (in <sup>2</sup> )	A <sub>Nco</sub> (in <sup>2</sup> )	c <sub>a,min</sub> (in)	Ψ <sub>ed,N</sub>	Ψ <sub>c,N</sub>	Ψ <sub>cp,N</sub>	N <sub>b</sub> (lb)	φ	0.75 φN <sub>cb</sub> (lb)
225.00	225.00	-	1.000	1.00	1.000	10410	0.65	5075

### 6. Adhesive Strength of Anchor in Tension (Sec. 17.4.5)

$$\tau_{k,cr} = \tau_{k,cr} f_{short-term} K_{sat} (f'_c / 2,500)^n \alpha_{N,seis}$$

τ <sub>k,cr</sub> (psi)	f <sub>short-term</sub>	K <sub>sat</sub>	α <sub>N,seis</sub>	f' <sub>c</sub> (psi)	n	τ <sub>k,cr</sub> (psi)
1163	1.00	1.00	0.90	3000	0.24	1094

$$N_{ba} = \lambda_a \tau_{cr} \pi d_a h_{ef} \text{ (Eq. 17.4.5.2)}$$

λ <sub>a</sub>	τ <sub>cr</sub> (psi)	d <sub>a</sub> (in)	h <sub>ef</sub> (in)	N <sub>ba</sub> (lb)
1.00	1094	0.50	5.000	8588

$$0.75 \phi N_a = 0.75 \phi (A_{Na} / A_{Na0}) \Psi_{ed,Na} \Psi_{cp,Na} N_{ba} \text{ (Sec. 17.3.1 \& Eq. 17.4.5.1a)}$$

A <sub>Na</sub> (in <sup>2</sup> )	A <sub>Na0</sub> (in <sup>2</sup> )	c <sub>Na</sub> (in)	c <sub>a,min</sub> (in)	Ψ <sub>ed,Na</sub>	Ψ <sub>cp,Na</sub>	N <sub>a0</sub> (lb)	φ	0.75 φN <sub>a</sub> (lb)
170.55	170.55	6.53	-	1.000	1.000	8588	0.65	4187

Input data and results must be checked for agreement with the existing circumstances, the standards and guidelines must be checked for plausibility.



Company:	Tipping Structural Engineers	Date:	12/2/2021
Engineer:		Page:	5/5
Project:			
Address:	1906 Shattuck Ave. Berkeley CA. 94704		
Phone:	510-549-1906		
E-mail:	f.last@tippingstructural.com		

### 8. Steel Strength of Anchor in Shear (Sec. 17.5.1)

$V_{sa}$ (lb)	$\phi_{gROUT}$	$\phi$	$\alpha_{V,seis}$	$\phi_{gROUT}\alpha_{V,seis}\phi V_{sa}$ (lb)
4855	1.0	0.65	0.80	2525

### 10. Concrete Pryout Strength of Anchor in Shear (Sec. 17.5.3)

$$\phi V_{cp} = \phi \min[k_{cp}N_a; k_{cp}N_{cb}] = \phi \min[k_{cp}(A_{Na}/A_{Na0})\psi_{ed,Na}\psi_{cp,Na}N_{ba}; k_{cp}(A_{Nc}/A_{Nco})\psi_{ed,N}\psi_{c,N}\psi_{cp,N}N_b] \text{ (Sec. 17.3.1 \& Eq. 17.5.3.1a)}$$

$k_{cp}$	$A_{Na}$ (in <sup>2</sup> )	$A_{Na0}$ (in <sup>2</sup> )	$\psi_{ed,Na}$	$\psi_{cp,Na}$	$N_{ba}$ (lb)	$N_a$ (lb)
2.0	170.55	170.55	1.000	1.000	8588	8588

$A_{Nc}$ (in <sup>2</sup> )	$A_{Nco}$ (in <sup>2</sup> )	$\psi_{ed,N}$	$\psi_{c,N}$	$\psi_{cp,N}$	$N_b$ (lb)	$N_{cb}$ (lb)	$\phi$	$\phi V_{cp}$ (lb)
225.00	225.00	1.000	1.000	1.000	10410	10410	0.70	12024

### 11. Results

#### Interaction of Tensile and Shear Forces (Sec. 17.6.)

Tension	Factored Load, $N_{ua}$ (lb)	Design Strength, $\phi N_n$ (lb)	Ratio	Status
Steel	2342	6071	0.39	Pass
Concrete breakout	2342	5075	0.46	Pass
<b>Adhesive</b>	<b>2342</b>	<b>4187</b>	<b>0.56</b>	<b>Pass (Governs)</b>

Shear	Factored Load, $V_{ua}$ (lb)	Design Strength, $\phi V_n$ (lb)	Ratio	Status
<b>Steel</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>2525</b>	<b>0.19</b>	<b>Pass (Governs)</b>
Pryout	473	12024	0.04	Pass

Interaction check	$N_{ua}/\phi N_n$	$V_{ua}/\phi V_n$	Combined Ratio	Permissible	Status
Sec. 17.6..1	0.56	0.00	55.9%	1.0	Pass

**SET-3G w/ 1/2"Ø A193 Gr. B8/B8M (304/316SS) with hef = 5.000 inch meets the selected design criteria.**

### 12. Warnings

- Per designer input, the tensile component of the strength-level earthquake force applied to anchors does not exceed 20 percent of the total factored anchor tensile force associated with the same load combination. Therefore the ductility requirements of ACI 318 17.2.3.4.2 for tension need not be satisfied – designer to verify.
- Per designer input, the shear component of the strength-level earthquake force applied to anchors does not exceed 20 percent of the total factored anchor shear force associated with the same load combination. Therefore the ductility requirements of ACI 318 17.2.3.5.2 for shear need not be satisfied – designer to verify.
- Designer must exercise own judgement to determine if this design is suitable.
- Refer to manufacturer's product literature for hole cleaning and installation instructions.

## 2020,180 - Maya Angelou Sculpture - Base + Book Check

NOTE: Parameters not enlisted here have the same value that those found in "Book Check" section.

### Structure and Base Parameters

$s = H_{bronze} + H_{base} \rightarrow 108 \text{ in}$	Elevation of sculpture above ground.
$A_s = (H_{bronze} \cdot B_{bronze}) + (H_{base} \cdot B_{base}) \rightarrow 54.7 \text{ ft}^2$	Total surface area of base + book.
$Elev = s \rightarrow 108 \text{ in}$	Height of sculpture.
$d = w_{base} - 2 \cdot 1.5 \text{ in} \rightarrow 27 \text{ in}$	Assumed width of anchor points.

### Wind Check

#### Forces

$F_w = q_z \cdot G \cdot C_f \cdot A_s \rightarrow 696 \text{ lbs}$	(Eq. 29.3-1) Total wind force on surface for solid signs.
$F_{LL} = 200 \text{ lbs} \rightarrow 200 \text{ lbs}$	Horizontal Live Load force.
$F = 0.5 \cdot (F_{LL}) + 1.0 \cdot (F_w) \rightarrow 796 \text{ lbs}$	LRFD horizontal force (0.5L+1.0W) (reduced LL).
$M_{overturning,wind} = F \cdot (0.55 \cdot Elev) \rightarrow 3.94 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$	Overturning moment about long axis (per Case C).
$M_{restoring,wind} = \left( \frac{W_{bronze} \cdot w_{bronze}}{2} \right) + \left( \frac{W_{base} \cdot w_{base}}{2} \right) \rightarrow 4.64 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$	Restoring moment about long axis.
$M_{wind} = \max(0, M_{overturning,wind} - M_{restoring,wind}) \rightarrow 0 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$	Net moment demand on book per wind force.
$T = \frac{M_{wind}}{d} \rightarrow 0$	Total tension on each anchor per wind force.
$n = 2 \cdot \text{ceiling} \left( \frac{B_{base}}{67 \text{ in}} \right) \rightarrow 4$	Assumed number of anchors in total (2 rows).

$T_u = \frac{T}{n} \rightarrow 0$	Tension demand per anchor per wind force.
-----------------------------------	---

$V_u = \frac{F}{n} \rightarrow 199 \text{ lbs}$	Shear demand per anchor per wind force.
---	---

## 2020,180 - Maya Angelou Sculpture - Base + Book Check

NOTE: Parameters not enlisted here have the same value that those found in "Book Check" section.

### Seismic Check

#### Seismic parameters & Fp coefficients

$$h = s \rightarrow 108 \text{ in} \quad | \text{ Total height of base + book.}$$

$$F_{p,eqn} = \frac{0.4 \cdot a_p \cdot S_{DS}}{\frac{R_p}{I_p}} \cdot \left(1 + 2 \left(\frac{z}{h}\right)\right) \rightarrow 0.48 \quad | \text{ Eqn. 13.3-1 Horizontal force.}$$

$$F_{p,max} = 1.6 \cdot S_{DS} \cdot I_p \rightarrow 1.92 \quad | \text{ Eqn. 13.3-2 Max. horizontal force.}$$

$$F_{p,min} = 0.3 \cdot S_{DS} \cdot I_p \rightarrow 0.36 \quad | \text{ Eqn. 13.3-3 Min. horizontal force.}$$

$$F_{pvert,coeff} = 0.2 \cdot S_{DS} \rightarrow 0.24 \quad | \text{ Sec. 13.3.1 Vertical force.}$$

$$F_{p,coeff} = \text{bounded}(F_{p,eqn}, F_{p,min}, F_{p,max}) \rightarrow 0.48$$

$$F_p = F_{p,coeff} \cdot W_p \rightarrow 1,888 \text{ lbs} \quad | \text{ Shear demand at the base.}$$

#### Force Analysis

$$M = \left( F_{p,coeff} \cdot \left( W_{bronze} \cdot \left(\frac{H_{bronze}}{2}\right) + W_{base} \cdot \left(\frac{H_{base}}{2}\right) \right) \right) + 0.5 \cdot \left( \frac{F_{LL} \cdot H_{bronze}}{2} \right) \rightarrow 3.19 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft} \quad | \text{ Unfactored moment with red. LL.}$$

$$M_{restoring,seismic} = 0.9 \cdot \left( \left( \frac{W_{bronze} \cdot w_{bronze}}{2} \right) + \left( \frac{W_{base} \cdot w_{base}}{2} \right) \right) \rightarrow 4.18 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft} \quad | \text{ Restoring moment from weight about long axis.}$$

$$M_{seismic} = \max(0, M - M_{restoring,seismic}) \rightarrow 0 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft} \quad | \text{ Net moment demand on book per seismic forces.}$$

$$T_{seismic} = \frac{M_{seismic}}{d} \rightarrow 0 \quad | \text{ Total tension per seismic force.}$$

$$T_{u,seismic} = \Omega_0 \cdot \left( \frac{T_{seismic}}{\frac{n}{2}} \right) \rightarrow 0 \quad | \text{ Tension demand per anchor.}$$

$$V_{u,seismic} = \frac{1.0 \cdot F_p + 1.0 \cdot F_{LL}}{n} \rightarrow 522 \text{ lbs} \quad | \text{ Shear demand per anchor.}$$

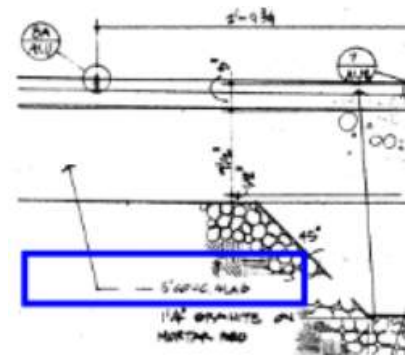
Even though the tension demands are zero, please provide (4) 1/2" SS threaded rod w/3" min. embed & Simpson SET-3G epoxy.

**2020,180 - Maya Angelou Sculpture - Base + Book Check**

**Checking Bearing stresses per CBC Ch. 18**

PRESUMPTIVE LOAD-BEARING VALUES

CLASS OF MATERIALS	VERTICAL FOUNDATION PRESSURE (psf)	LATERAL BEARING PRESSURE (psf/ft below natural grade)	LATERAL SLIDING RESISTANCE	
			Coefficient of friction <sup>a</sup>	Cohesion (psf) <sup>b</sup>
1. Crystalline bedrock	12,000	1,200	0.70	—
2. Sedimentary and foliated rock	4,000	400	0.35	—
3. Sandy gravel and/or gravel (GW and GP)	3,000	200	0.35	—
4. Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel and clayey gravel (SW, SP, SM, SC, GM and GC)	2,000	150	0.25	—
5. Clay, sandy clay, silty clay, clayey silt, silt and sandy silt (CL, ML, MH and CH)	1,500	100	—	130



(E) dwgs.

CBC Ch. 18.

**VERTICAL PRESSURE**

$$P_{CBC, Vert} = 1,500 \text{ psf} \cdot \left(\frac{4}{3}\right) \rightarrow 2,000 \text{ psf} \quad | \text{ Max. vertical pressure (conservative) + } \frac{1}{3} \text{ per Section 1806.1 on CBC Ch. 18.}$$

Sculpture contribution

$$W_p \rightarrow 3,934 \text{ lbs} \quad | \text{ Total weight of sculpture.}$$

$$Area_{base} = B_{base} \cdot w_{base} \rightarrow 16.7 \text{ ft}^2 \quad | \text{ Total base area.}$$

$$P_{sculp} = \frac{W_p}{Area_{base}} \rightarrow 236 \text{ psf} \quad | \text{ Sculpture pressure.}$$

Existent layers contribution

$$P_{granite} = 20 \text{ psf} \quad | \text{ 1 } \frac{1}{4} \text{'' granite layer. See (e) dwgs.}$$

$$\gamma_{conc} = 150 \text{ pcf} \quad | \text{ Density of SOG.}$$

$$P_{conc} = \gamma_{conc} \cdot 5 \text{ in} \rightarrow 62.5 \text{ psf} \quad | \text{ 5'' Concrete slab. See (e) dwgs.}$$

$$P_T = P_{sculp} + P_{granite} + P_{conc} \rightarrow 319 \text{ psf} \quad | \text{ Total pressure on soil (DL).}$$

DL + Wind Moment

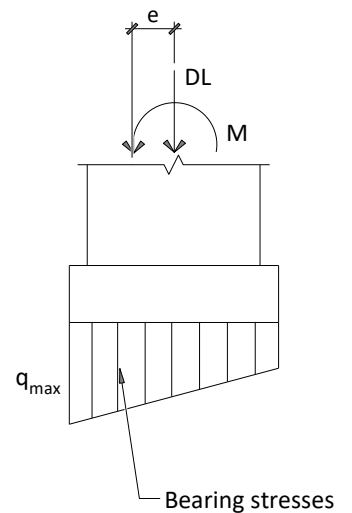
$$q_{max} = \text{if } e < \frac{B_{base}}{6} \quad \left| \rightarrow 531 \text{ psf} \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{P_T + \left( \frac{6 \cdot (P_T \cdot Area_{base}) \cdot e}{w_{base} \cdot B_{base}^2} \right)}{2 \cdot P_T \cdot Area_{base}} \right|$$

$$\left. \frac{3 \cdot w_{base} \cdot \left( \frac{B_{base}}{2} - e \right)}{2} \right|$$

where

$$e = \frac{M_{overturning, wind}}{P_T \cdot Area_{base}} \rightarrow 0.74 \text{ ft} \quad | \text{ Eccentricity.}$$

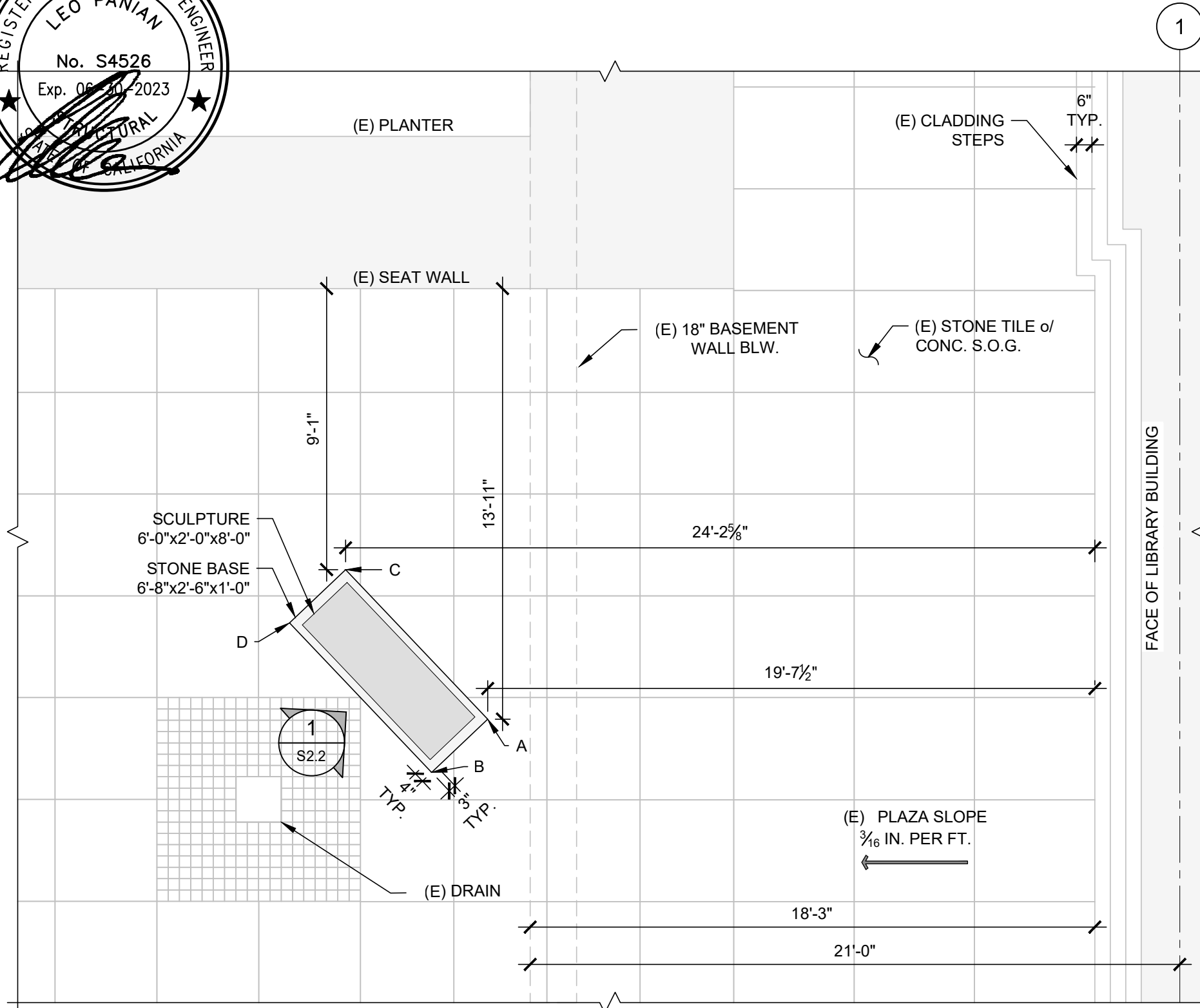


## **2020,180 - Maya Angelou Sculpture - Base + Book Check**

$$P_{check} = \begin{cases} \text{if } P_{CBC,Vert} > P_T + q_{max} & \rightarrow \text{Vertical Pressure is OK} \\ \text{Vertical Pressure is OK} \\ \text{Vertical pressure exceeds maximum} \end{cases}$$

### **LATERAL BEARING PRESSURE**

There is not Lateral Bearing Pressure since the sculpture is sitting on top of the SOG and Granite layer.



2  
S2.1

SCULPTURE ENLARGED PLAN VIEW

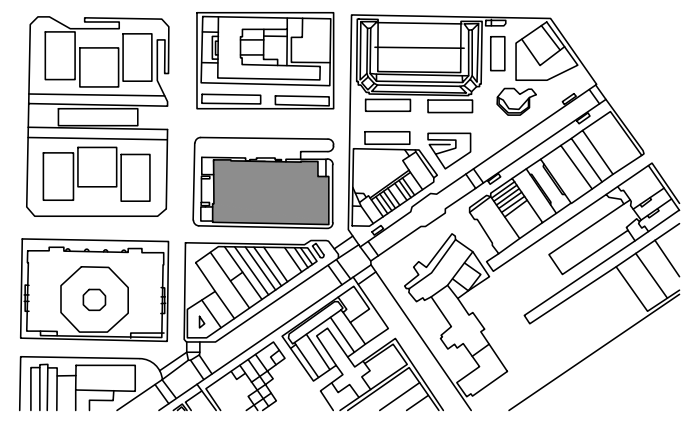
1/4" = 1'-0"

POINT	DISTANCE WEST OF LIBRARY FACADE	ELEVATION DROP FROM POINT A	STONE THICKNESS
A	19'-7 1/2"	0.00"	12.00"
B	21'-5 1/4"	0.34"	12.34"
C	24'-2 5/8"	0.86"	12.86"
D	26'-0 3/8"	1.20"	13.20"

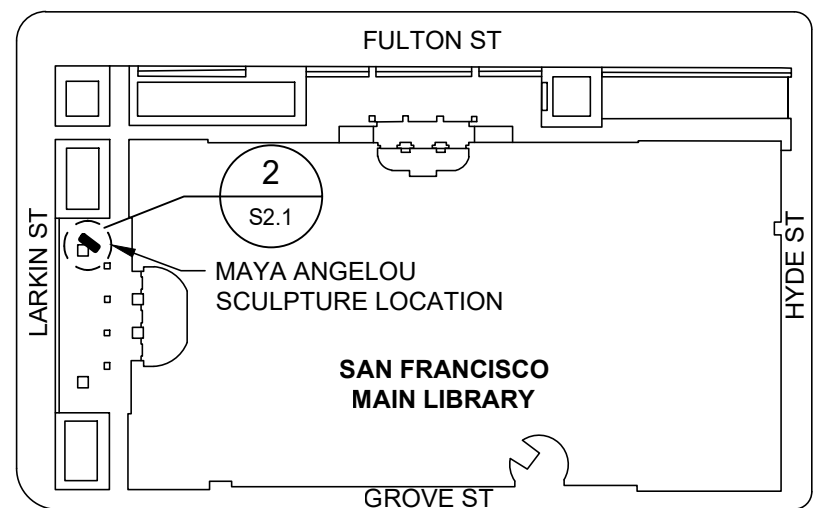
NOTE: TOP OF STONE BASE SHALL BE FLAT AND LEVEL. BOTTOM OF BASE SHALL BE MILLED AS A FLAT PLANE TO PROVIDE CORNER THICKNESSES AS NOTED.

3  
S2.1

STONE BASE THICKNESS

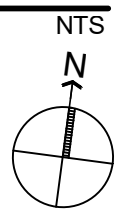


KEY PLAN



1  
S2.1

S.F. LIBRARY PLAN VIEW



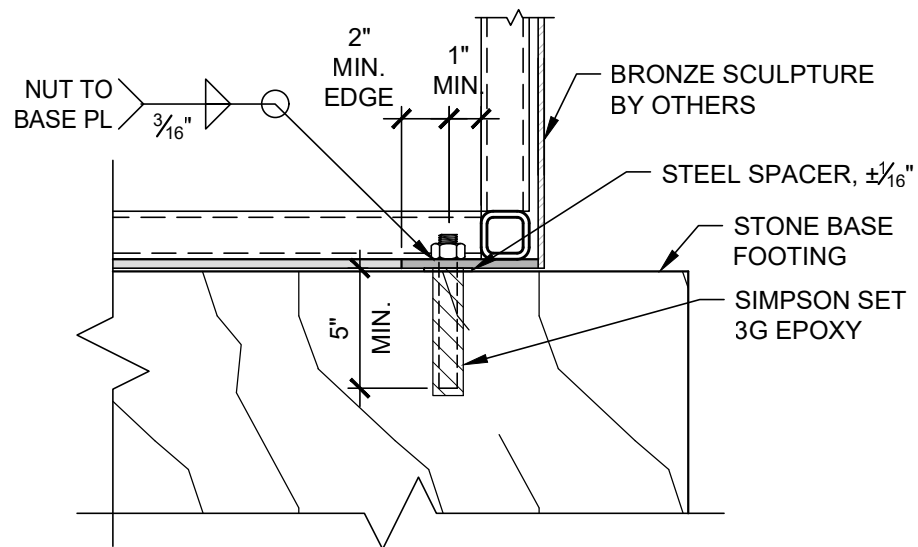
Plotted: Tuesday, April 12, 2022 12:54:53 PM - By: kelso - Sheet Size: 11x17 - File: X:\2020dwgs\20180\Struct\180S2-1.dwg

**INSTALLATION NOTES:**

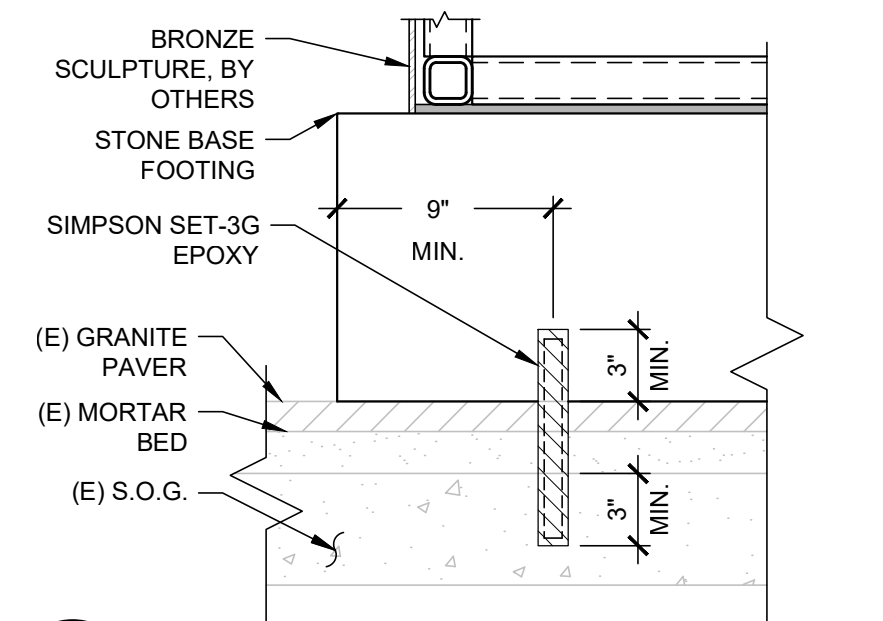
- 1) SCULPTURE SHALL BE INSTALLED PLUMB IN FIELD VERIFIED ANCHOR LOCATIONS.
- 2) BOTTOM OF STONE BASE SHALL BE SLOPED TO MATCH (E) PLAZA GRADE, SEE PLAN.
- 3) PLACE A THIN LAYER OF GROUT BETWEEN THE STONE BASE AND PAVERS TO ENSURE UNIFORM BEARING.
- 3) ROTATION OF ANCHOR BOLTS INTO PROPERLY CLEANED AND PREPARED EPOXY FILLED HOLES IN CONC. SLAB OR STONE BASE IS NOT REQUIRED.

**MATERIAL NOTES:**

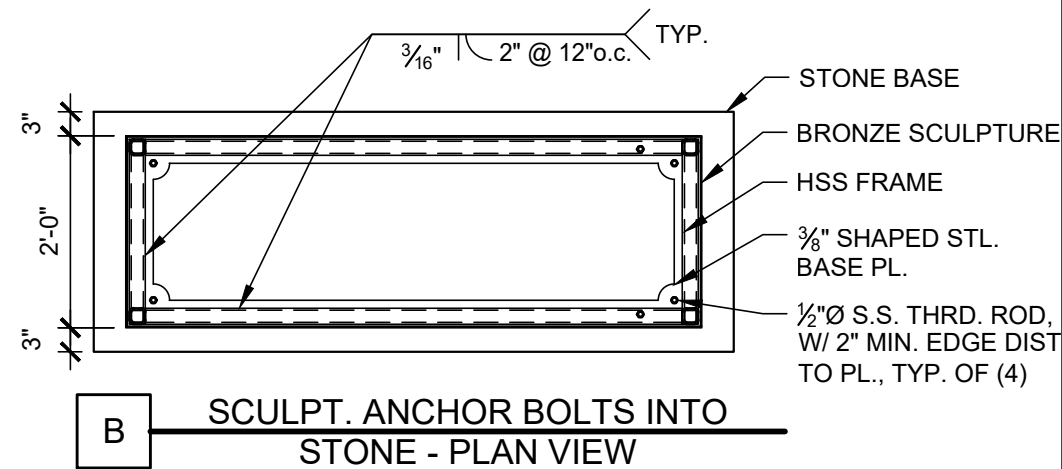
- 1) BRONZE MATERIAL SHALL BE BY EVERDUR, OR EQUAL, WITH MINIMUM YIELD STRENGTH,  $F_y = 24$  KSI.
- 2) STAINLESS STEEL TUBE SHALL BE ASTM A500 Gr. B WITH MINIMUM YIELD STRENGTH,  $F_y = 46$  KSI.
- 3) STAINLESS STEEL THREADED ROD SHALL BE ASTM A193 GR. B8/B8M
- 4) EPOXY SHALL BE SIMPSON SET-3G, OR APPROVED EQUAL.



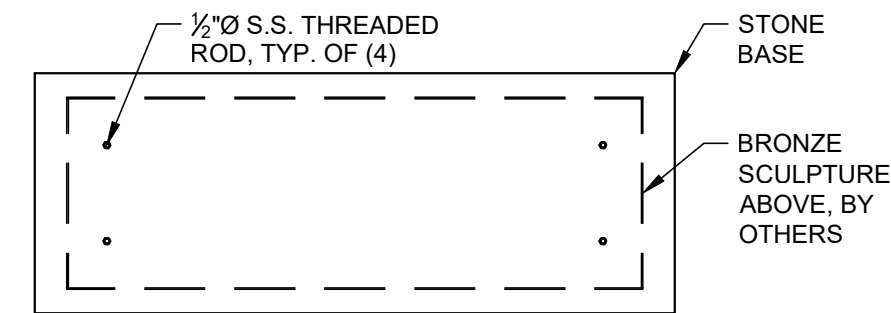
**3**  
S2.2 **ANCHOR AT SHAPED BASE**  
PL & HSS FRAME  $1\ 1/2" = 1'-0"$



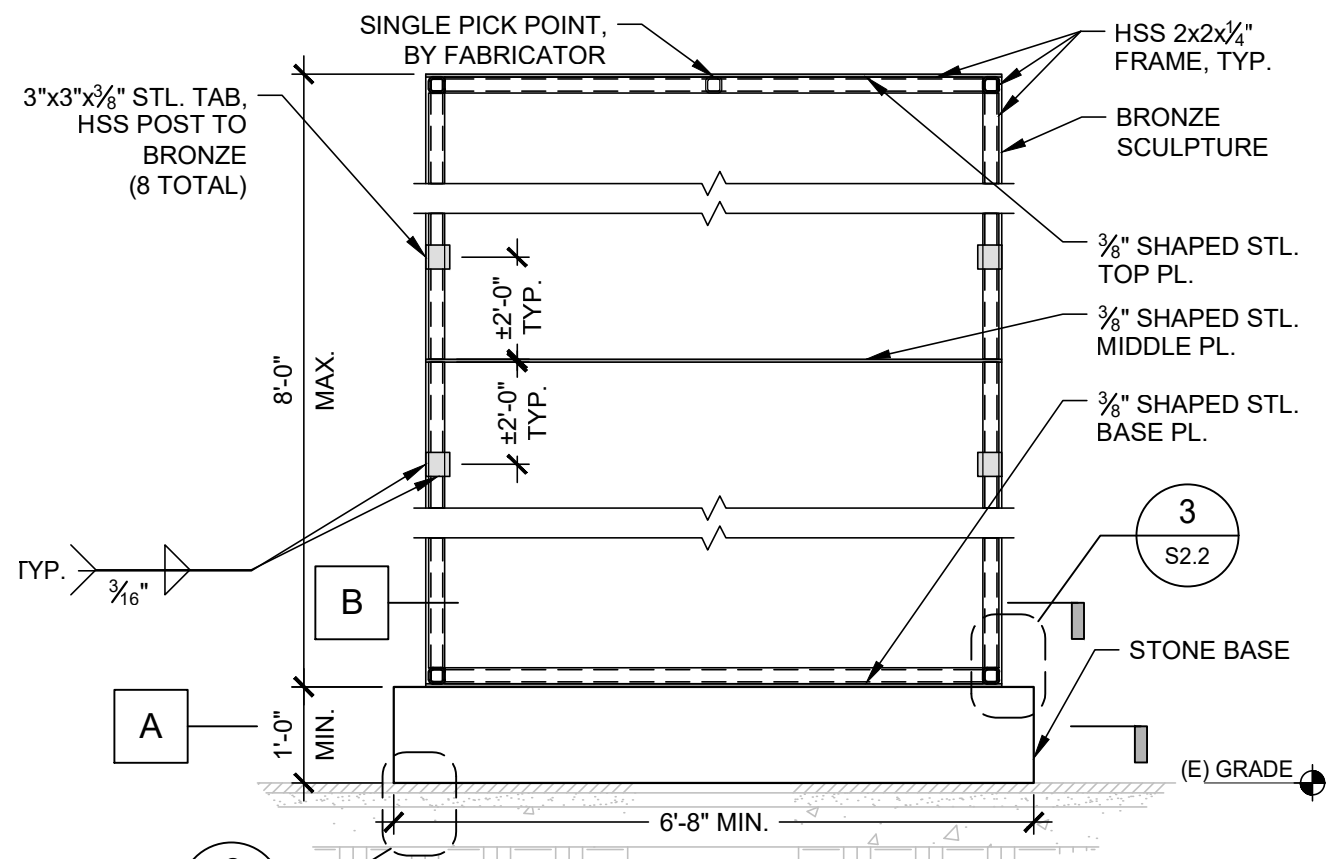
**2**  
S2.2 **ANCHORAGE TO (E) GRADE**  
 $1\ 1/2" = 1'-0"$



**B** **SCULPT. ANCHOR BOLTS INTO**  
STONE - PLAN VIEW



**A** **STONE ANCHOR BOLTS INTO**  
(E) S.O.G. - PLAN VIEW



**1**  
S2.2 **SCULPTURE ELEVATION**  
 $1/2" = 1'-0"$



Plotted: Tuesday, April 12, 2022 12:56:58 PM - By: kelso - Sheet Size: 11x17 - File: X:\2020dwgs\20180\Struct\180S2-2.dwg